Data Visualization (CSCI 490/680)

Focus+Context & Data

Dr. David Koop





Aggregation: Histograms

- Very similar to bar charts

- Often shown without space between (continuity)
- Choice of number of bins
 - Important!
 - Viewers may infer different trends based on the layout

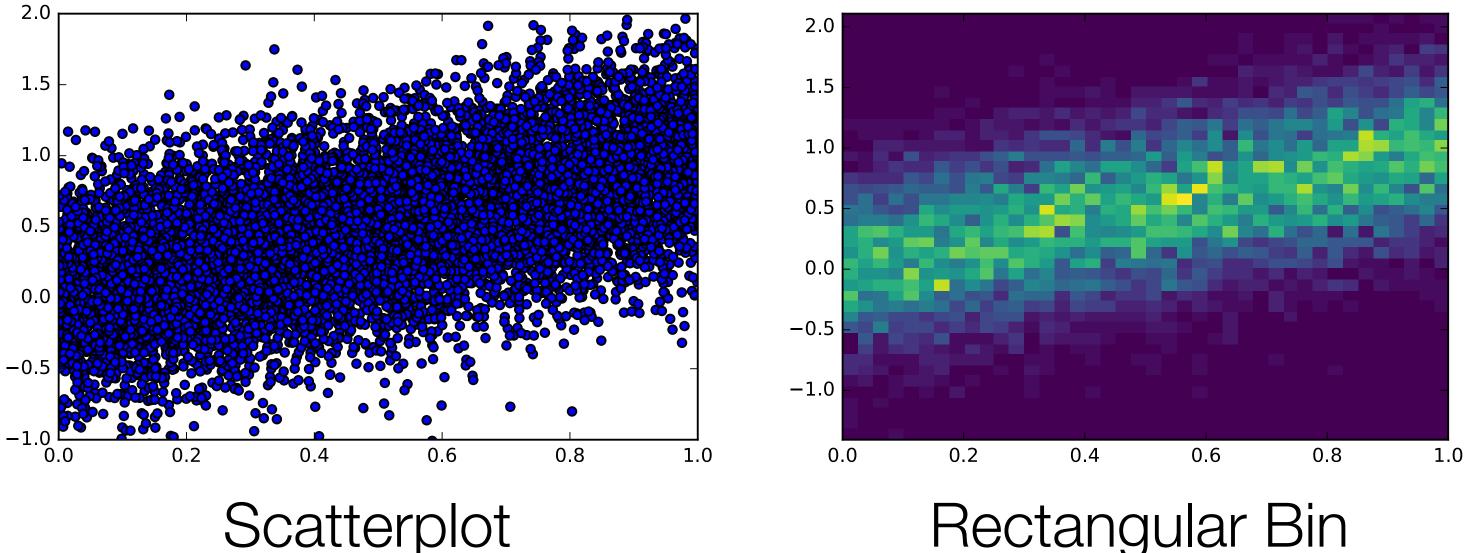






Binning

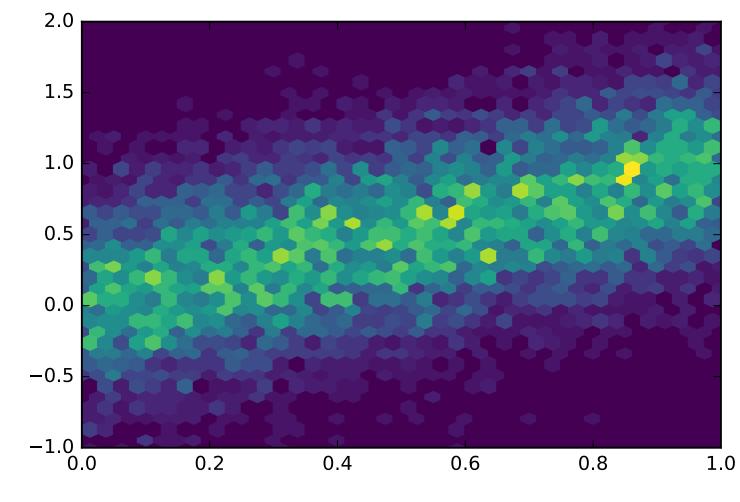
- Hexbin advantages:
 - Bins are more circular so distance to the edge is not as variable
 - More efficient aggregation around the center of the bin



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• 2D Histogram is a histogram in 2D encoded using color instead of height





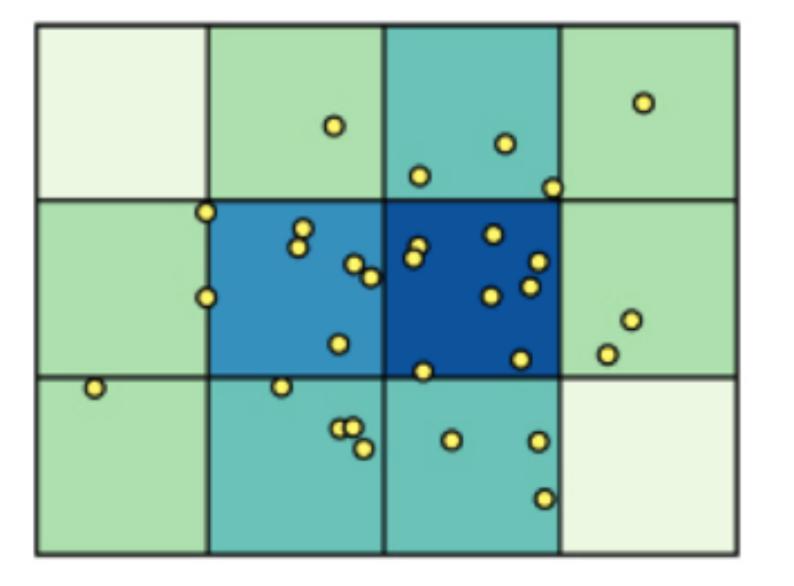
Hexagonal Bin

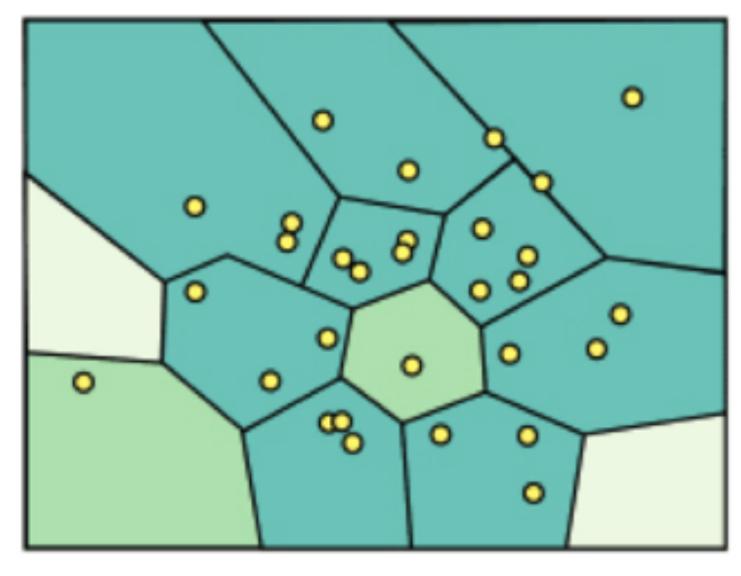




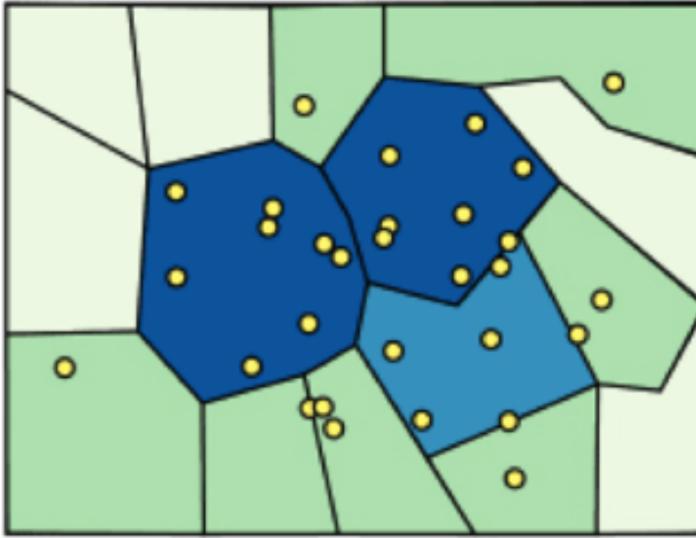
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Modifiable Areal Unit Problem





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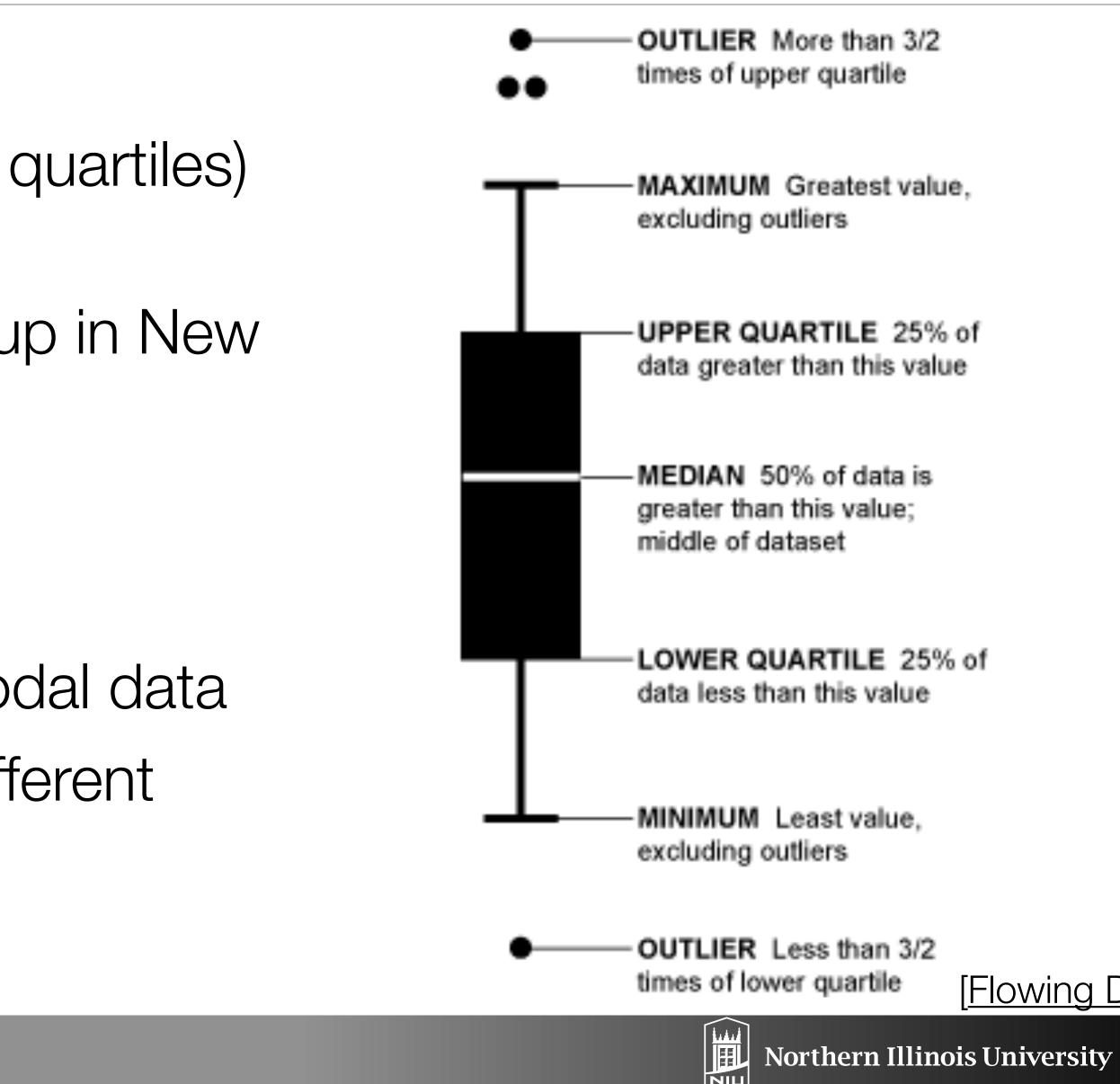
[Penn State, GEOG 486]





Boxplots

- Show **distribution**
- Single value (e.g. mean, max, min, quartiles) doesn't convey everything
- Created by John Tukey who grew up in New Bedford!
- Show spread and skew of data
- Best for **unimodal** data
- Variations like vase plot for multimodal data
- Aggregation here involves many different marks



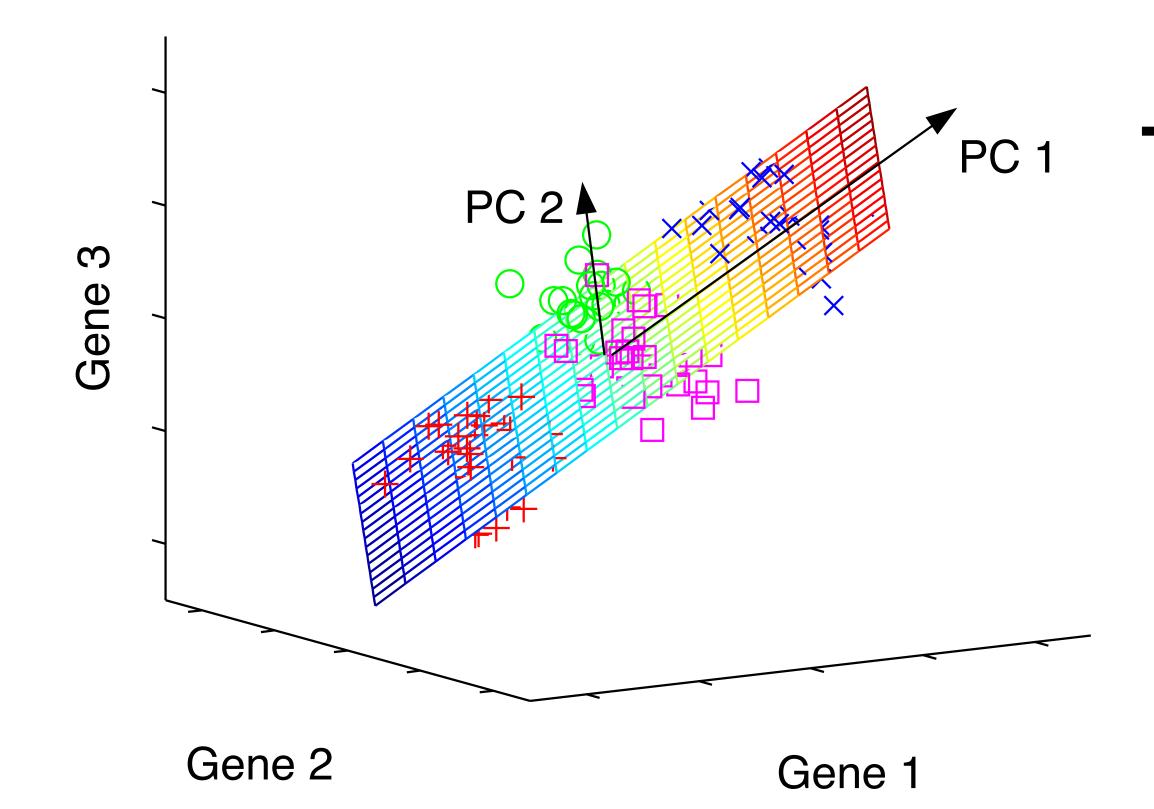




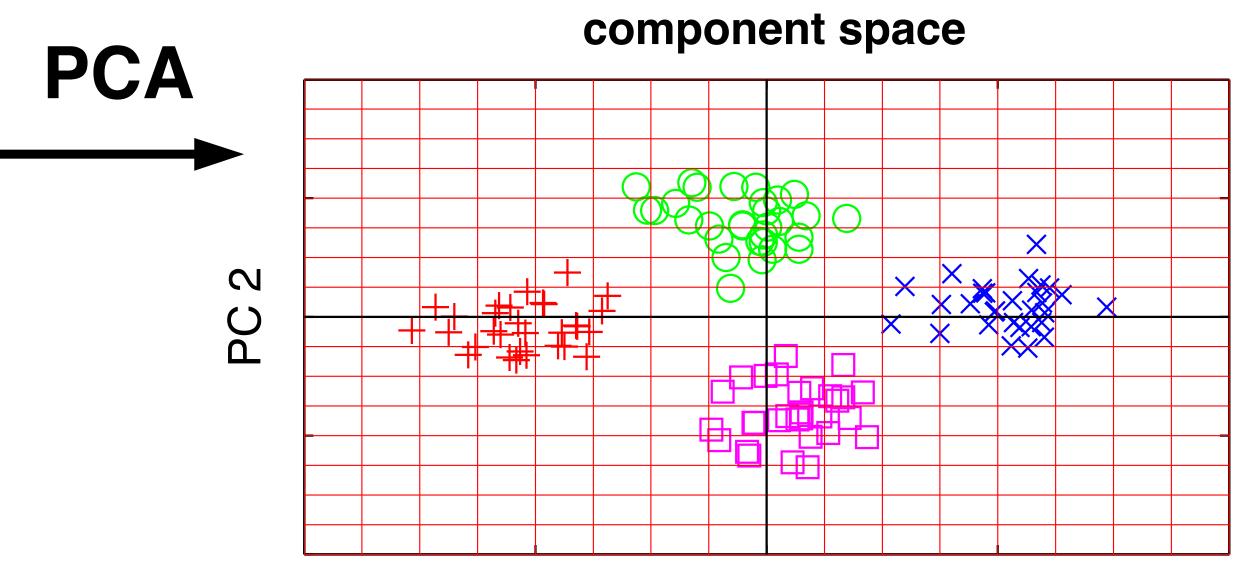


Reducing Attributes: Principle Component Analysis (PCA)

original data space



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PC 1















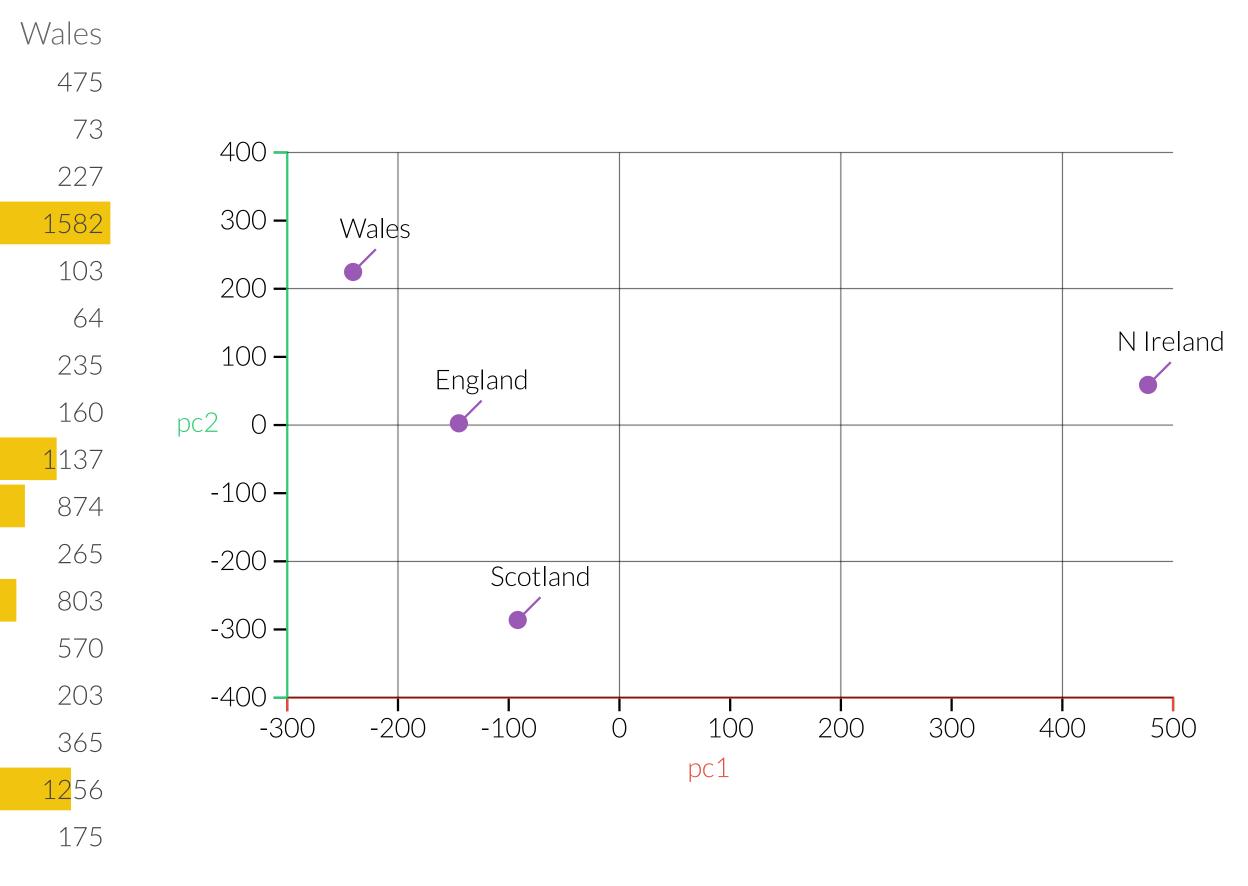


17 dimensions to 2

Alcoholic drinks Beverages Carcase meat Cereals Cheese Confectionery Fats and oils Fish Fresh fruit Fresh potatoes Fresh Veg Other meat Other Veg Processed potatoes Processed Veg Soft drinks Sugars

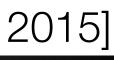
England	N Ireland	Scotland	
375	135	458	
57	47	53	
245	267	242	
1472	1494	1462	
105	66	103	
54	41	62	
193	209	184	
147	93	122	
<mark>1</mark> 102	674	957	
720	1033	566	
253	143	171	
685	586	750	
488	355	418	
198	187	220	
360	334	337	
1374	1506	1572	
156	139	147	

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[Principle Component Analysis Explained, Explained Visually, V. Powell & L. Lehe, 2015]

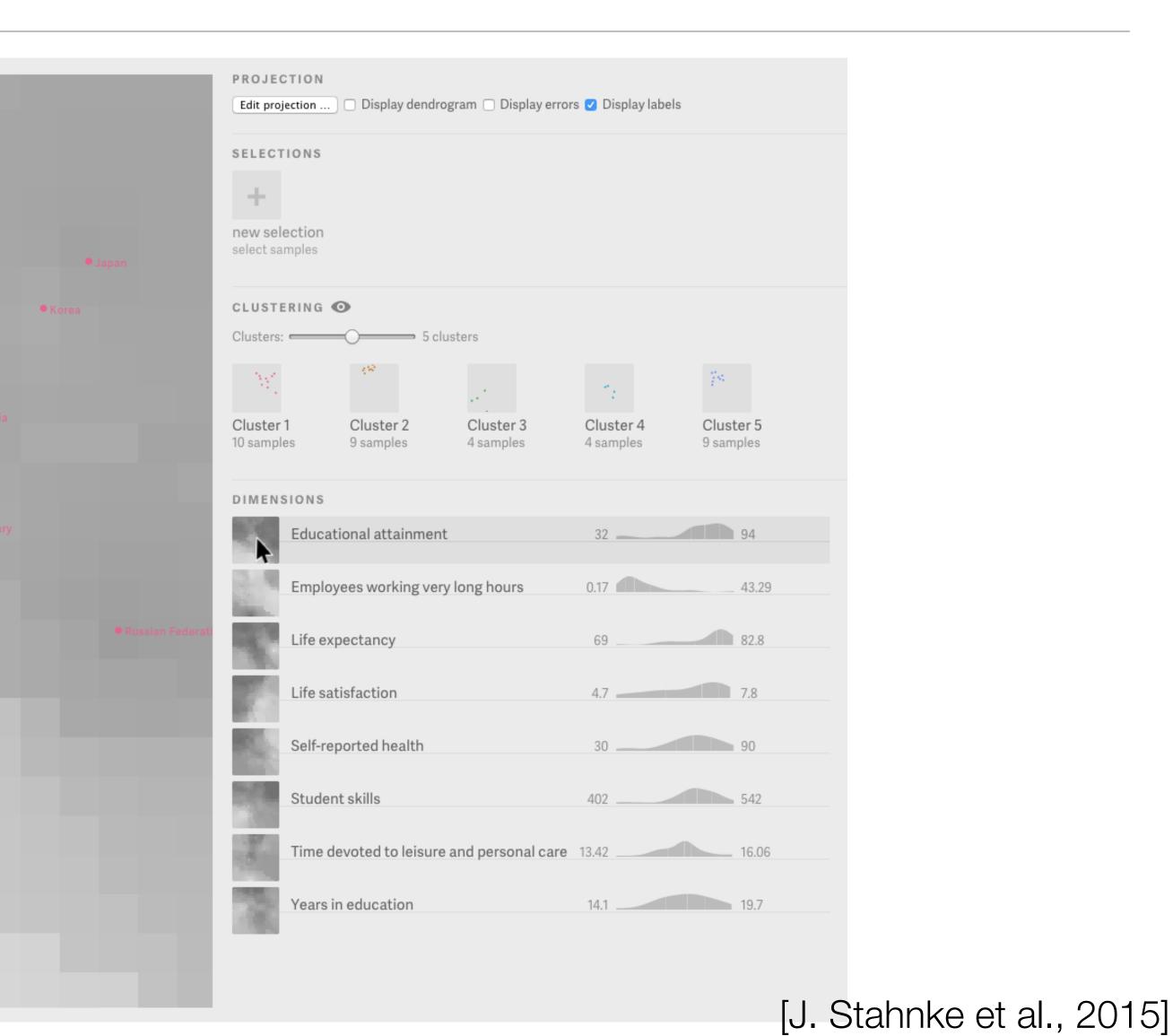




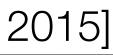
7

Probing Projections

		Denmark	
		• Finland	
• Icelan		herlands	
• Australia	Norway	• Belgium	
Switzerland			
	Zealand		
	a hu hu d		
	• Ireland		
• United States	Austria		
	United Kingdom		
	• Franc		
Luxembourg		Slovak Rep	
	• Spain	• Italy	
	Chile		
	• Chile	• Greece	
		Portugal	
• Brazil			
Mexico			
	• Turkey		



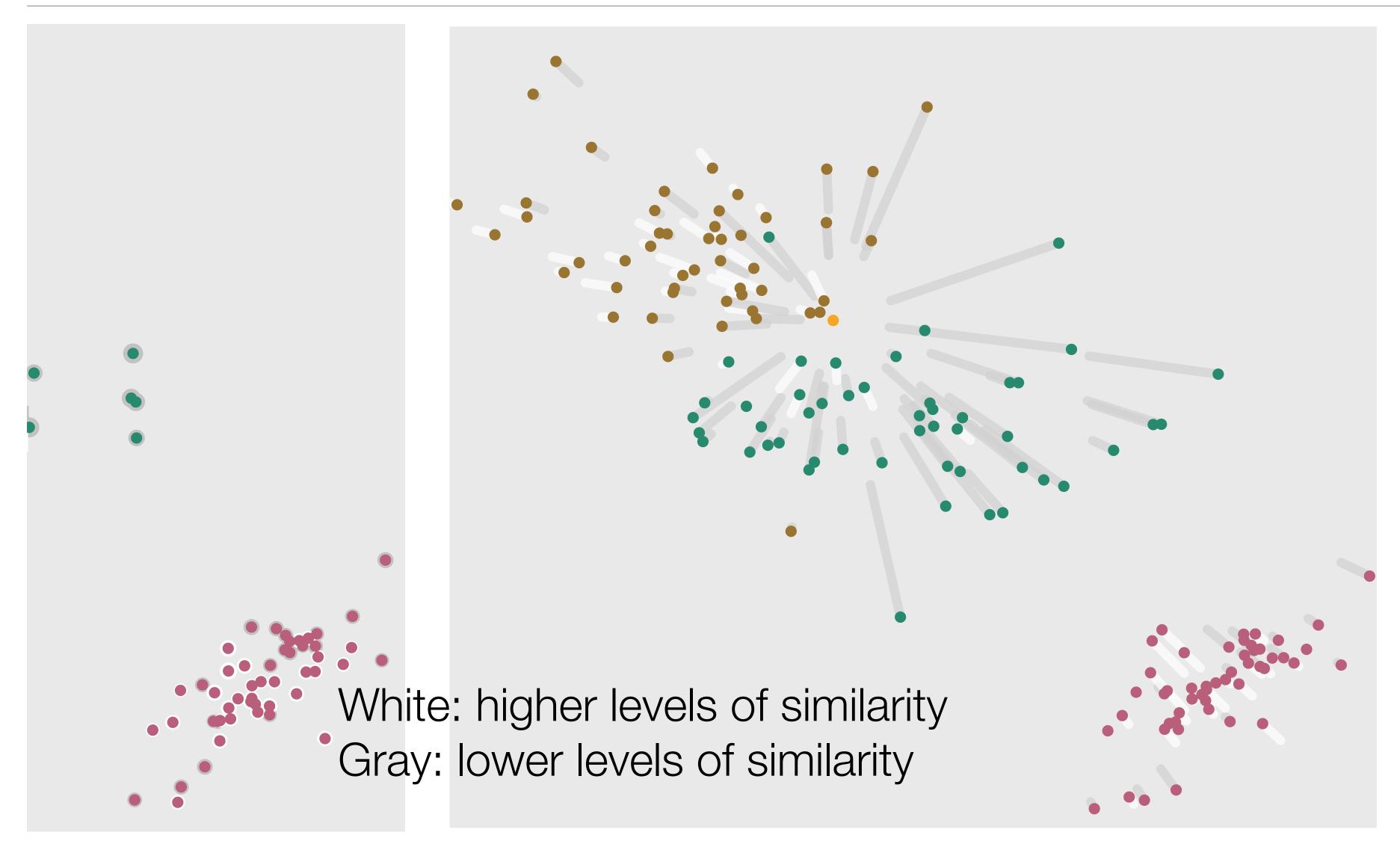








Showing Projection Errors



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Project Design

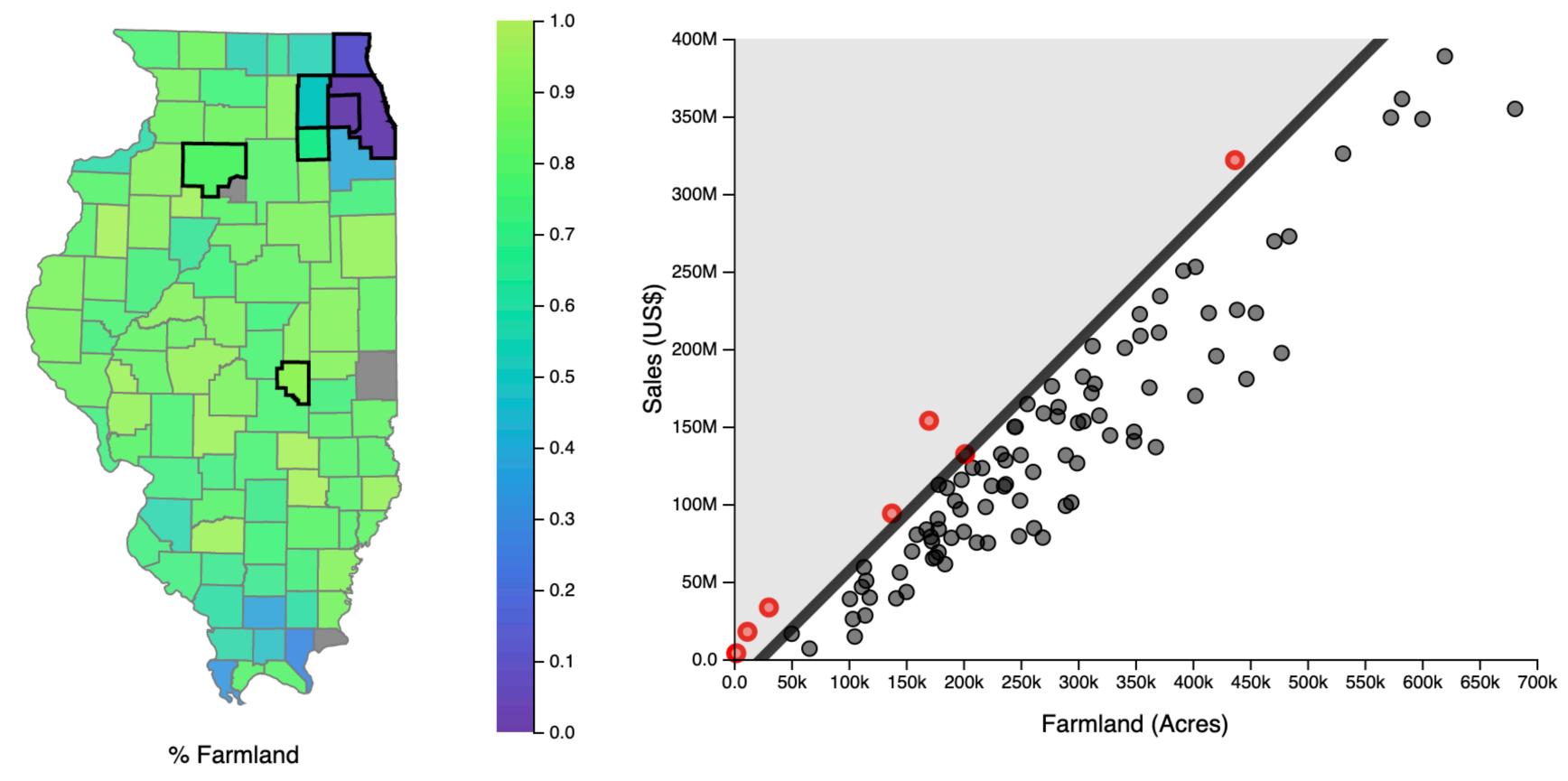
- Work on turning your visualization ideas into designs
- Turn in:
 - Three Designs Sketches
 - Progress on Implementation
- Options:
 - Try vastly different options
 - Refine an initial idea
- Due Monday, Nov. 11





<u>Assignment 5</u>

- Multiple Views and Interaction using Linked Highlighting
- Due November 22





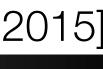


User Study & Results

- Types of Questions:
 - How would you try to characterize the type X?
 - In what way are X and Y different in their properties?
 - Are the projections of X and Y correct or do they deviate? How do you interpret this?
 - Can you discover which parts of the cluster combinations are A, B, and C?
- Discussion:
 - Learnability: need more effective mechanisms for grasping the concepts behind dimensionality reduction
 - Manipulation: What happens with results?
 - Large data: What about text corpora?

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Focus+Context

- Show everything at once but compress regions that are not the current focus - User shouldn't lose sight of the overall picture

 - May involve some aggregation in non-focused regions
 - "Nonliteral navigation" like semantic zooming
- Elision
- Superimposition: more directly tied than with layers
- Distortion







Focus+Content Overview

Embed

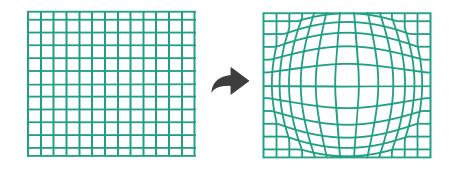
→ Elide Data



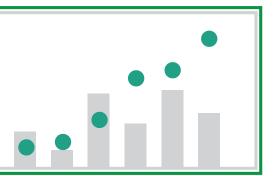
→ Superimpose Layer

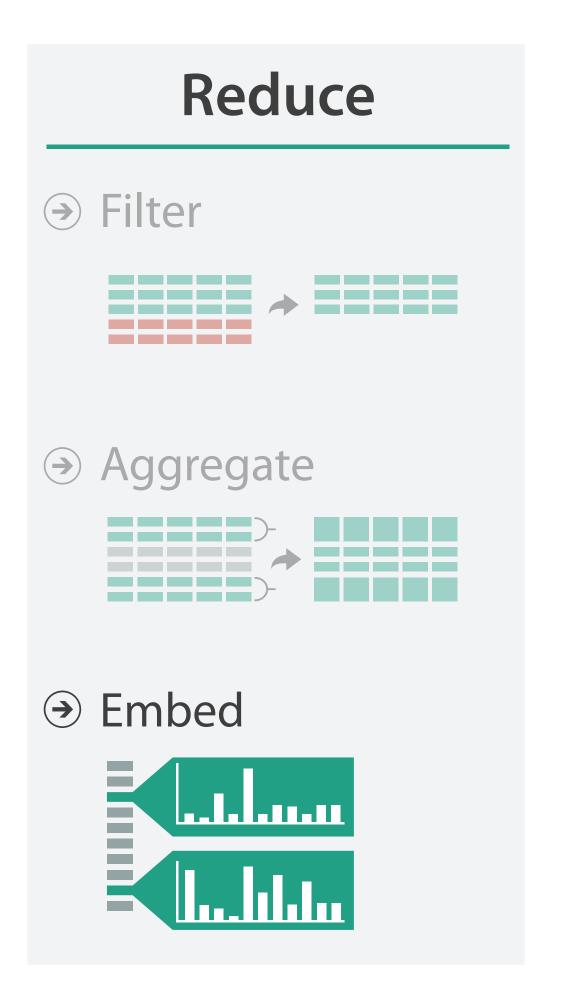


→ Distort Geometry



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[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]



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Elision

- data
- In visualization, usually correlated with focus regions

• There are a number of examples of elision including in text, DOITrees, ... Includes both filtering and aggregation but goal is to give overall view of the





Degree of Interest Function

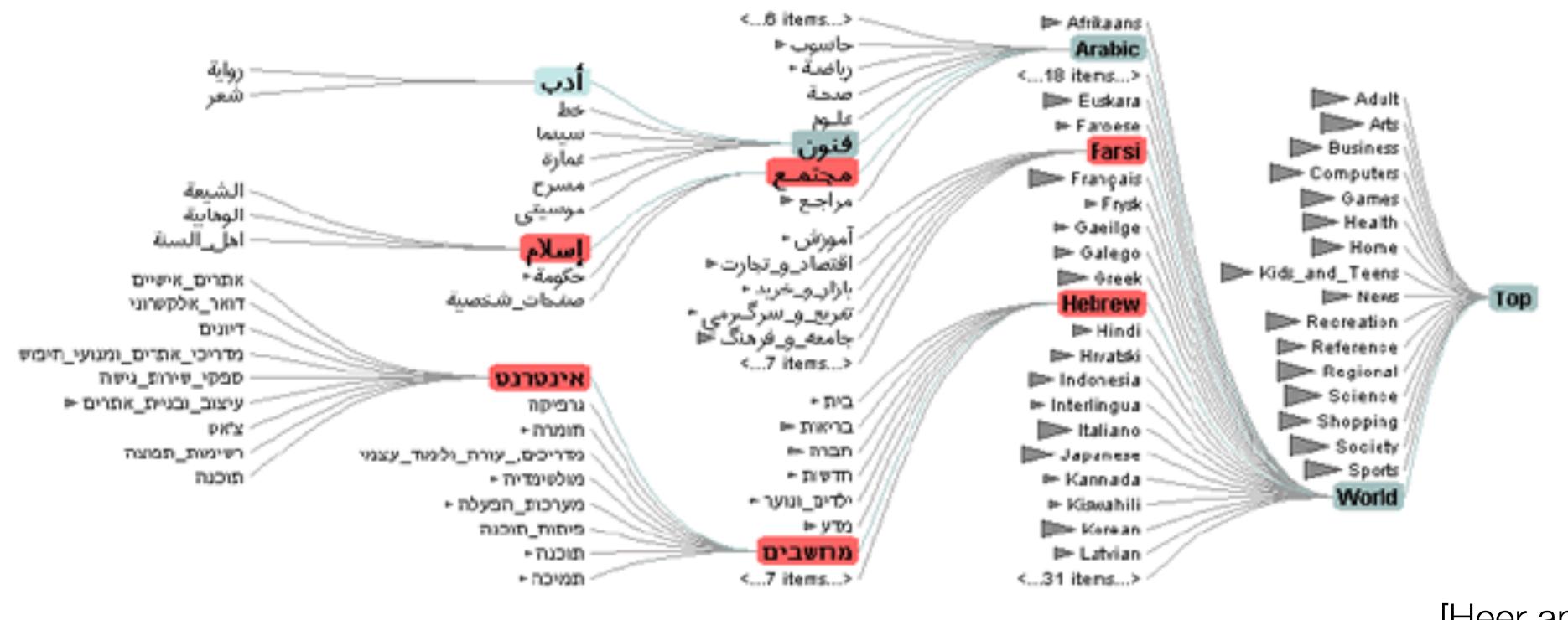
- DOI = I(x) D(x,y)
 - I: interest function
 - D: distance (semantic or spatial)
 - x: location of item
 - y: current focus point (could be more than one)
- Interactive: y changes





Elision: DOITrees

- Example: 600,000 node tree
 - Multiple foci (from search results or via user selection)
 - Distance computed topologically (levels, not geometric)













Superimposition

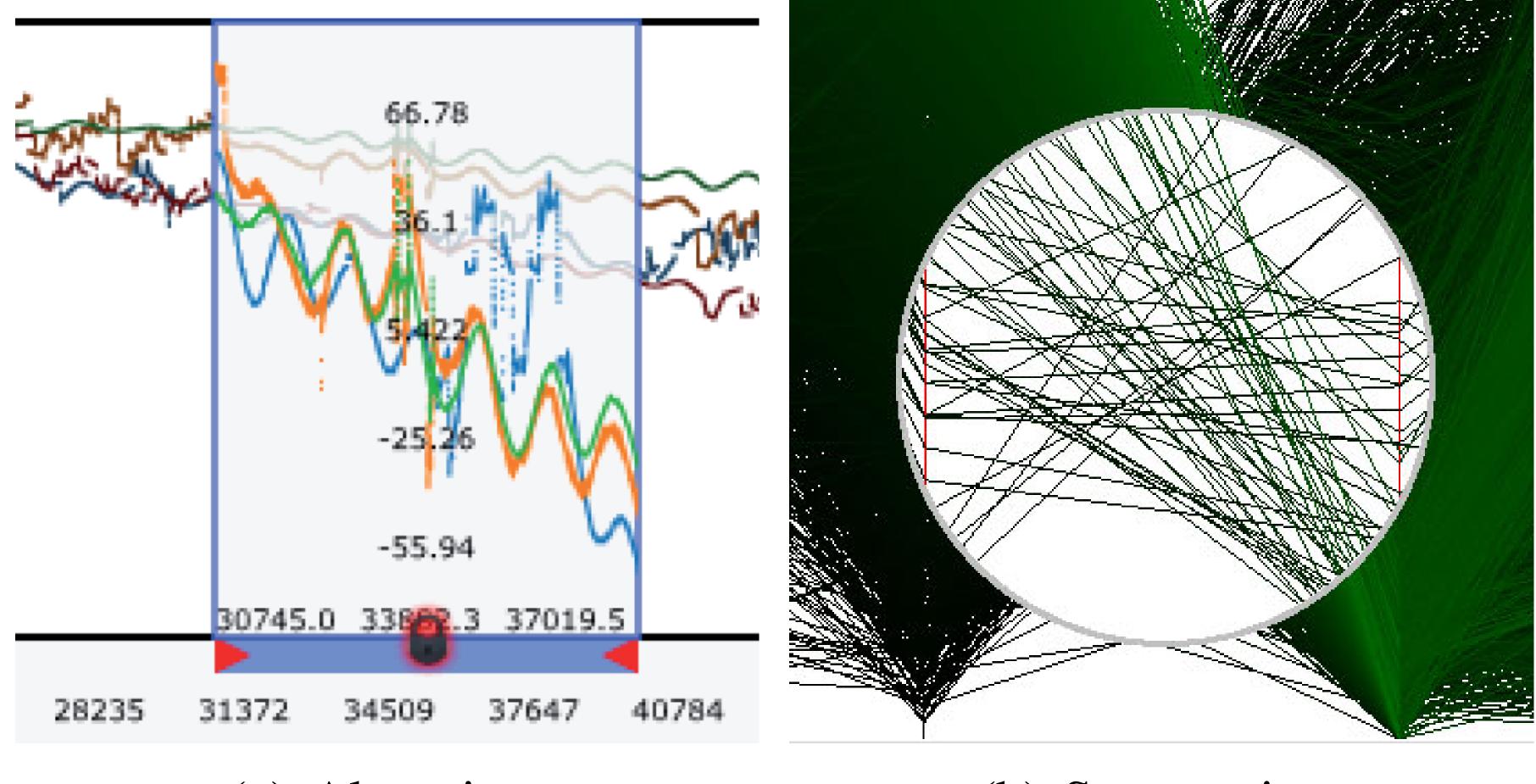
- Different from layers because this is restricted to a particular region
 - For Focus+Context, superimposition is not global
 - More like overloading
- Lens may occlude the layer below

s restricted to a particular region on is **not global**





Superimposition with Interactive Lenses



(a) Alteration

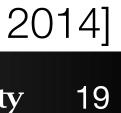
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(b) Suppression

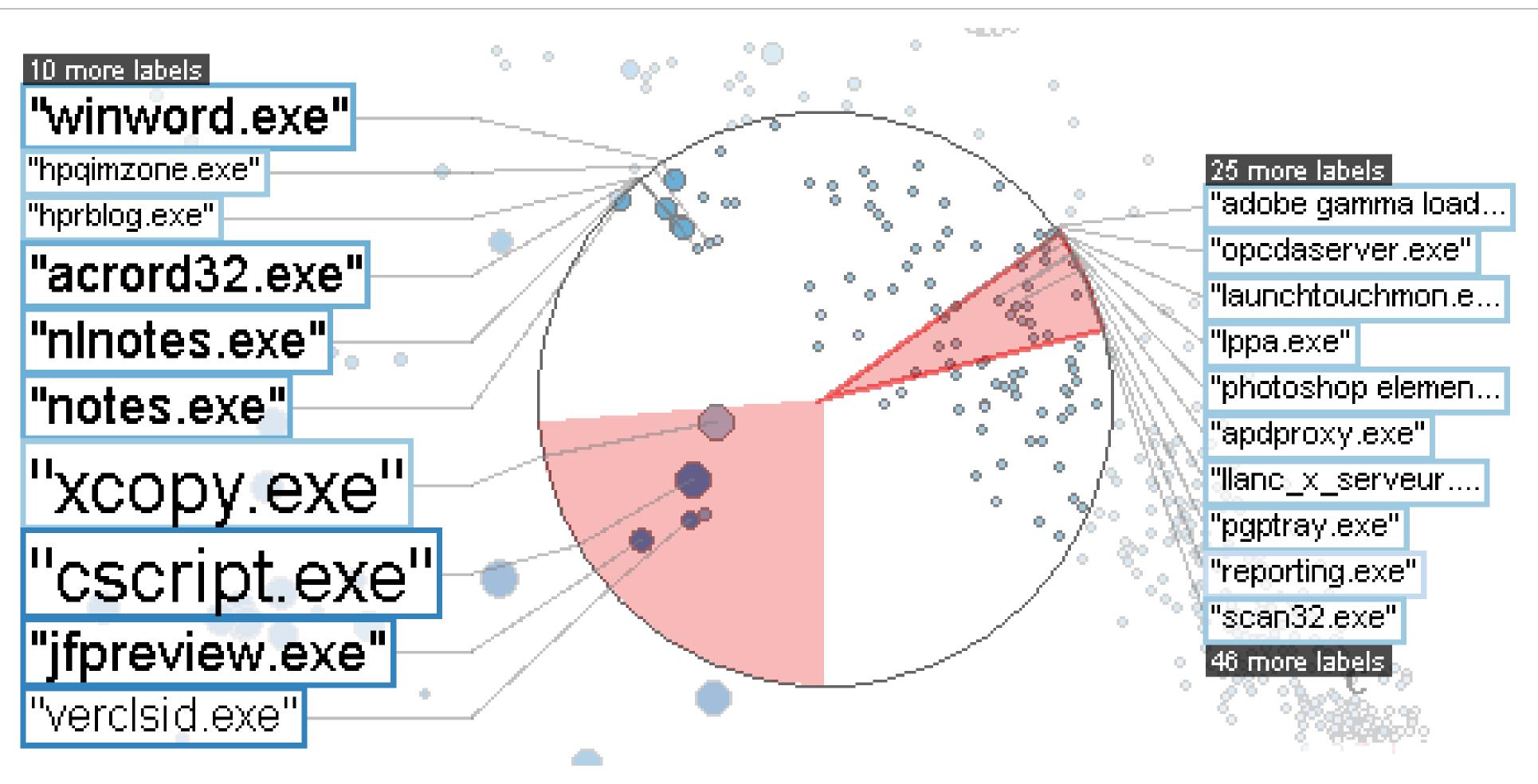
[ChronoLenses and Sampling Lens in Tominski et al., 2014]



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Superimposition with Interactive

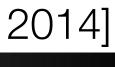


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Enrichment

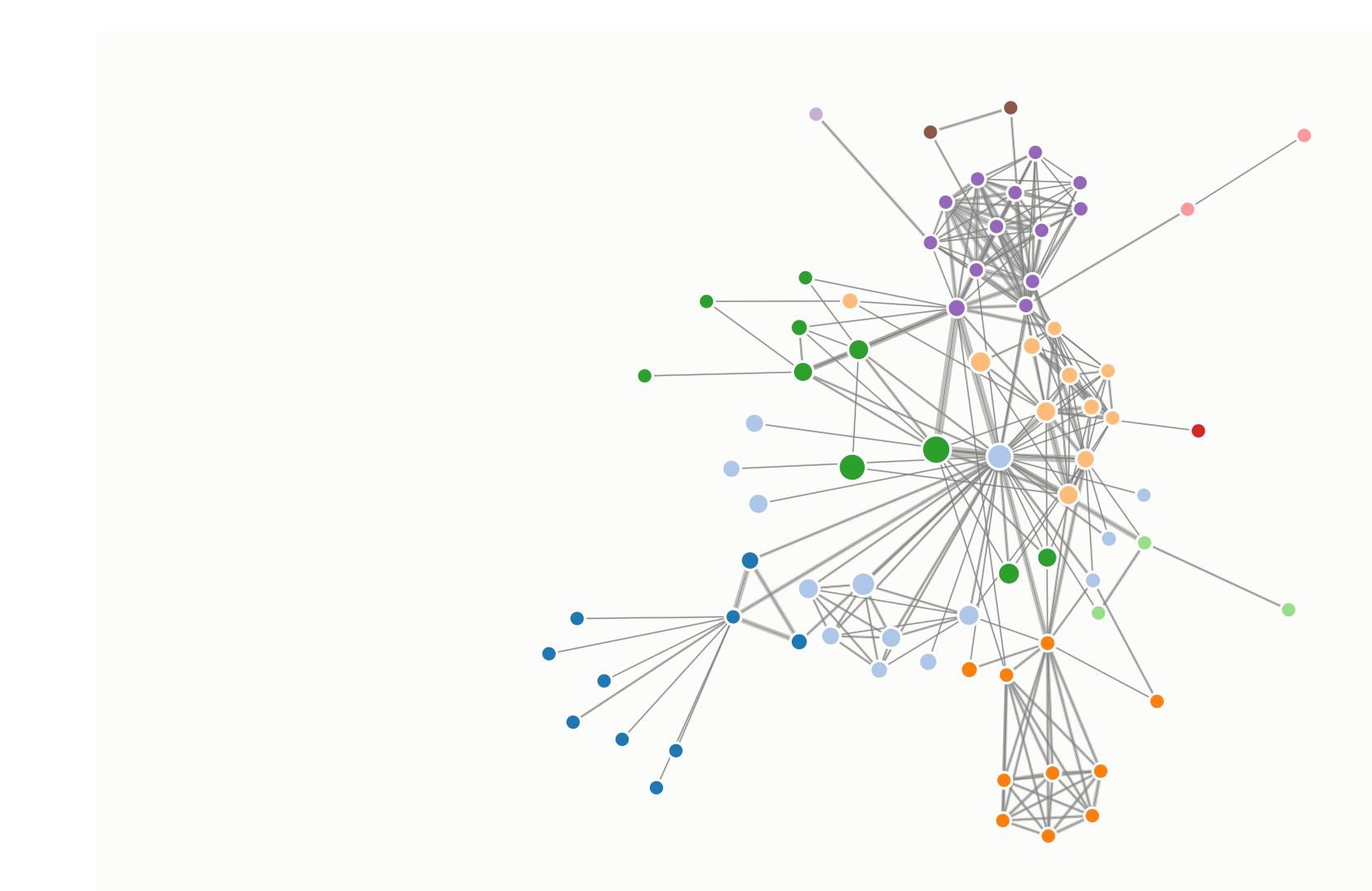
[Extended Lens in Tominski et al., 2014]







Distortion













Distortion Choices

- How many focus regions? One or Multiple
- Shape of the focus?
 - Radial
 - Rectangular
 - Other
- Extent of the focus
 - Constrained similar to magic lenses
 - Entire view changes
- Type of interaction: Geometric, moveable lenses, rubber sheet

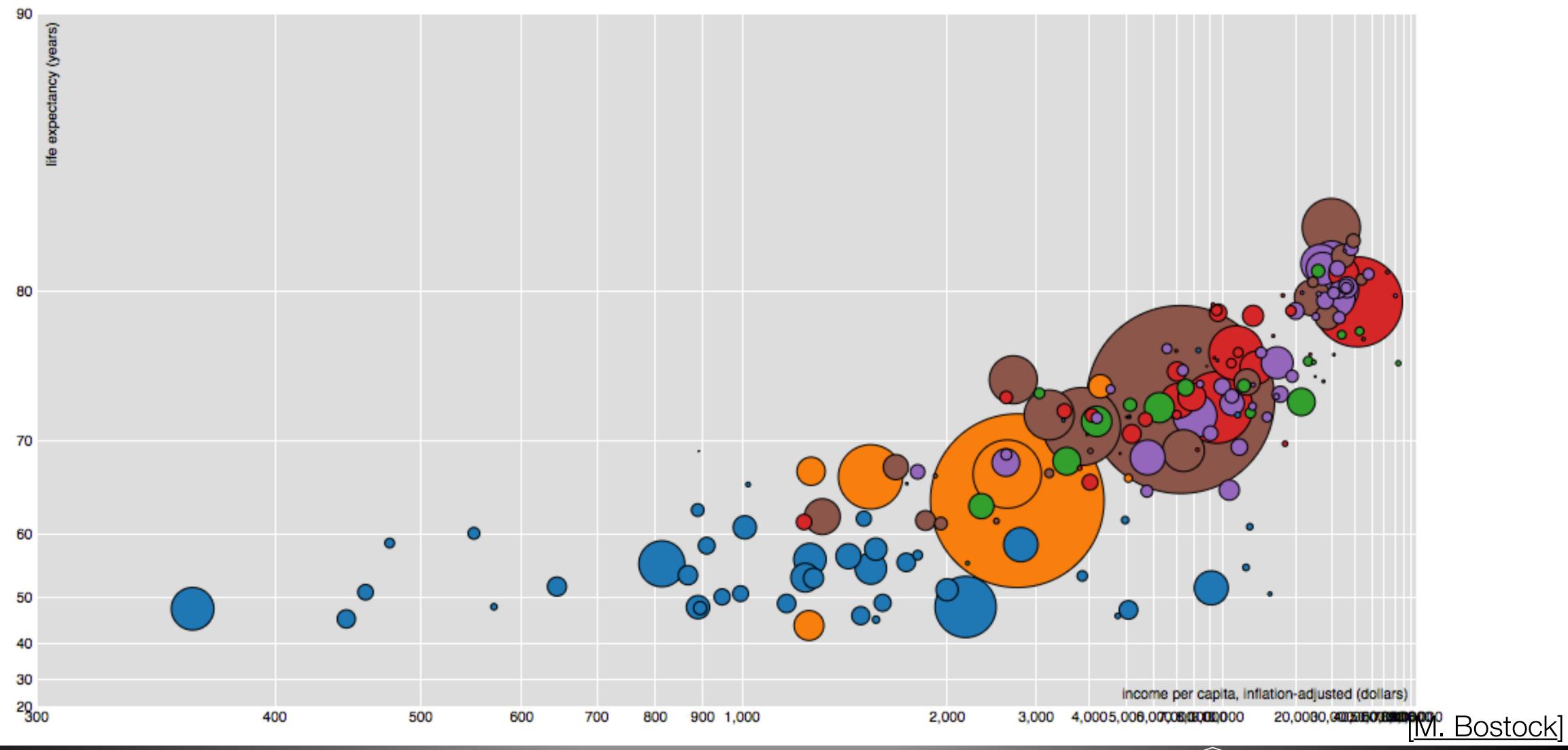








Overplotting



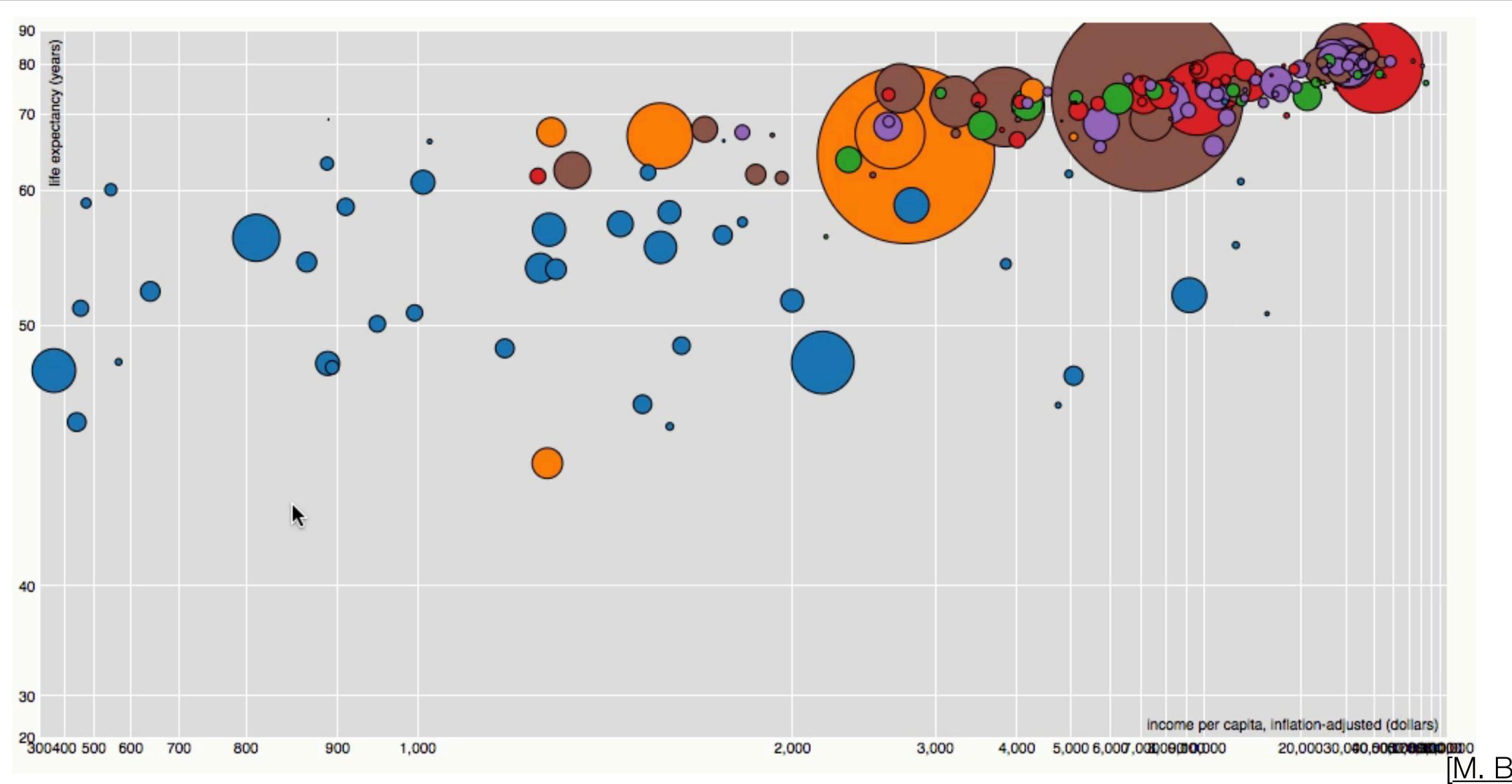








Cartesian Distortion



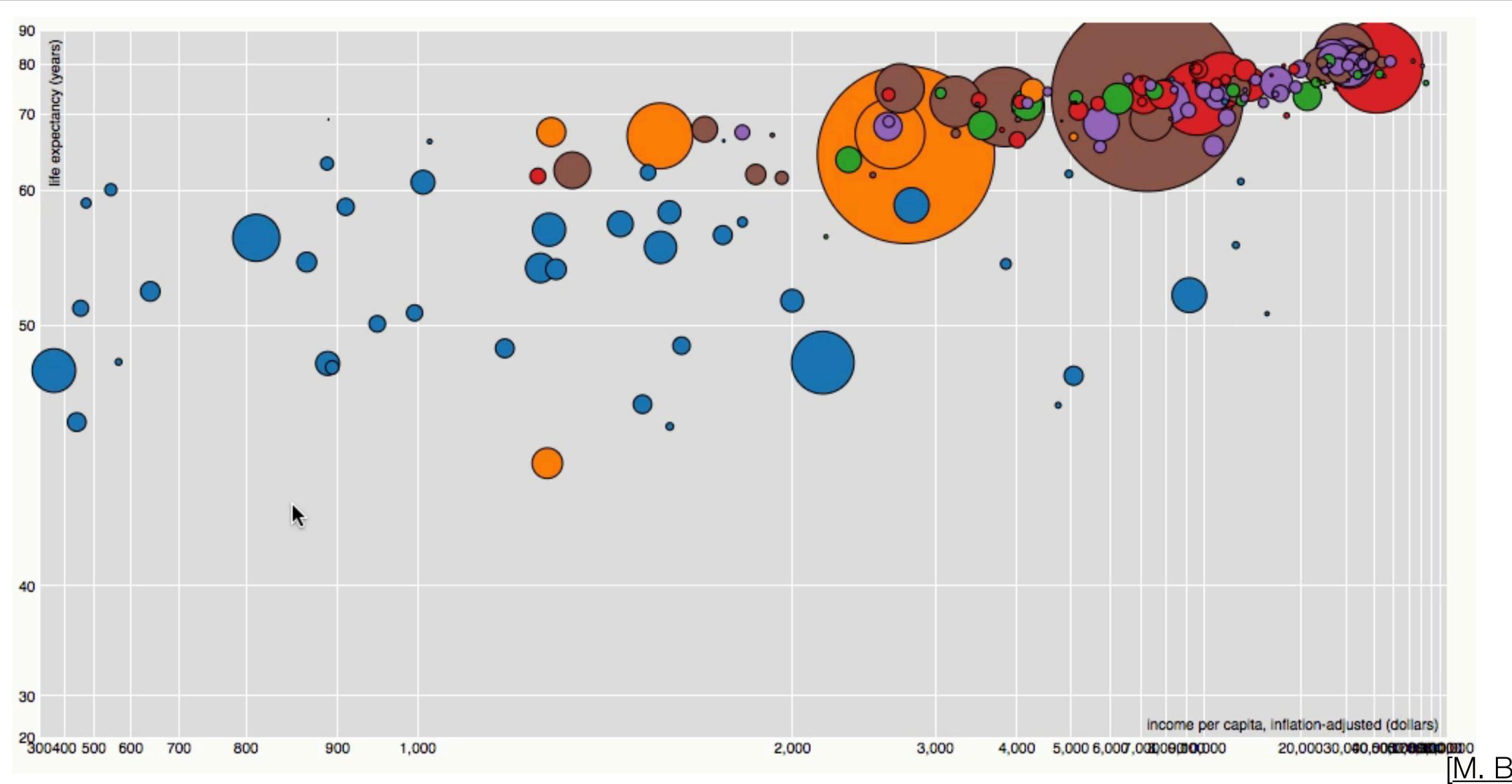








Cartesian Distortion





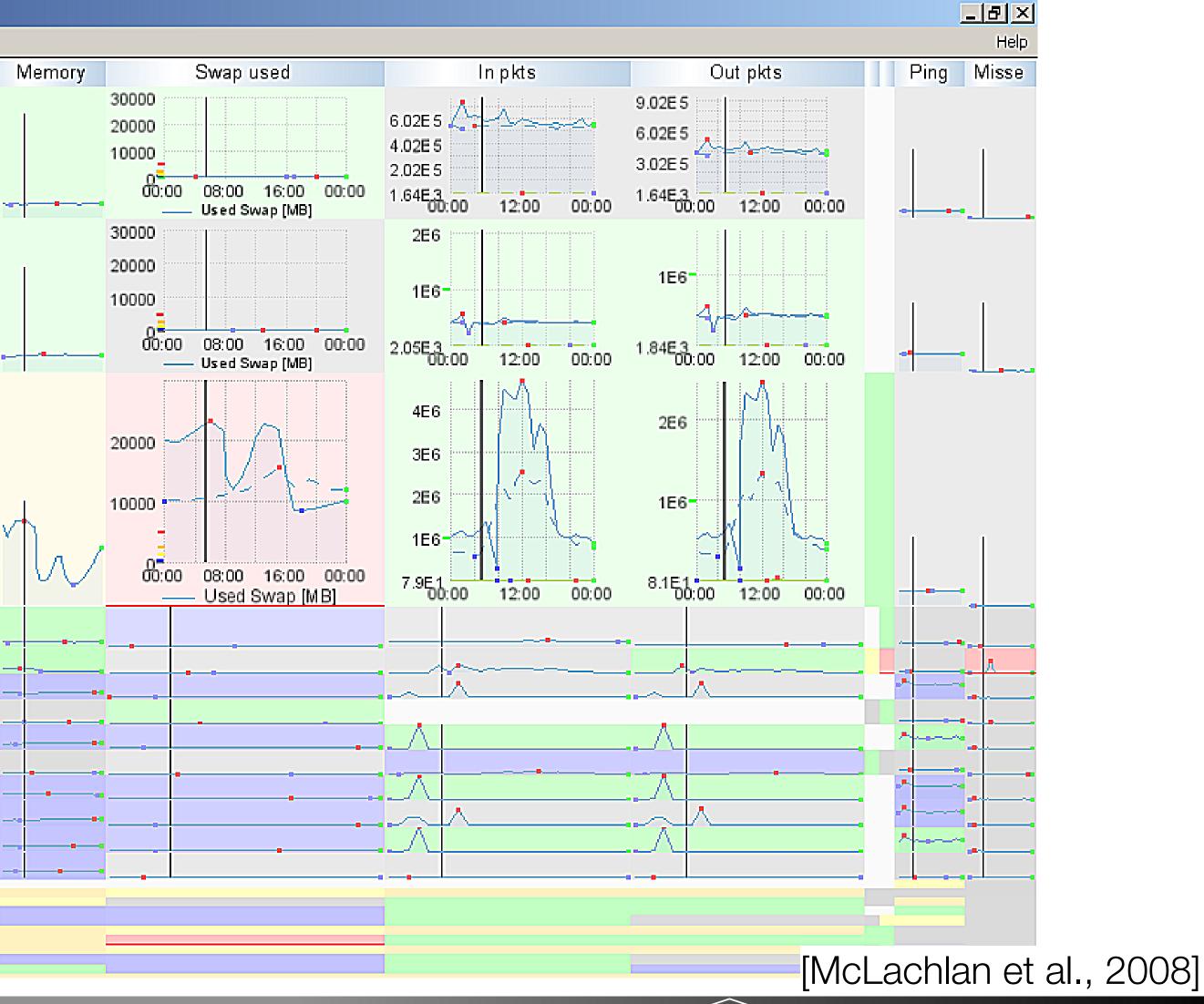






Stretch and Squish Navigation

🚣 LiveRAC			
File Edit Focus Groups Arrange S	Screen shot Reports		
Manual	CPU used (Totals)	Load	# Procs
swamp	80 40 40 00:00 04:00 08:00 12:00 16:00 20:00 00:00 — CPU Used (All) [%] — CPU User (All) [%]		•
sobriety	90- 60- 30- 30- 00:00 04:00 08:00 12:00 16:00 20:00 00:00 — CPU Used (All) [%] — CPU User (All) [%]		
spire	100 80 60 40 20 00:00 04:00 08:00 12:00 16:00 20:00 00:00 — CPU Used (All) [%] — CPU User (All) [%] — CPU JSystem (All) [%]		
joint			
tang haversack puzzle blowout port mortality tier potpourri liberty			











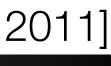
Fisheye Distortion in Programming

Ł	FastDate	Format.java 🗙 🔪
	-	olic class FastDateFormat extends
	14aa Iii	rente syntrestent sette predestanting primer at the set of the syntre, and a state of the set of th
	571	protected List parsePattern() {
	576	<pre>String[] ERAs - symbols.getEras(); String[] months - symbols.getMonths();</pre>
	577	String[] shortMonths = symbols.getShortMonth
	585	<pre>for (int i = 0; i < length;</pre>
	590	int tokenLen = token.len
	595 596	Rule rule; char c = token.charAt(0);
	597	Char C - COXEN, CharAc (U),
	598	switch (c) {
	599	case 'G': // era designa
	600	rule = new TextField
	601	break;
	602	case 'y': // year (numbe
	603	if (tokenLen >= 4)
	604	rule = selectNur
	605	} else {
	606	rule = TwoDigit
	607	}
	608	break;
	609	case 'M': // month in ye
	610	if (tokenLen >= 4)
	611	rule = new Text
	612	<pre>} else if (tokenLen</pre>
	613	rule = new Text
	614	} else if (tokenLen
	620	case 'd': // day in mont
	623	case 'h': // hour in am,
	626	<pre>case 'H': // hour in day case 'm': // minute in hour</pre>
	632	case 's': // second in minu
	635	case 'S': // millisecond (number)
	638 841	case 'D': // day in week (text) case 'D': // day in year (number)
	547 547	same 'T': // day of wood in small (maximu) same 'o': // wook in your (maximu) T': // wook in your (maximu)
	760	protected NumberRule selectNumber
	<	







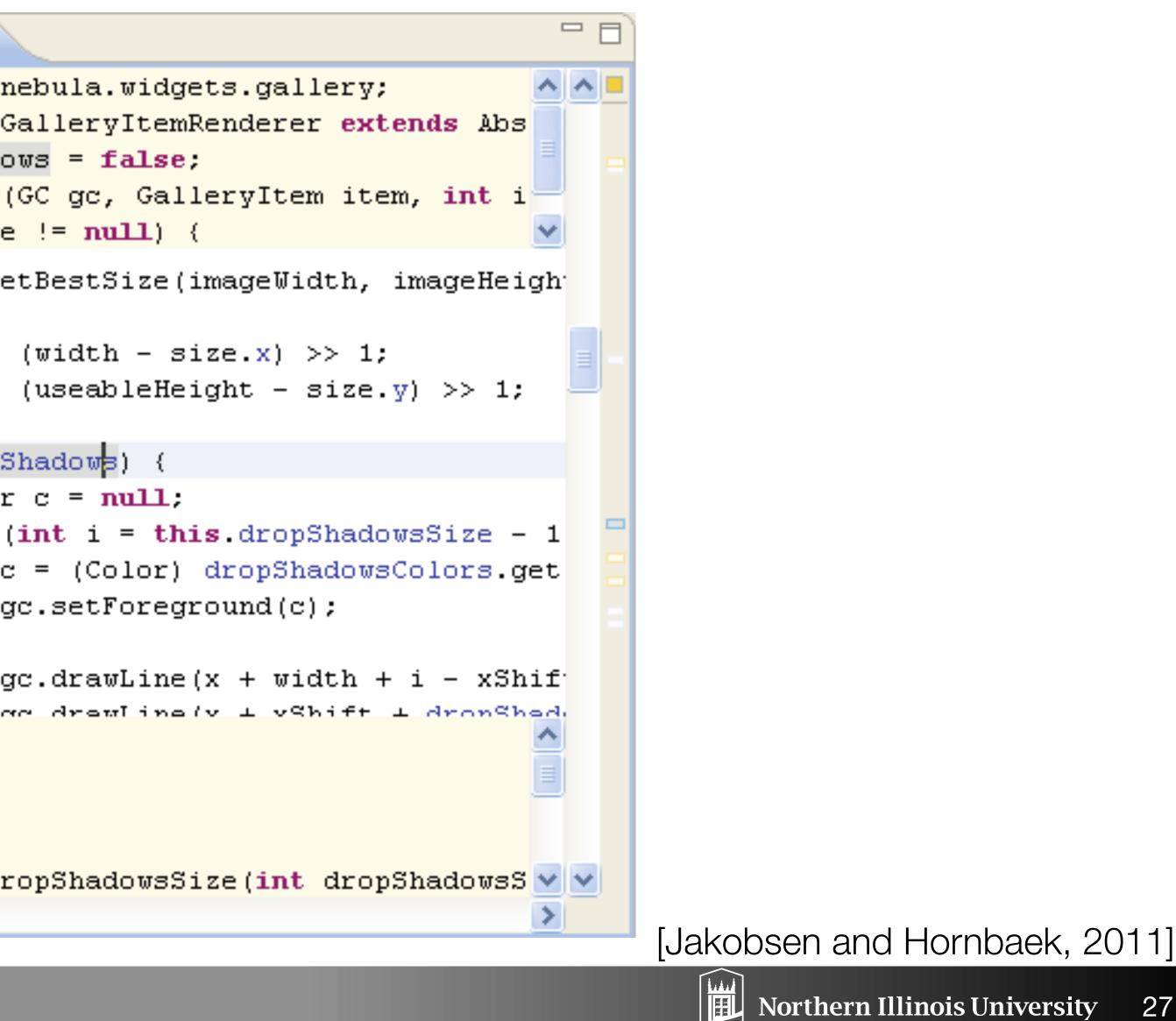




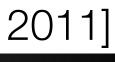
Distortion vs. Hide

-	
🕖 Def	aultGalleryItemRenderer.java 🔀
12	<pre>package org.eclipse.n</pre>
37	public class DefaultG
41	boolean dropShado
<mark>~</mark> 78	public void draw(
95	if (itemImage
100	size = ge
101	-
102	xShift =
103	yShift =
104	
105	if (dropS
106	Color
107	for (
108	c
109	g
110	
111	-
112	}
114	
115	r -
152	}
154	public void setDr
	<

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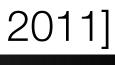


Research Questions

- Is a priori importance useful (and for what)?
- What does the user focus on?
 - predictability of view changes when focus changes
 - how direct user control is
 - task & context
- What interesting information should be displayed
 - degree of interest function may produce varied result sizes
- Do fisheye views integrate or disintegrate?
 - interference with other interactions; allow on-demand use?
- Are fisheye views suitable for large displays?











Distortion Concerns

- Distance and length judgments are **harder**
 - Example: Mac OS X Dock with Magnification
 - Spatial position of items changes as the focus changes
- Node-link diagrams not an issue... why?
- Users have to be made aware of distortion
 - Back to scatterplot with distortion example
 - Lenses or shading give clues to users
- Object constancy: understanding when two views show the same object
 - What happens under distortion?
- 3D Perspective is distortion... but we are well-trained for that Think about what is being shown (filtering) and method (fisheye)









H3 Layout

Large Graph Exploration with H3Viewer and Site Manager

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(Demo)











H3 Layout

Large Graph Exploration with H3Viewer and Site Manager

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(Demo)



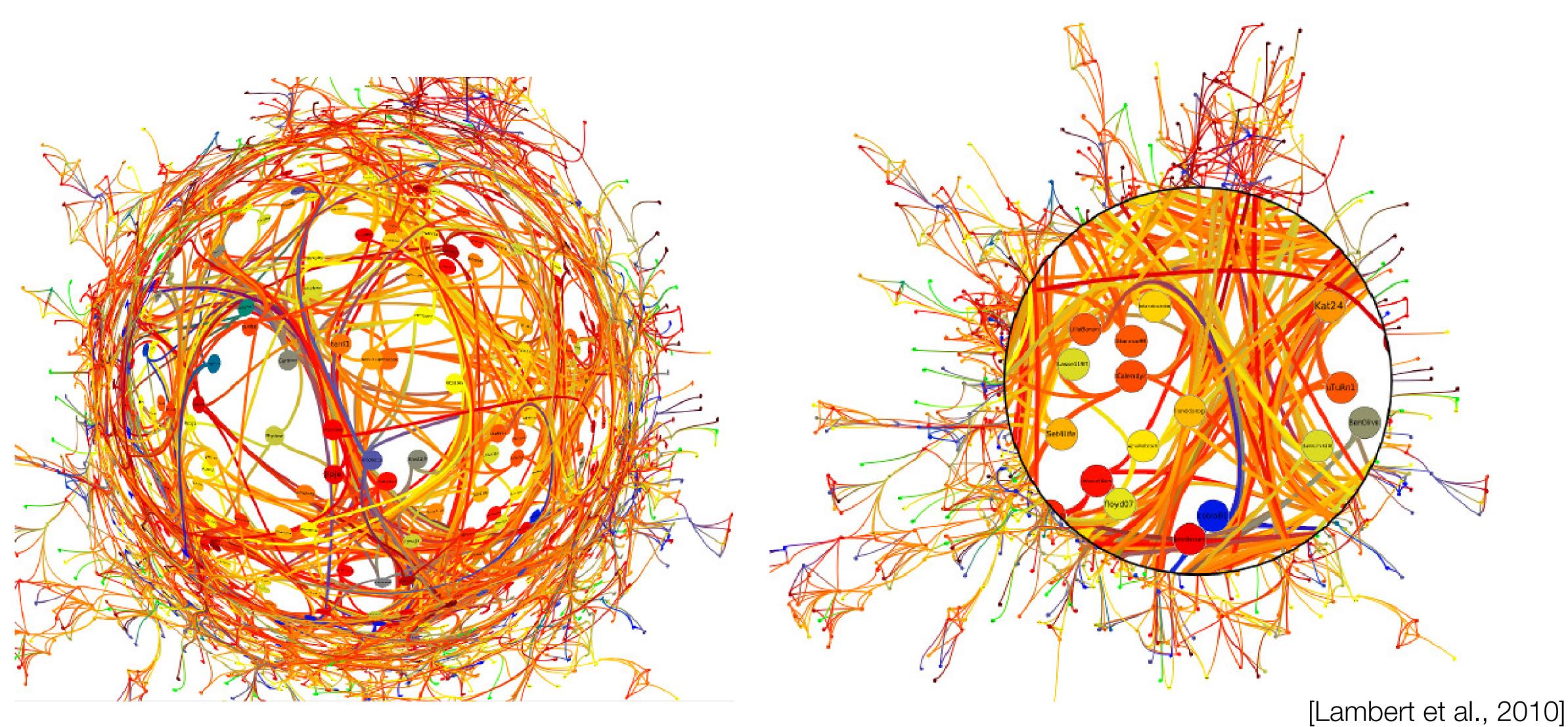








Focus+Context in Network Exploration

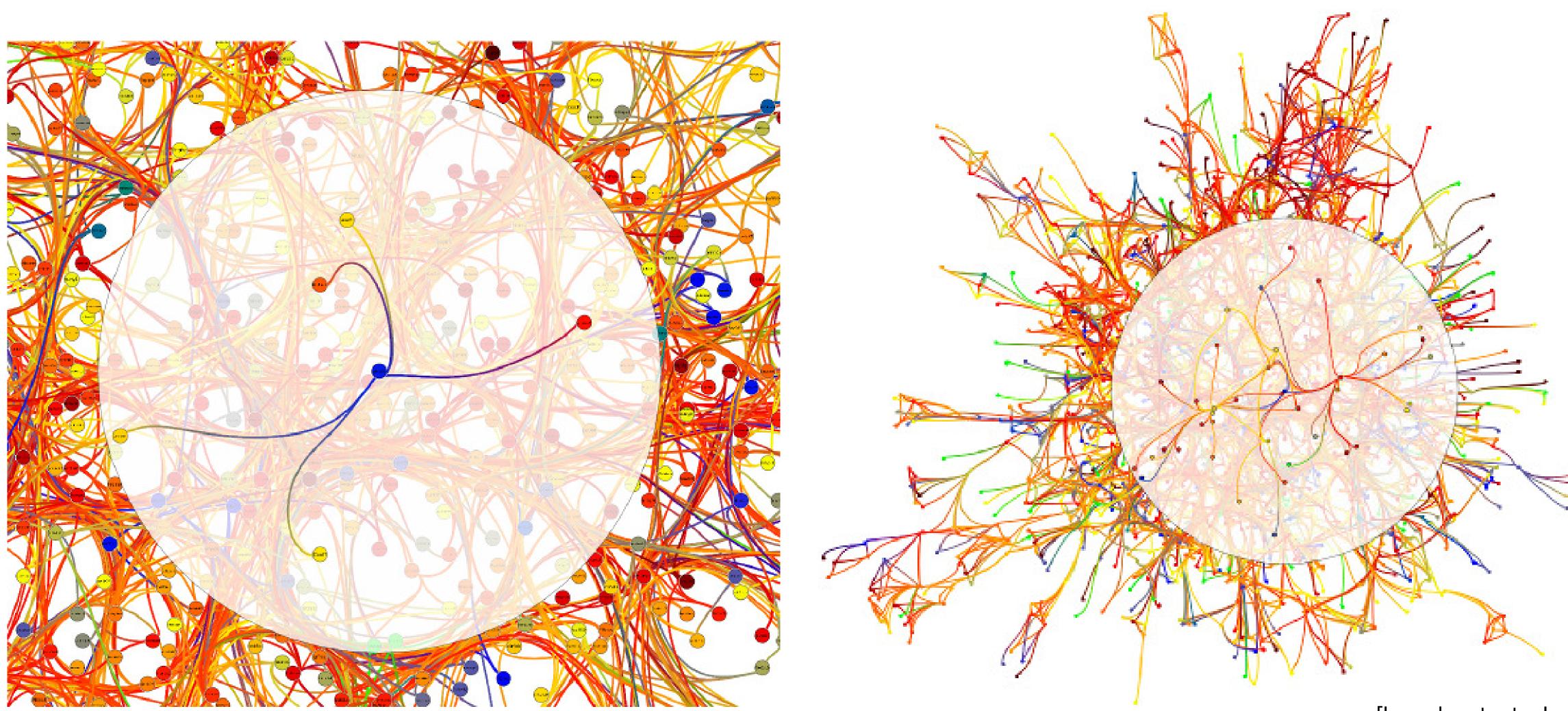








Focus+Context in Network Exploration





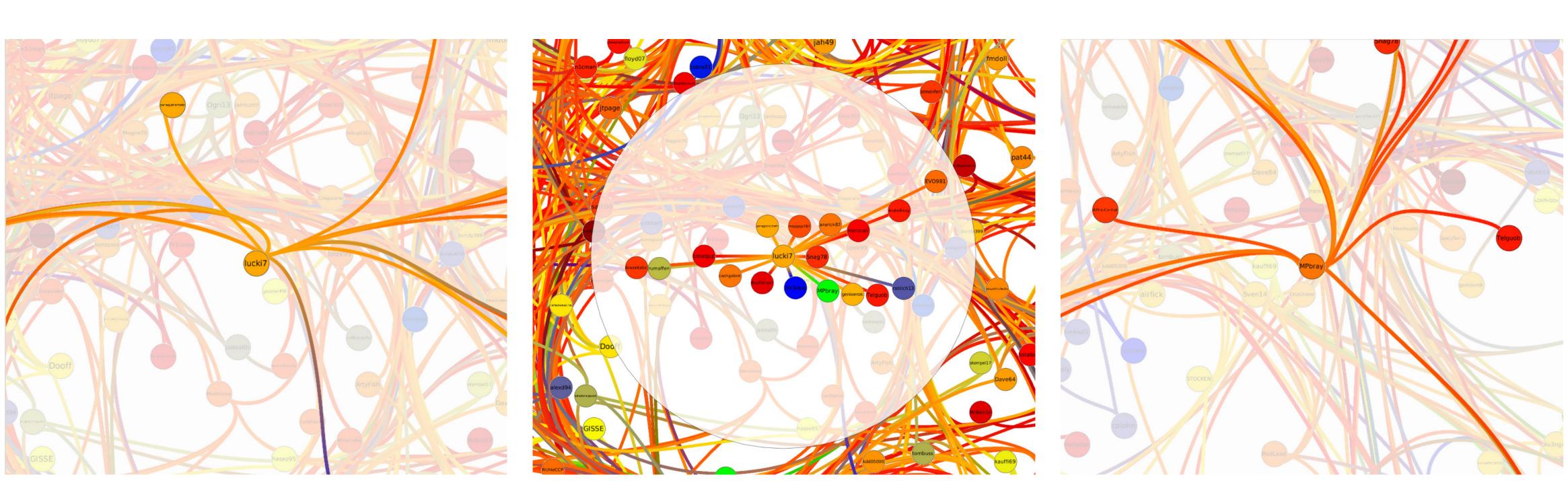








Focus+Context in Network Exploration



(a) Bring (step 1) – Selecting a node fades out (b) Bring (step 2) – Neighbor nodes are pulled (c) Go – After selecting a neighbor (the green all graph elements but the node neighborhood. close to the selected node. node in Fig. 4(b)), a short animation brings the focus towards a new neighborhood.

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JavaScript Data Wrangling Resources

- <u>https://observablehq.com/@dakoop/learn-js-data</u>
- Based on <u>http://learnjsdata.com/</u>
- Good coverage of data wrangling using JavaScript





