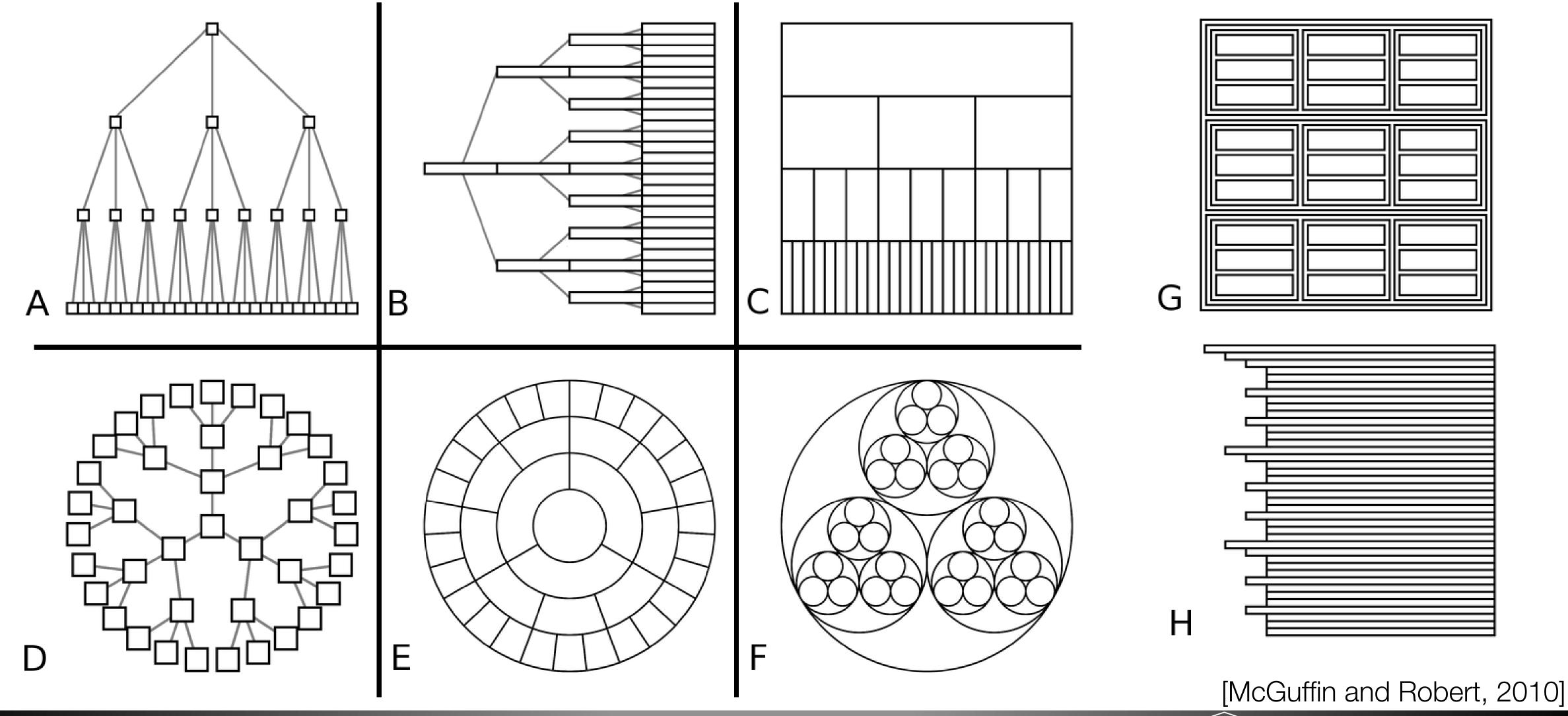
Data Visualization (CSCI 627/490)

Design

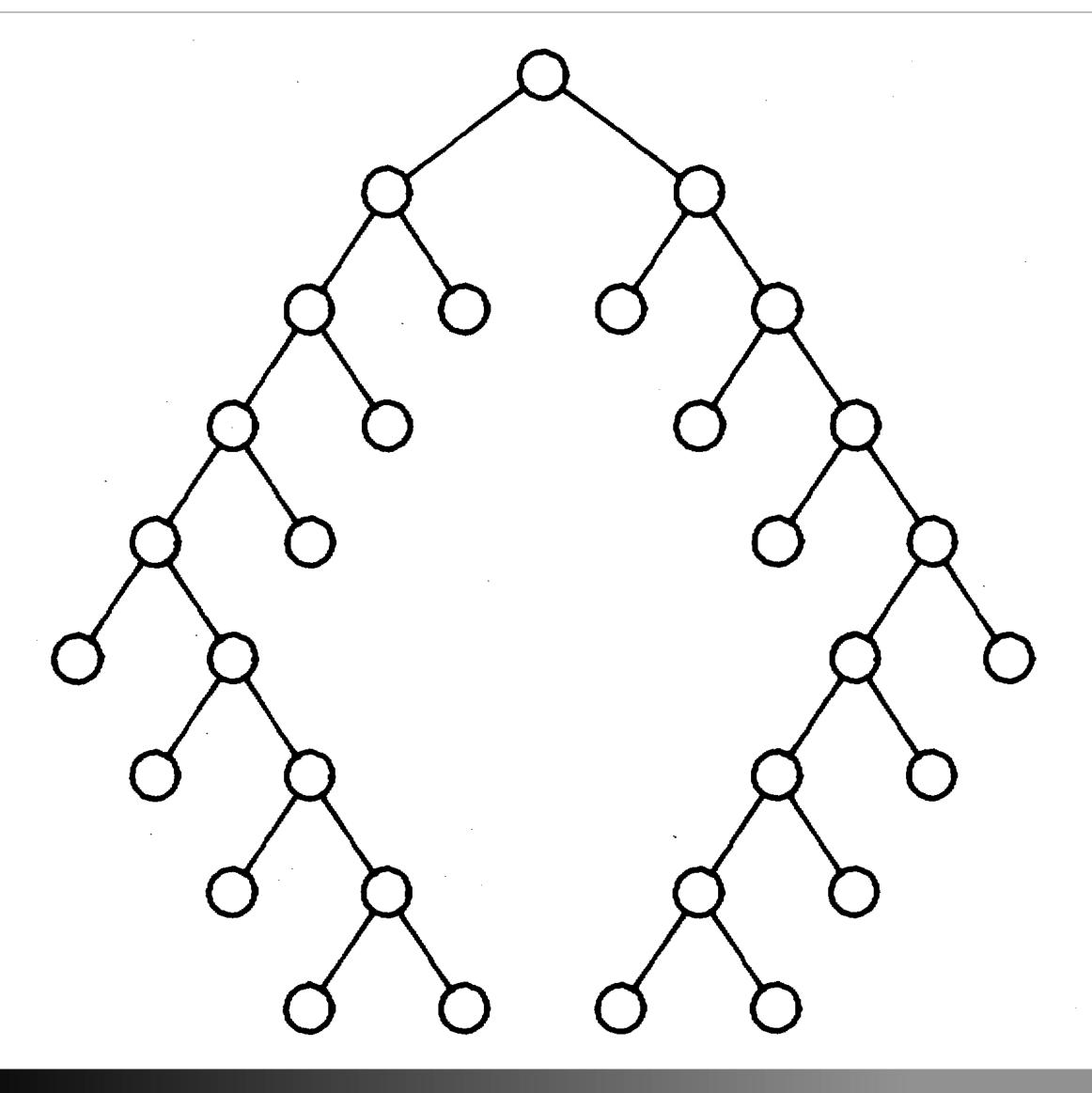
Dr. David Koop



Tree Visualizations



Reingold-Tilford Algorithm



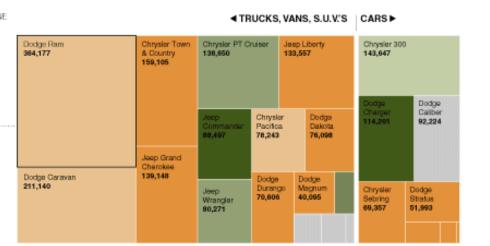
- Recurse on left and right subtrees
- Shift subtree over as long as it doesn't overlap
- Place parent centered above the subtrees
- Originally, only binary trees, extended by Walker

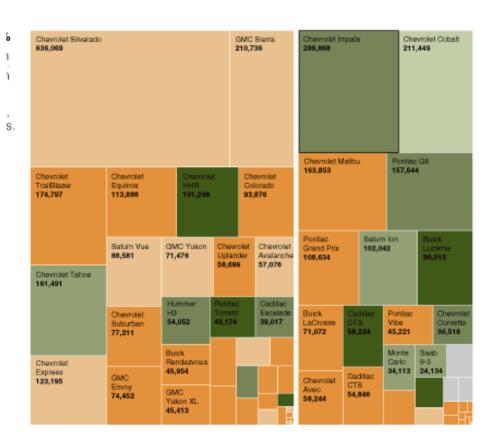
[Reingold and Tilford, 1981]

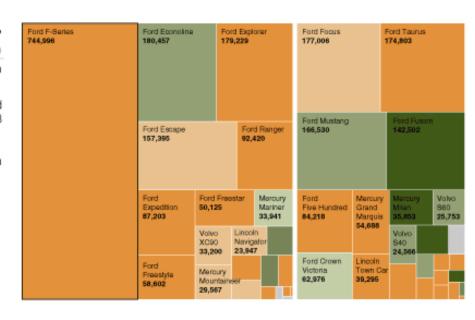
Treemap

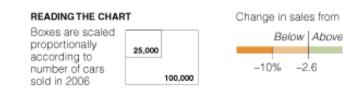
Truck Sales Slip, Tripping Up Chrysler

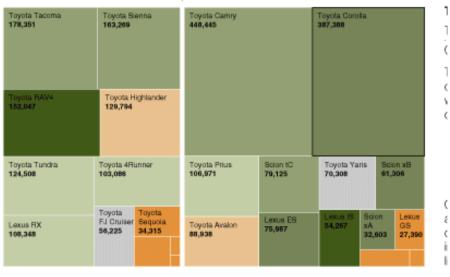
Over the past few years, Chrysler executives said they were following the lead of Toyota and Honda, focusing on vehicles that met the needs of their customers. But as American consumers turned away from large trucks and S.U.V.'s in 2006, Chrysler continued to churn out big vehicles, which are now sitting unsold at dealerships across the country.



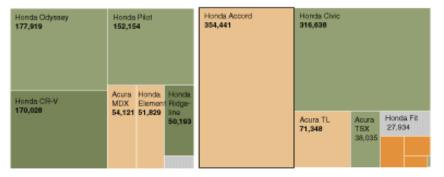




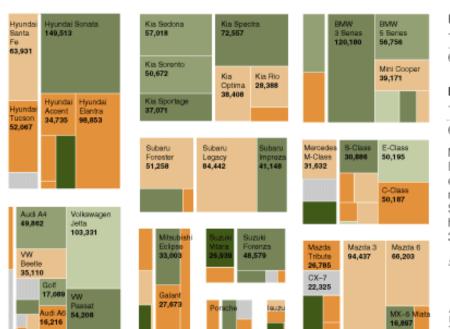




◆TRUCKS, VANS, S.U.V.'S | CARS ▶





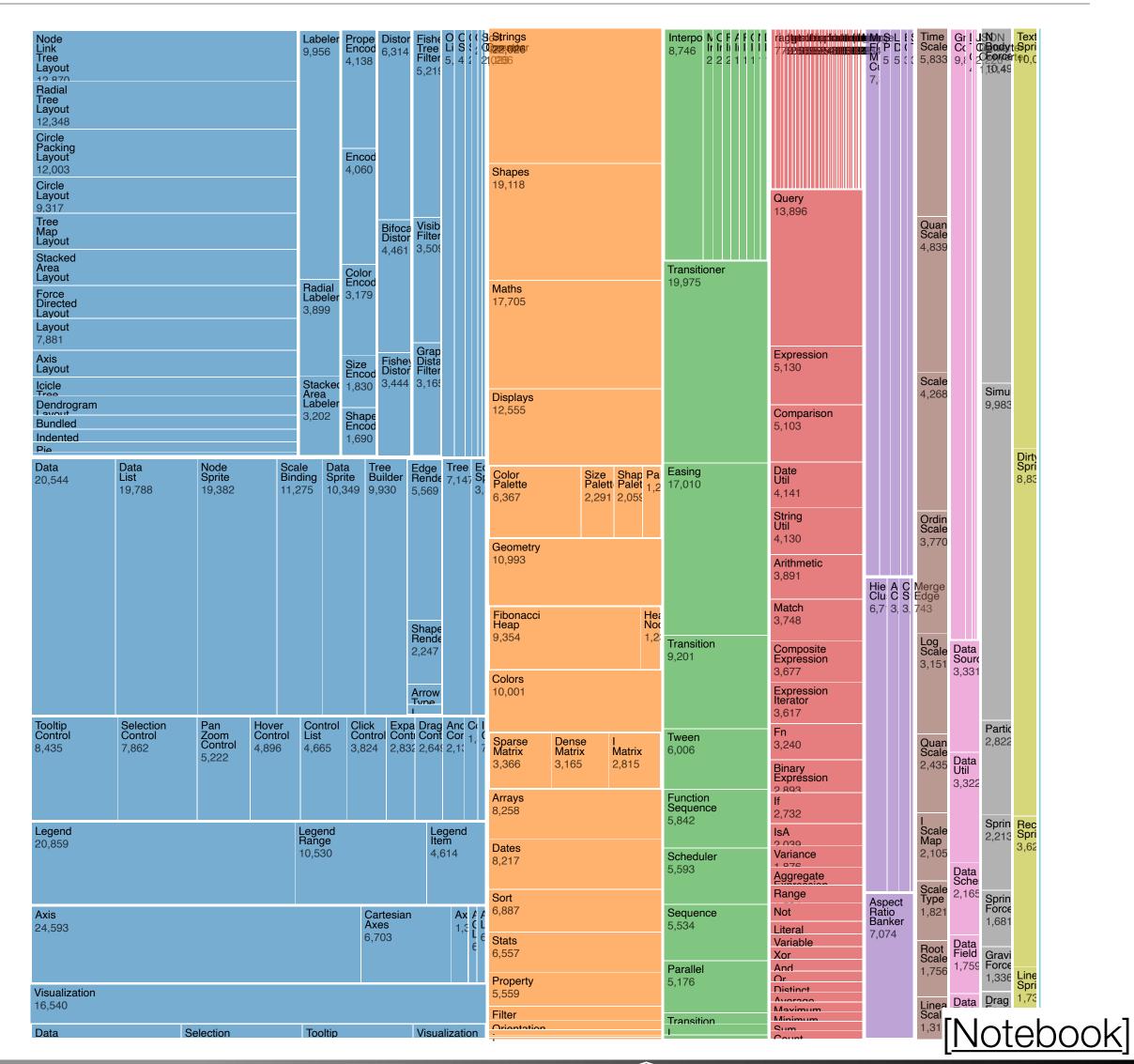


- Containment marks instead of connection marks—show hierarchy
- Encodes some quantitative attribute of the items as the **size** of the rectangles
- Not as easy to see the intermediate rectangles (hierarchy)
- Scalability: millions of leaf nodes and links possible

[A. Cox and H. Fairfield, NYTimes, 2012]

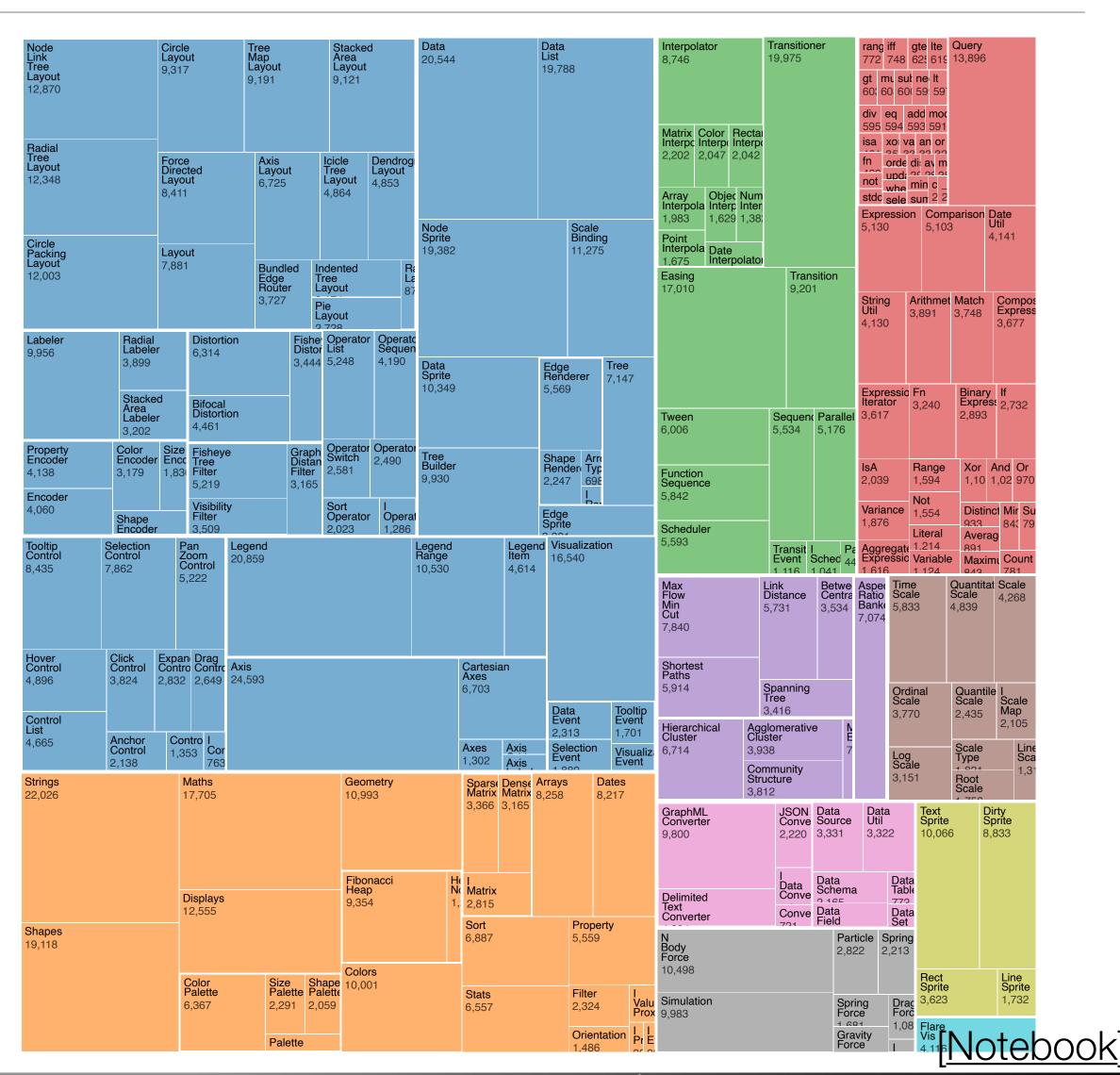
Treemap Layouts: Slice & Dice

- Split at each level into strips
- At each step, orientation of division (horizontal/vertical) changes
- Better, but some rectangles still have bad aspect ratio

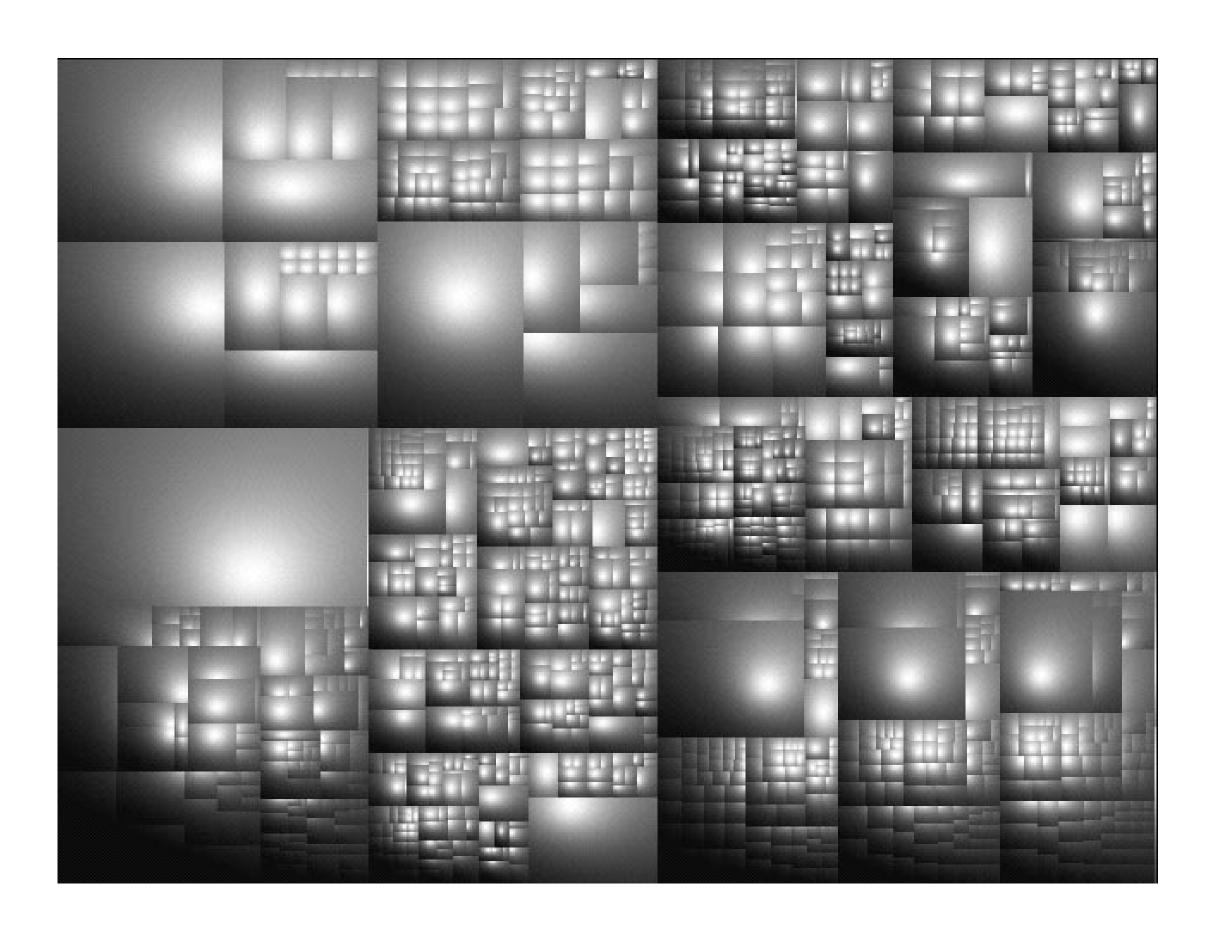


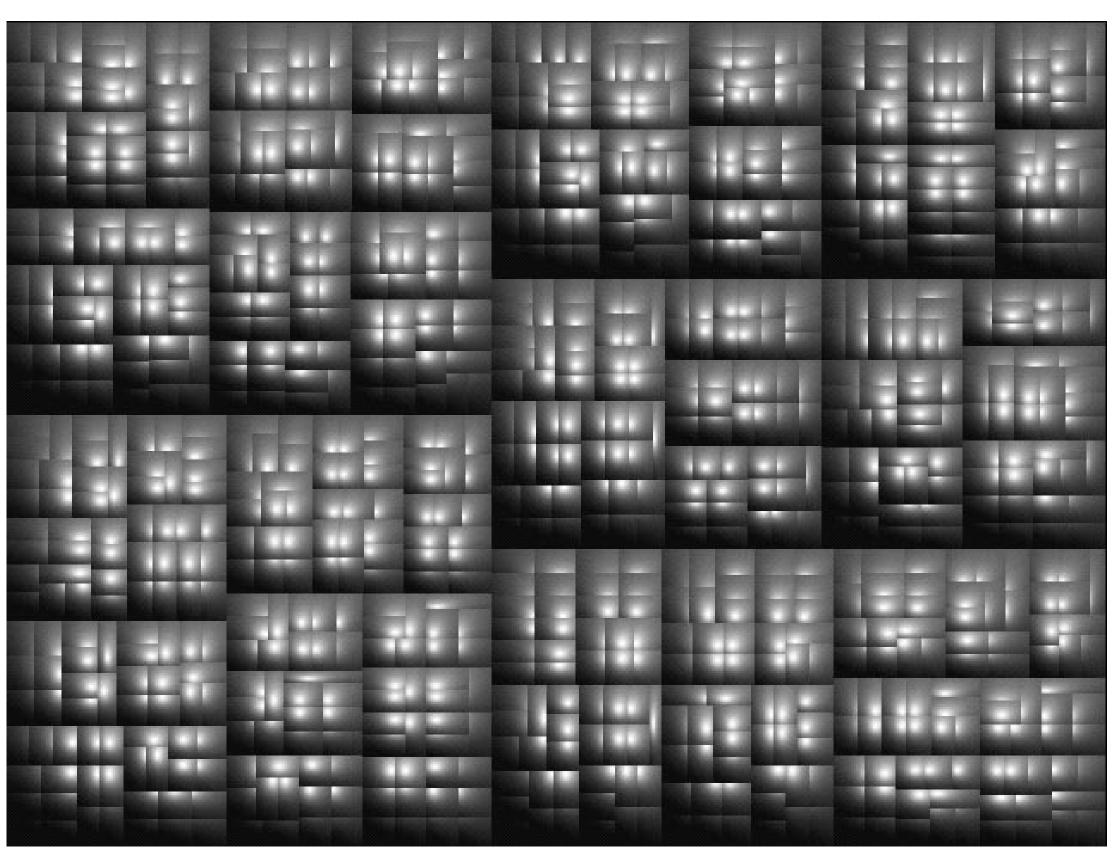
Treemap Layouts: Squarify

- Slice & Dice and Strip can lead to bad aspect ratios
- Solution: Strip only uses rows, allow columns to be used, too
- Choose divisions (x/y) based on the width/height of region in order to maintain good aspect ratios
 - Use left and right side
 - Process large rectangles first
- Ordering not preserved which may cause issues if the data is updated



Squarified + Cushioned Treemaps





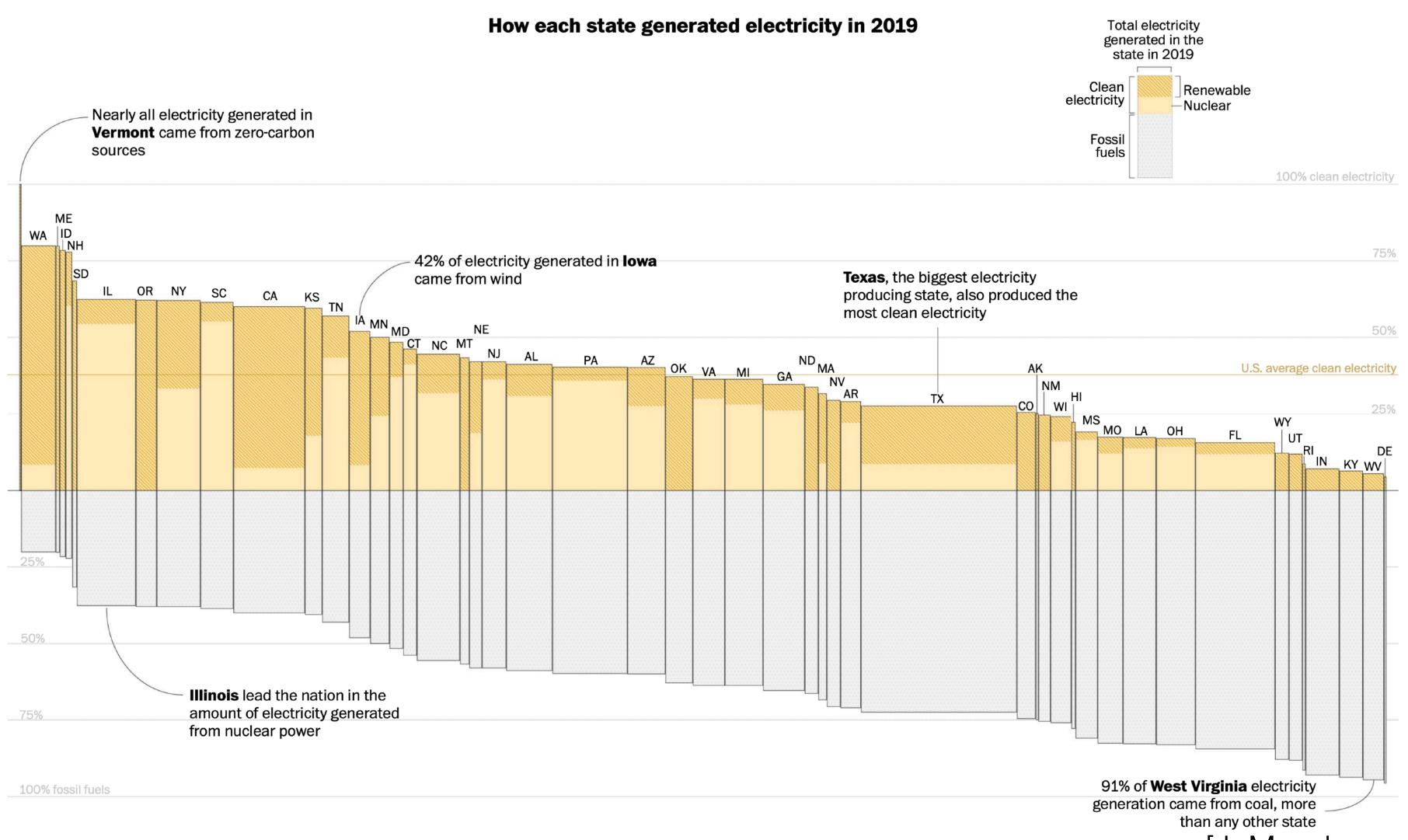
(a) File system

(b) Organization

[Brus et al., 1999]



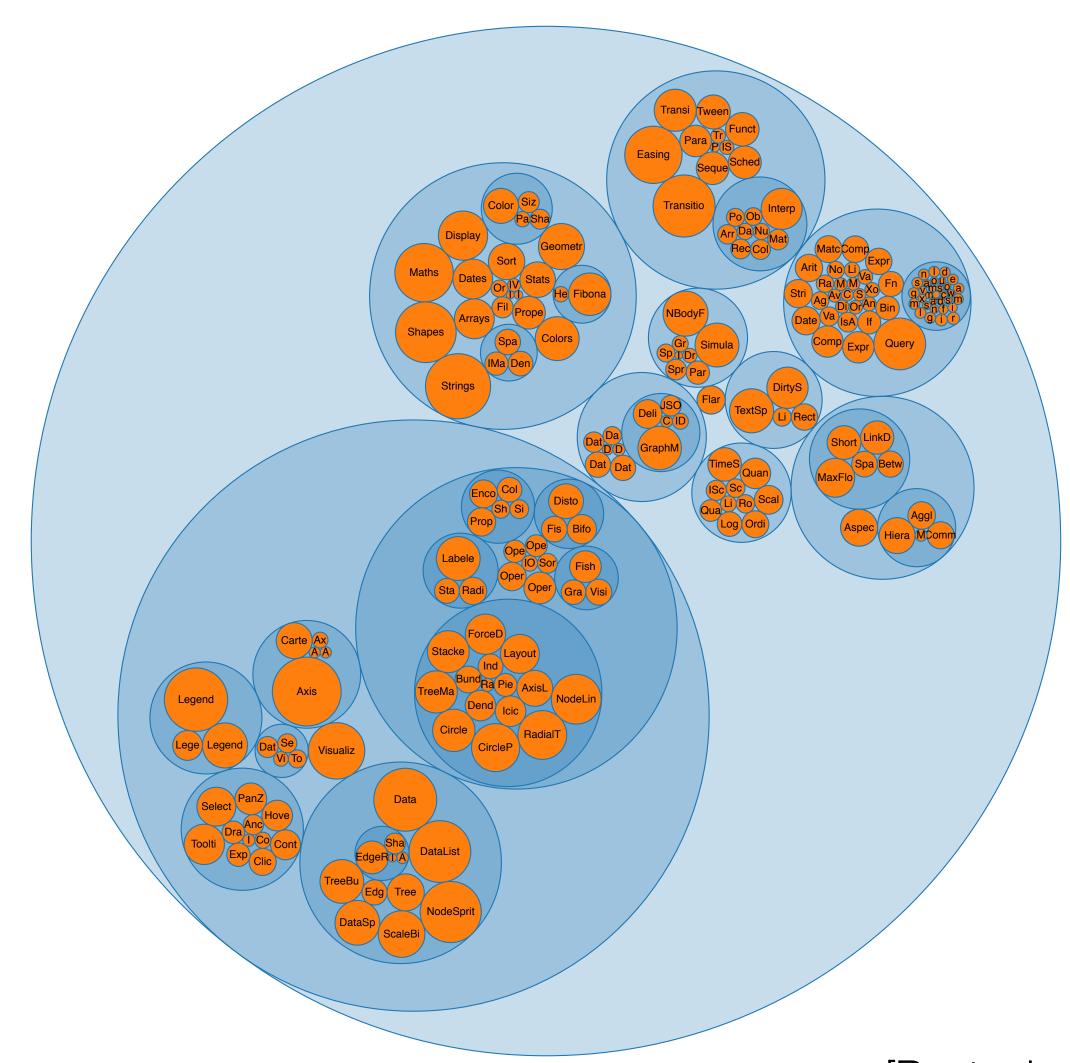
Variations: Marimekko Chart





Nested Circles

- Looks more like cluster diagram, but shows hierarchy
- Containment shown by the layering of semi-transparent circles
- Labeling becomes more difficult

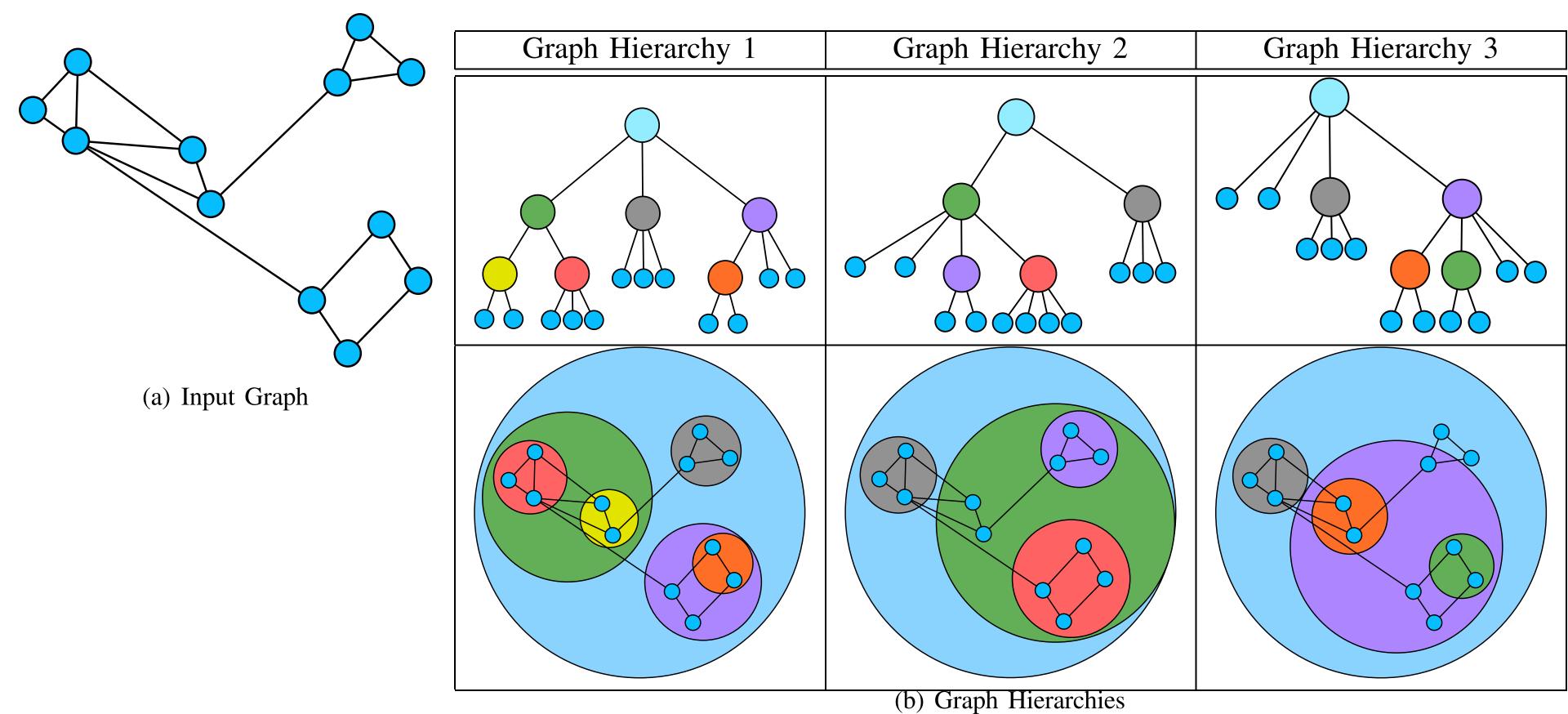


[Bostock, 2012]



Compound Networks

- Add a hierarchy to the network (e.g. from clustering)
- GrouseFlocks: uses nested circles with colors

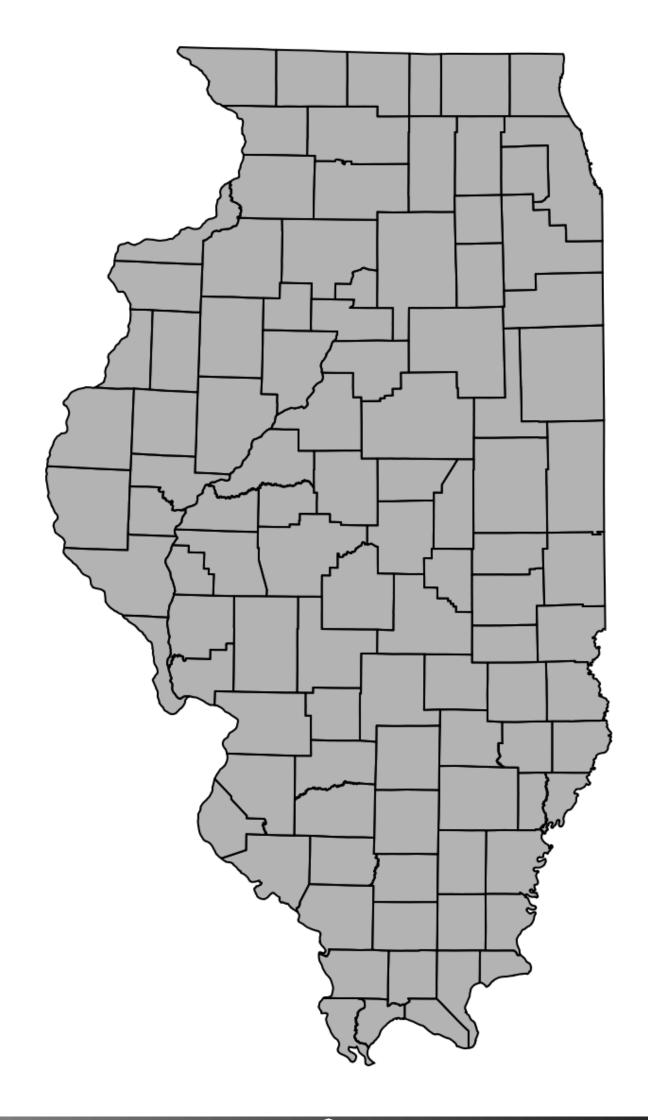


[Archambault et al., 2008]



Assignment 4

- Maps, colormaps, and treemaps
- Due next week
- Colormapping courselet available

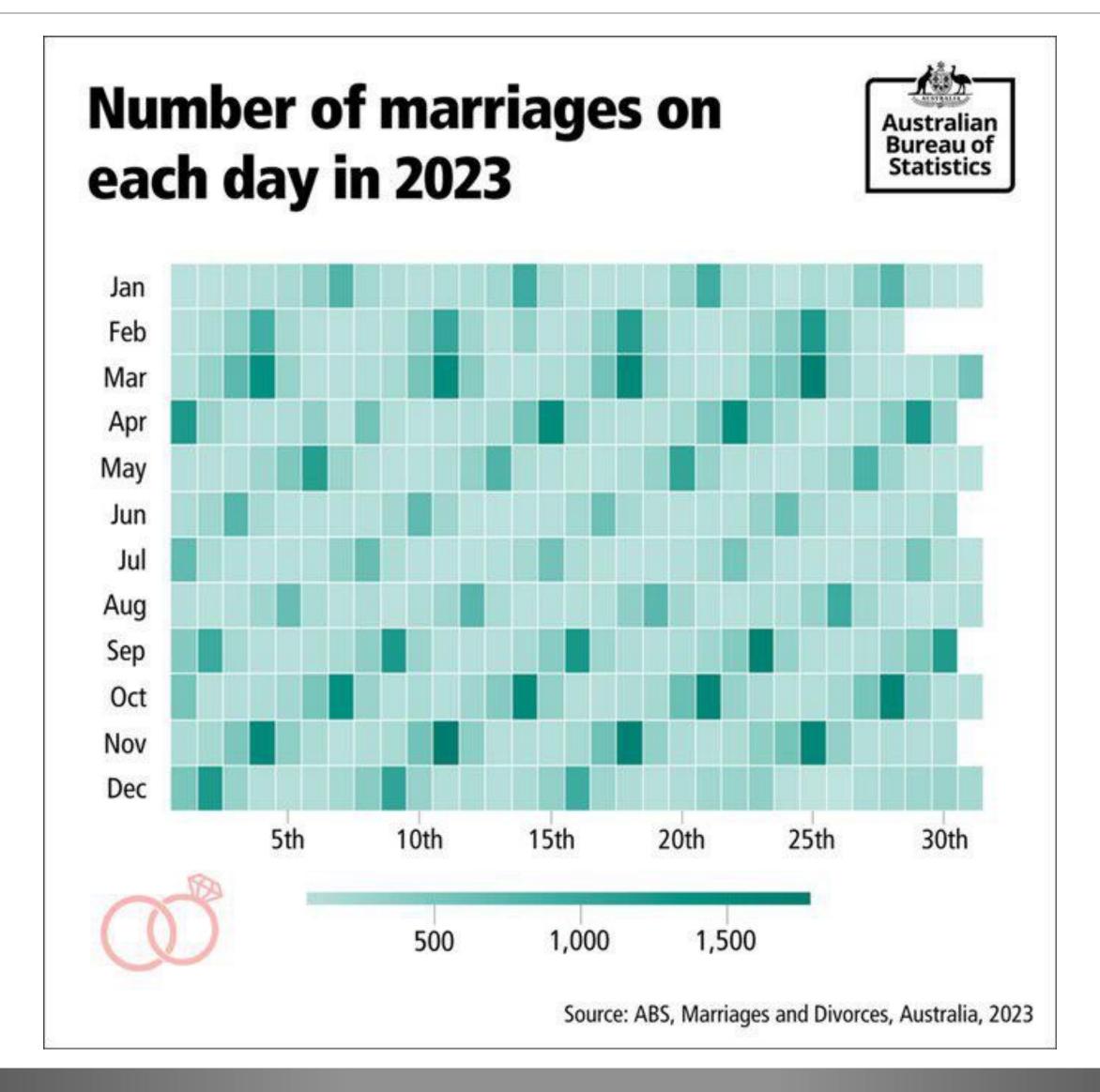


Project Designs

- Designs:
 - Three different designs
 - Be creative!
 - Tasks should drive your design
 - Different designs are great
 - Multiple views
 - Single view with details on demand
 - Interaction design (linked highlighting, navigation)
 - In general, don't force the user to make choices without first seeing an overview

Guidelines for Visualization Design

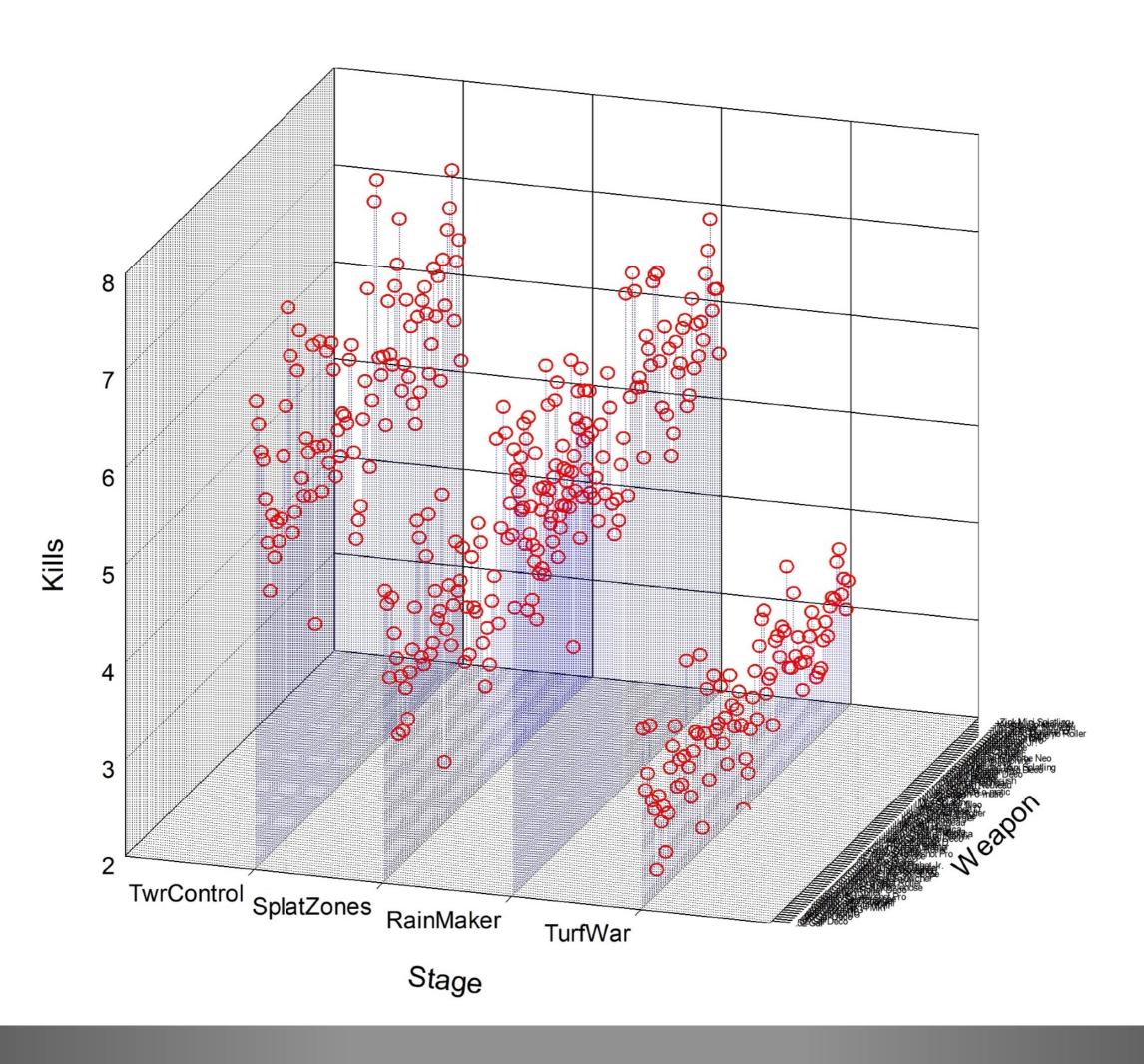
r/dataisugly





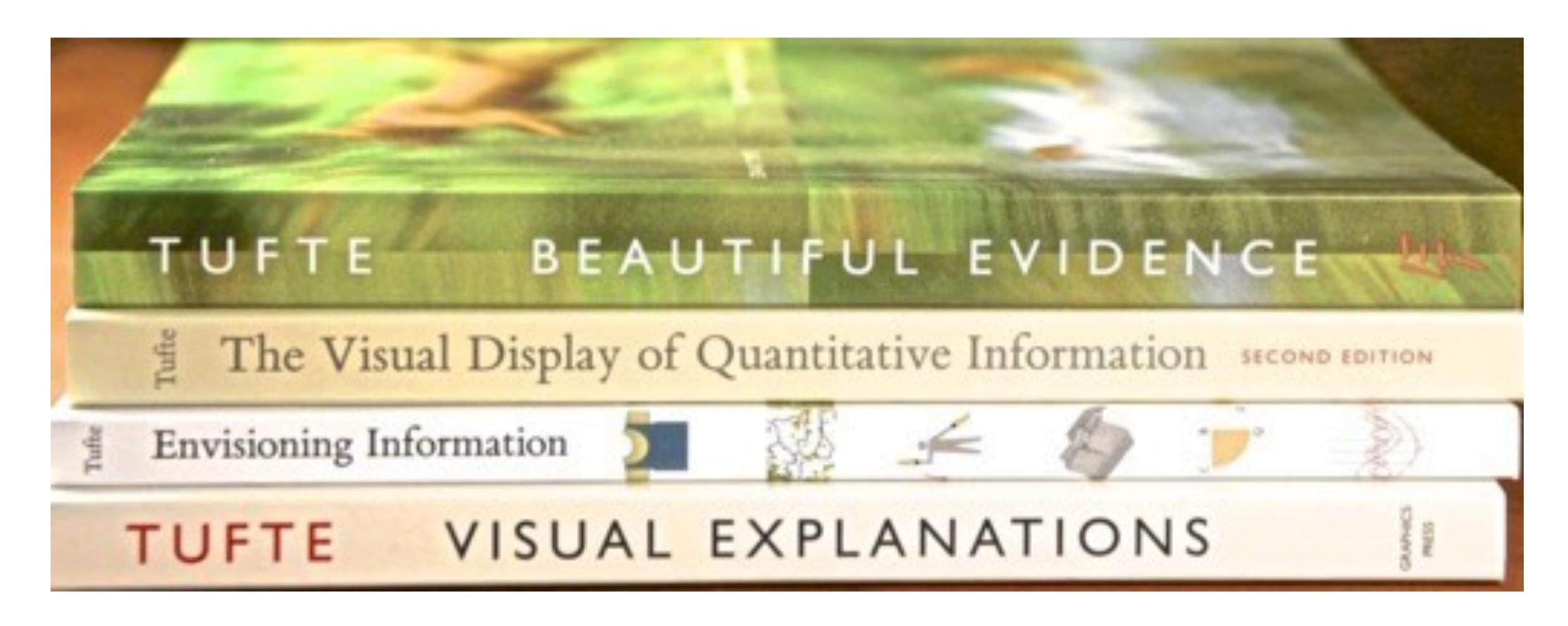
WTF Visualizations (wtfviz.net)

3D Category Scatter



[WTF Visualizations, 2017]

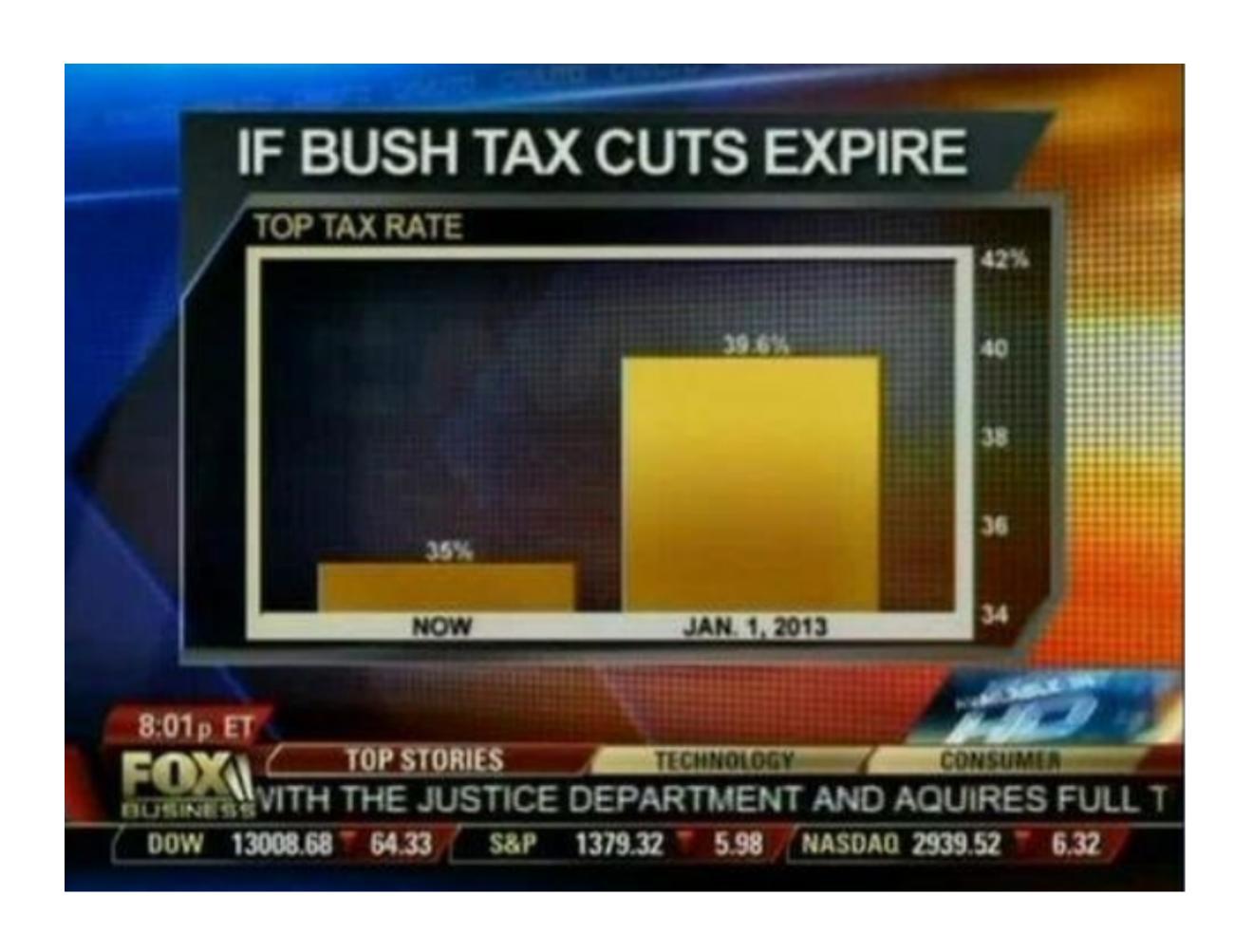
Tufte: "The da Vinci of Data" — NYTimes



[https://www.edwardtufte.com/tufte/, 2017]

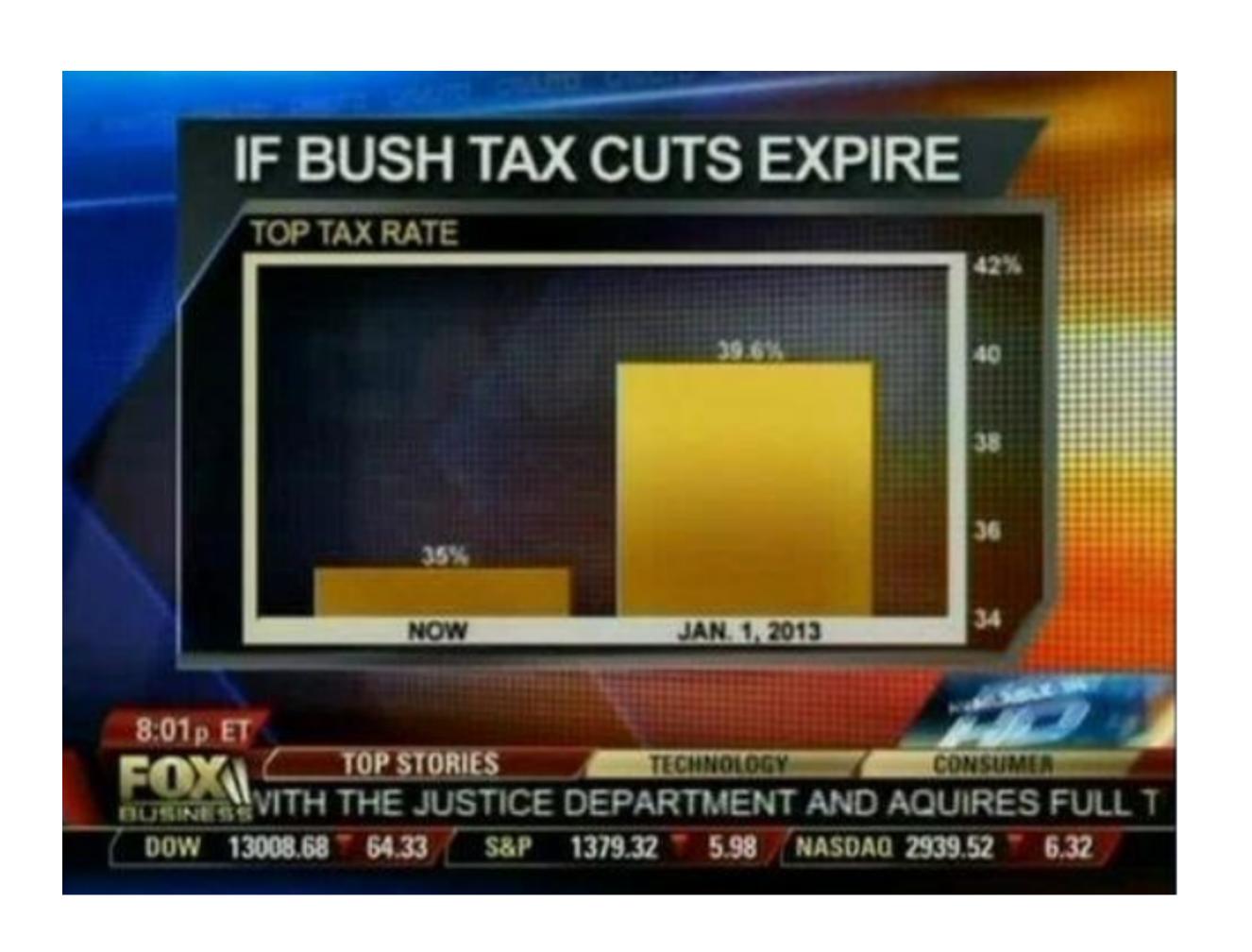


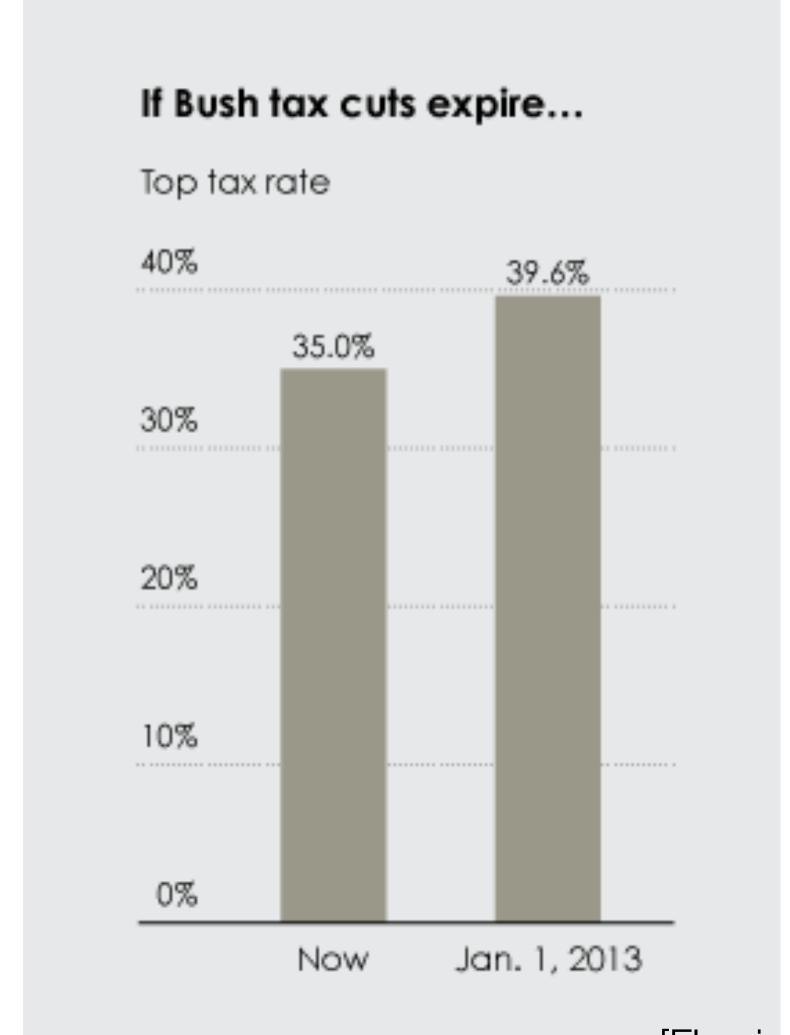
Bad: Data magnitude <=> Mark magnitude



[Flowing Data, 2012]

Good: Data magnitude <=> Mark magnitude

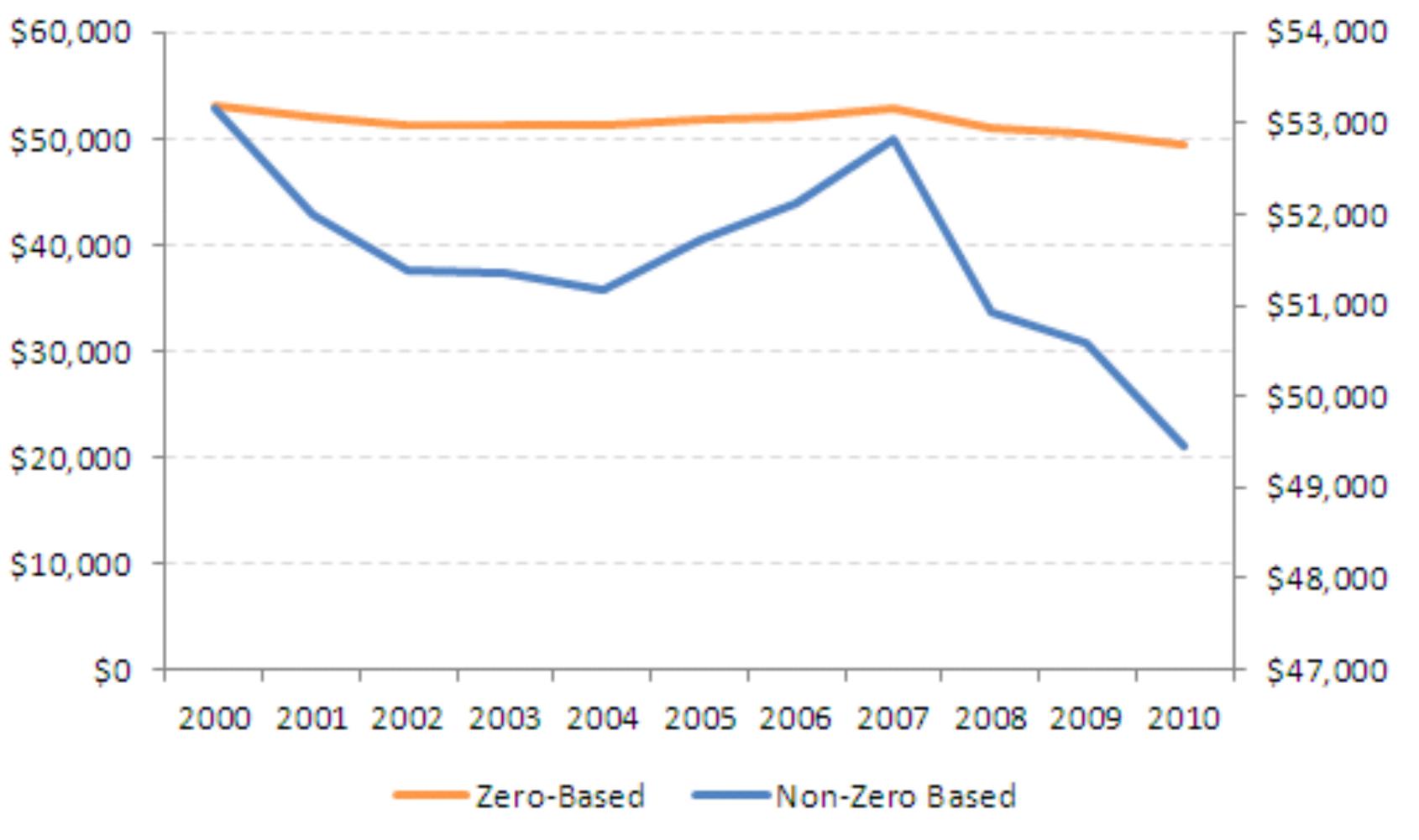




[Flowing Data, 2012]

Starting Scales at Zero?

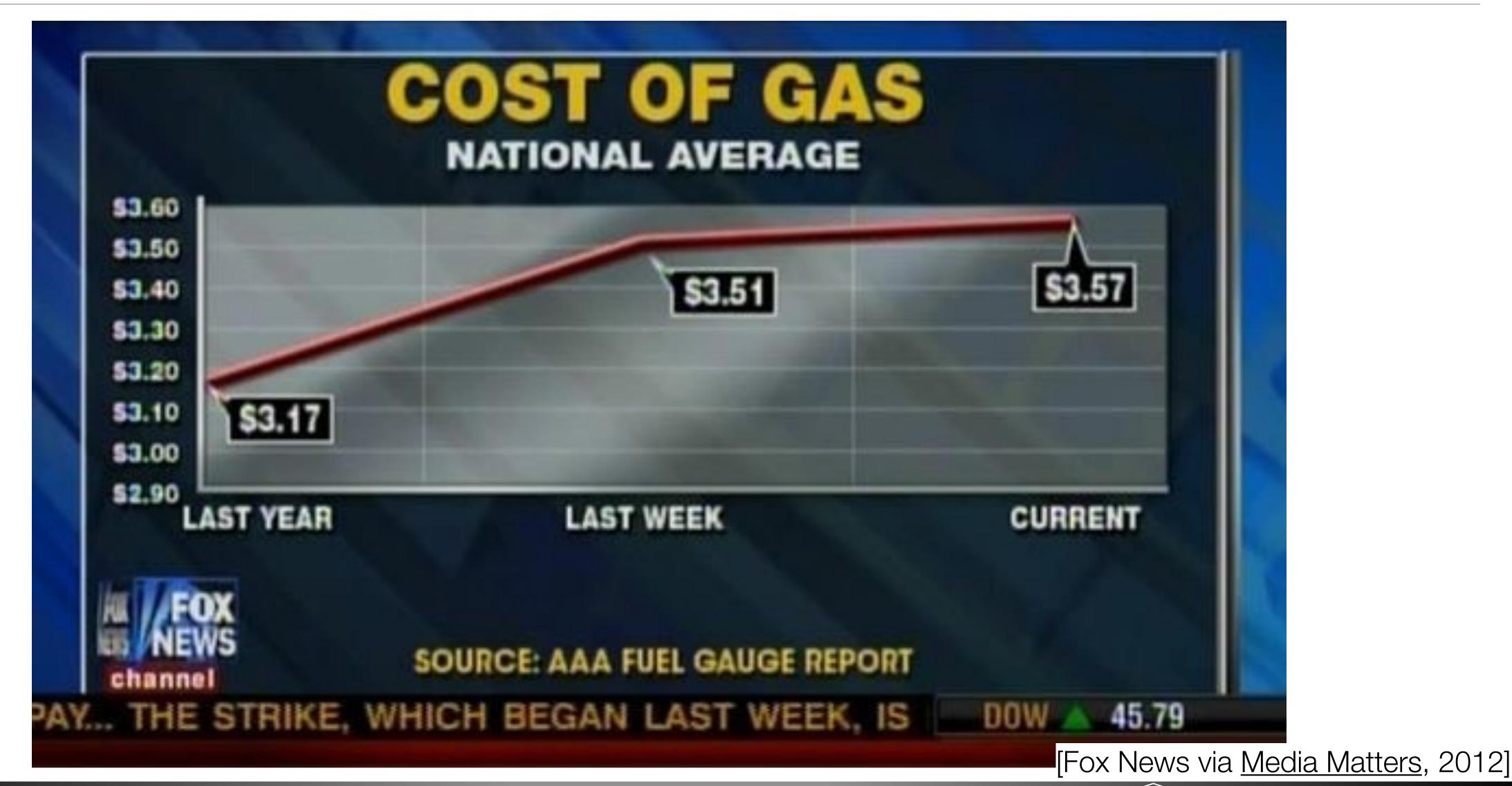
Median household income in 2010 inflation adjusted dollars



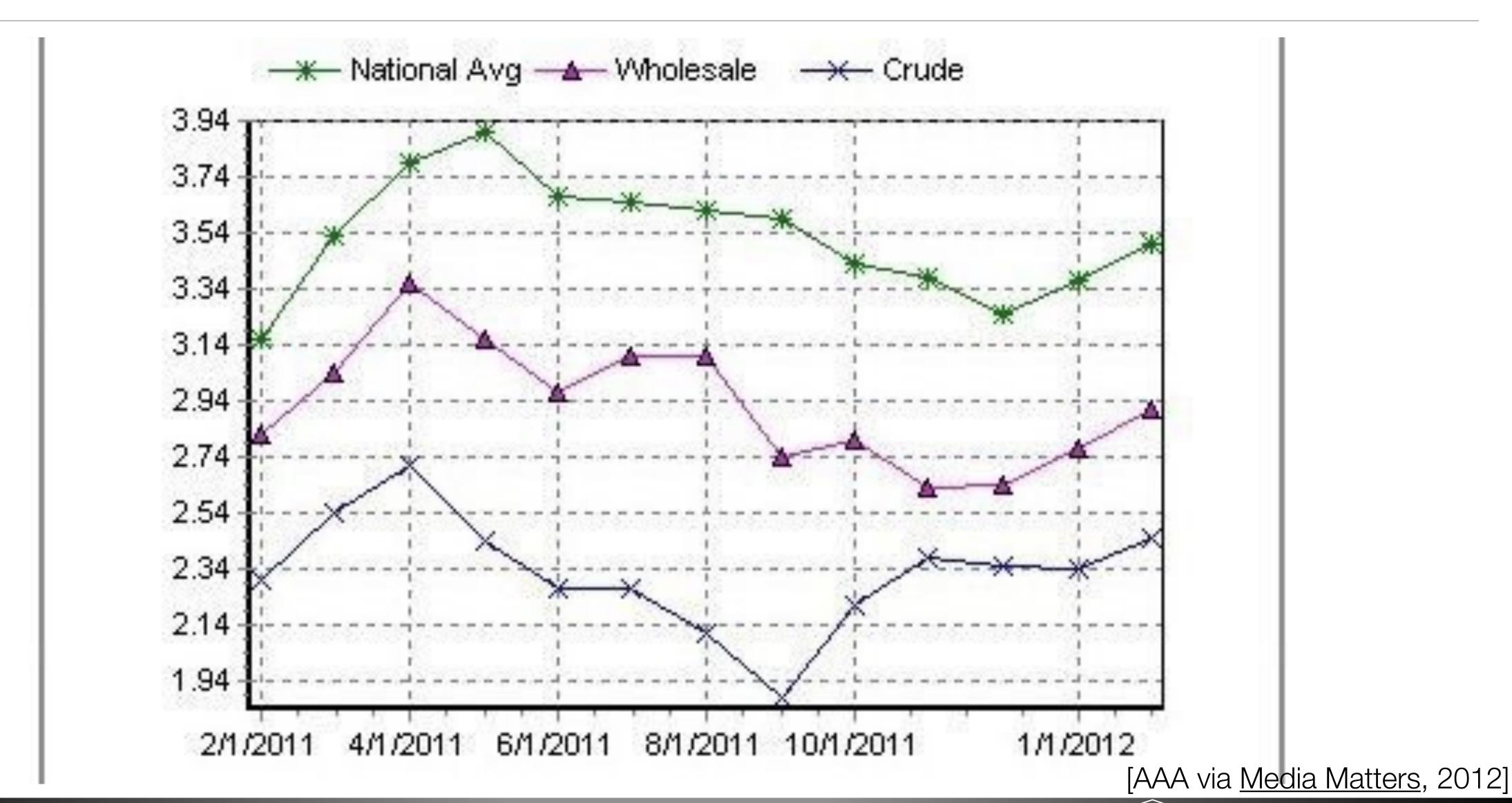
Wavy baselines for non-zero starts



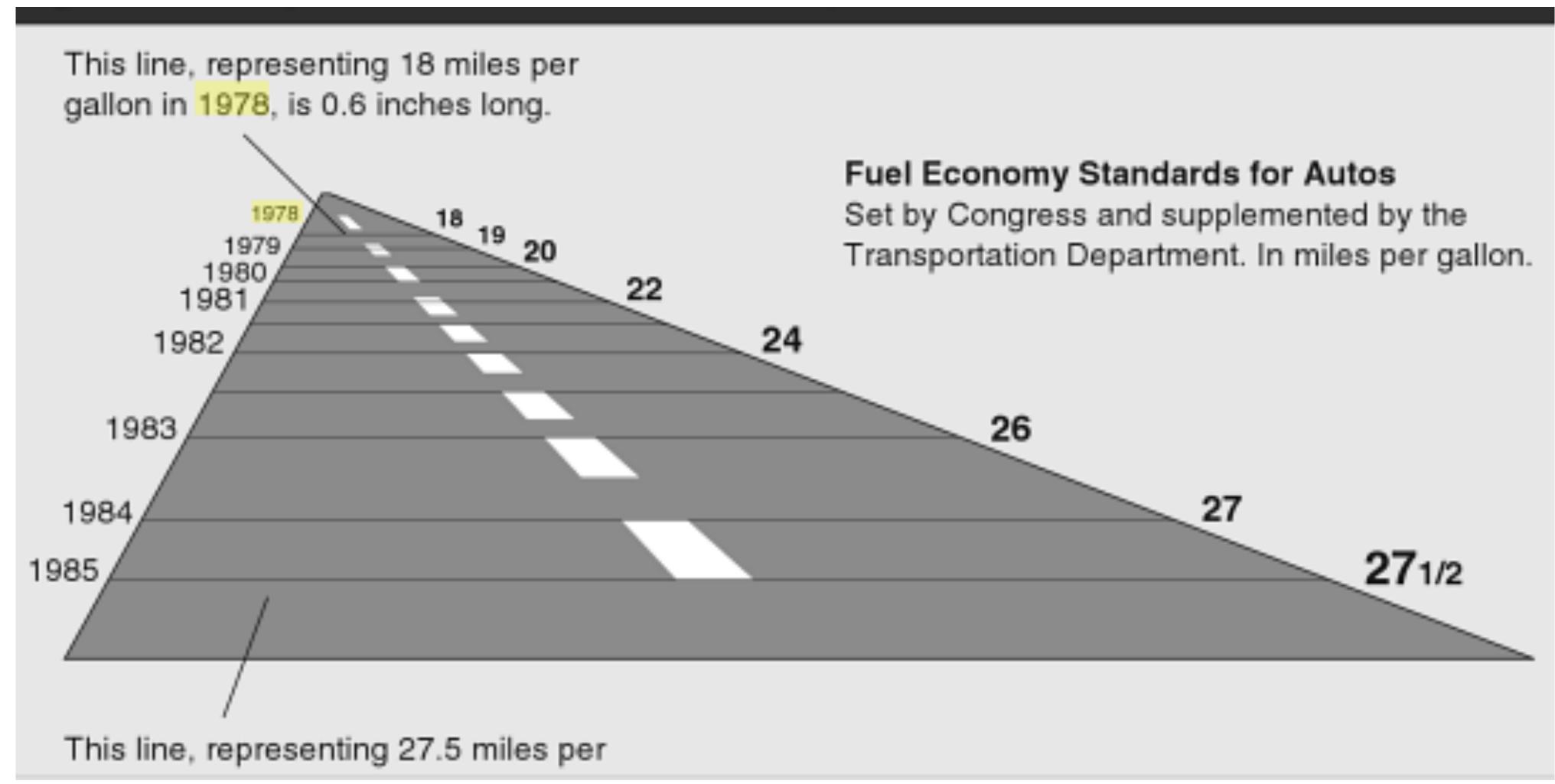
Cherry-picking data



Show all the data



Tufte's Lie Factor



[NYTimes via Tufte, 1991]

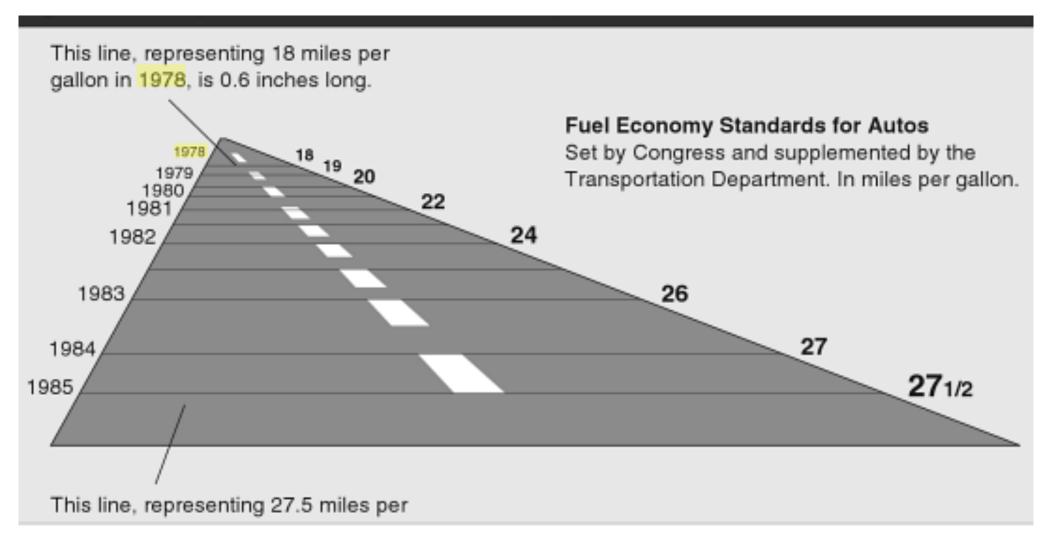


Tufte's Lie Factor

- Size of effect = (2nd value 1st value) / (1st value)
- Lie factor = (size of effect in graphic) / (size of effect in data)
- In the graphic:

Lie Factor =
$$\frac{5.3 - 0.6}{0.6} = 14.8$$

$$\frac{27.5 - 18}{18}$$

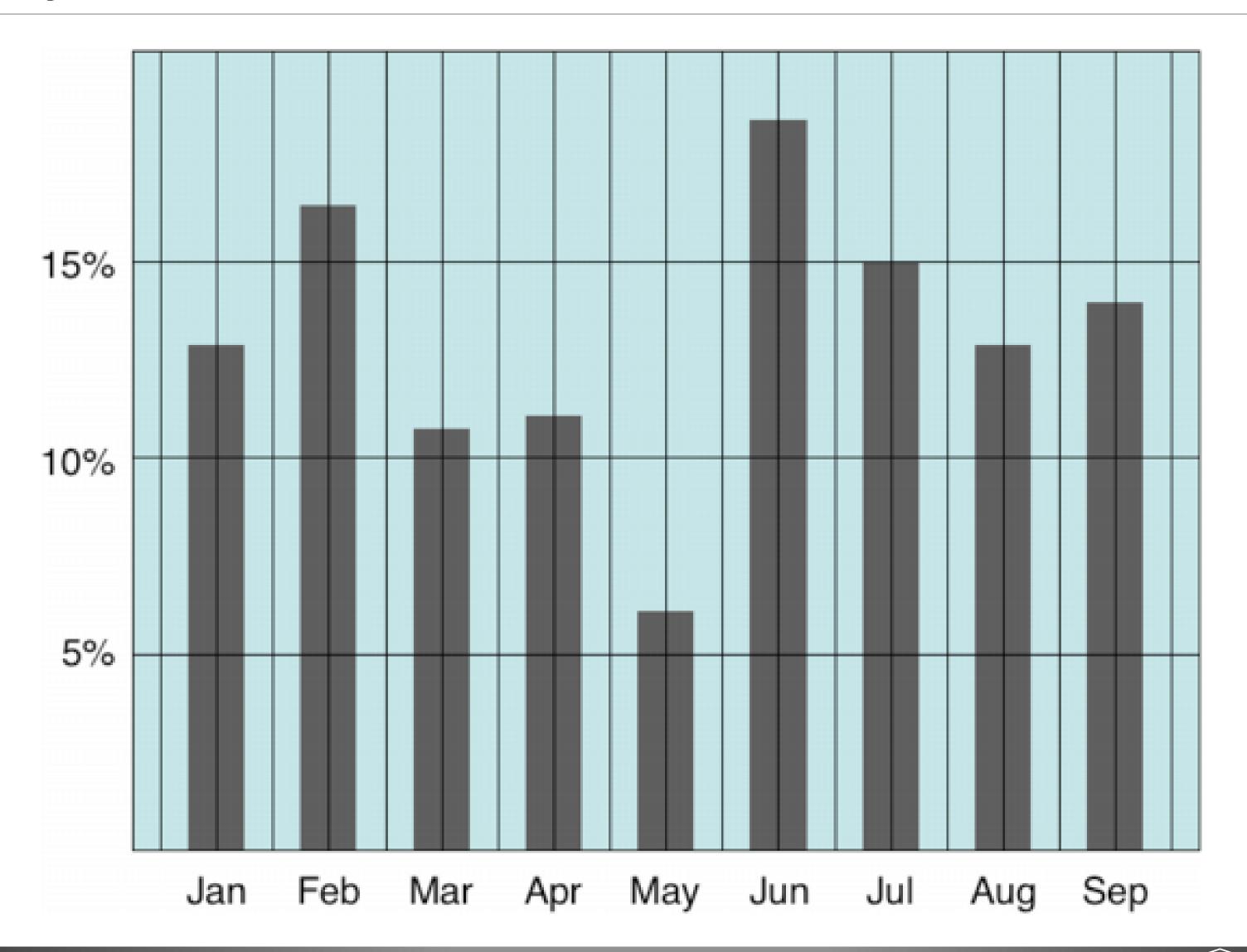


[InfoVis Wiki]

(Some of) Tufte's Integrity Principles

- Show data variation, not design variation
- Clear, detailed, and thorough labeling and appropriate scales
- Size of the graphic effect should be directly proportional to the numerical quantities ("lie factor")

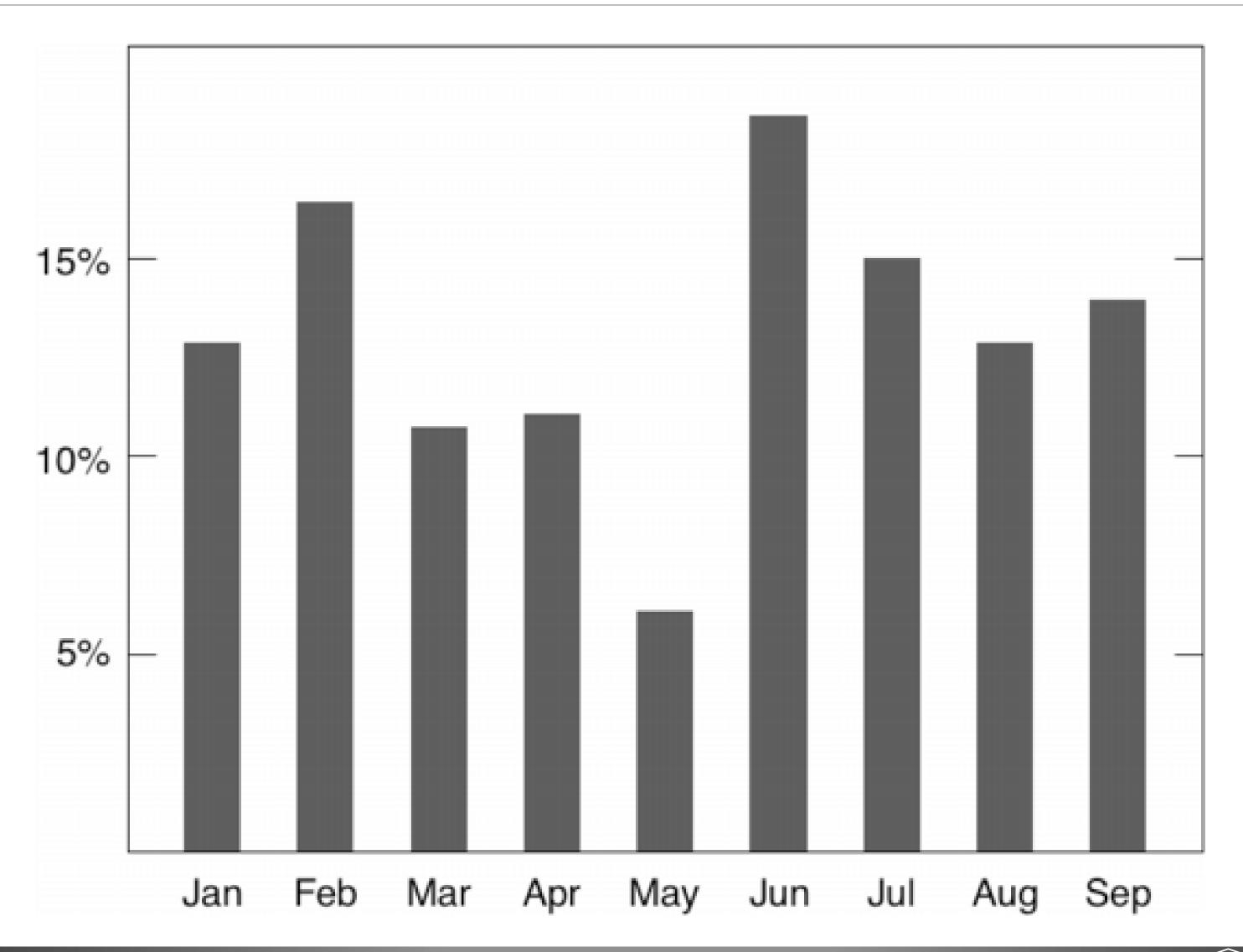
Avoid Chartjunk



[T. Brey via A. Lex]



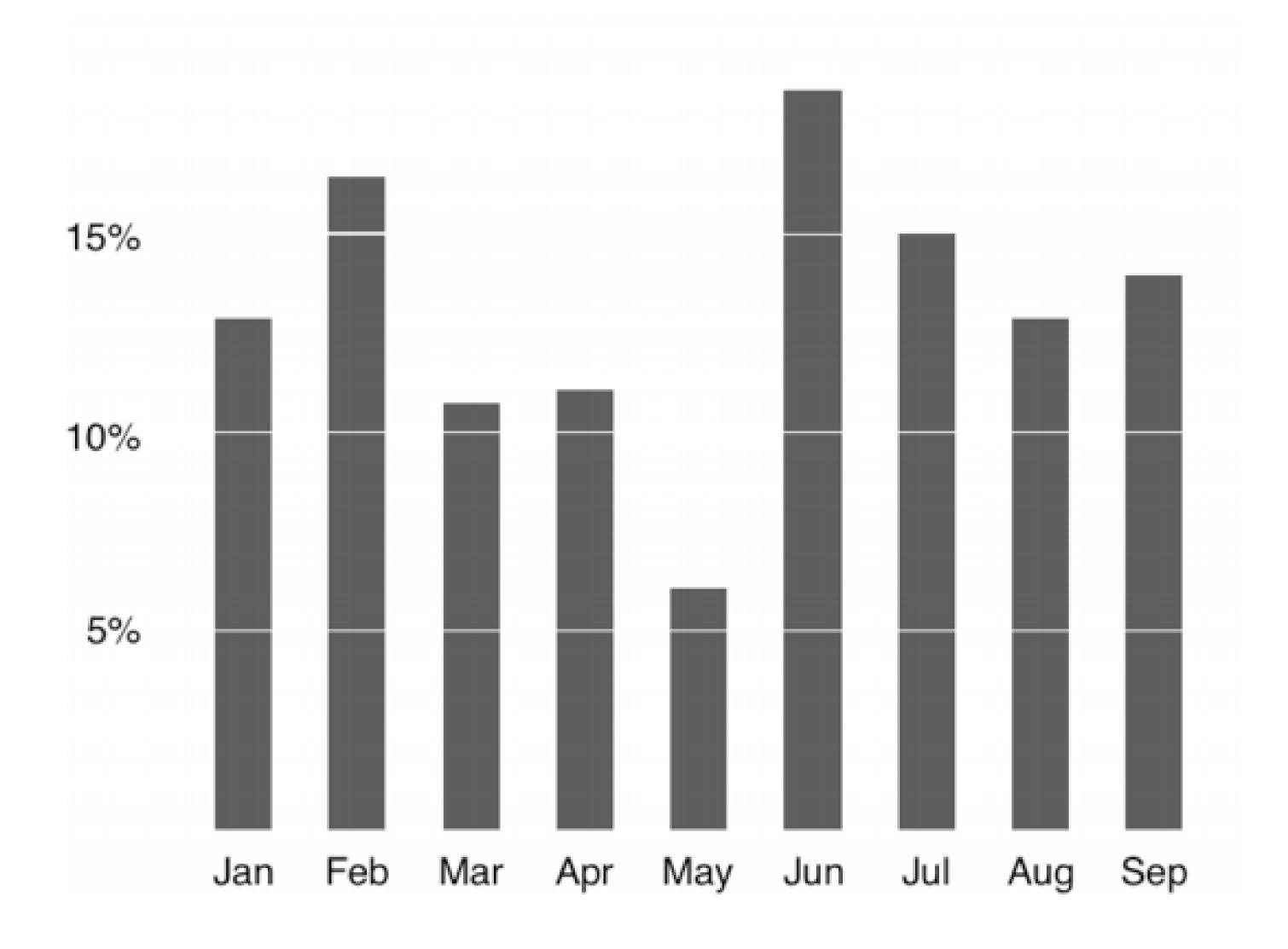
Avoid Chartjunk



[T. Brey via A. Lex]



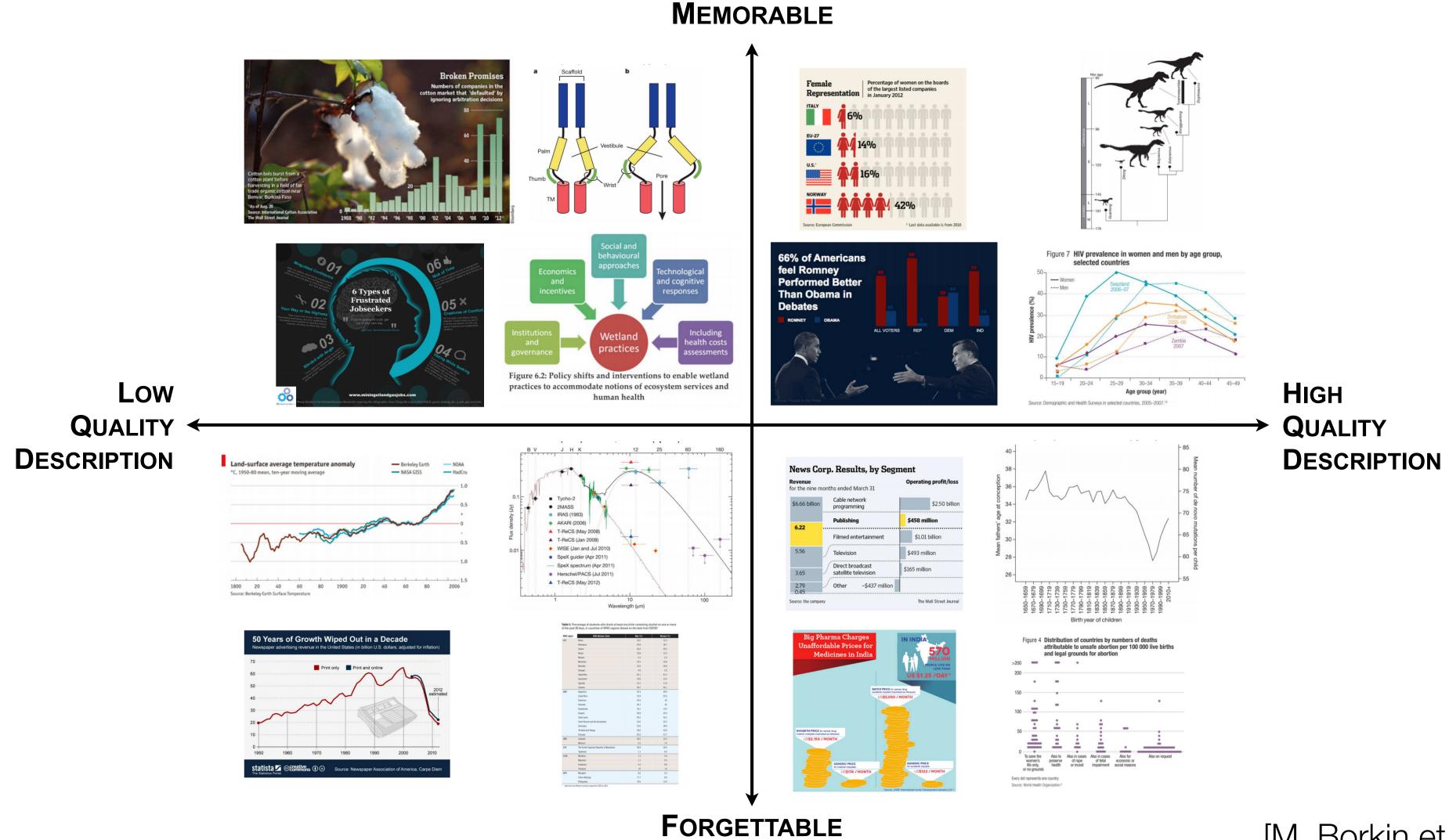
Avoid Chartjunk



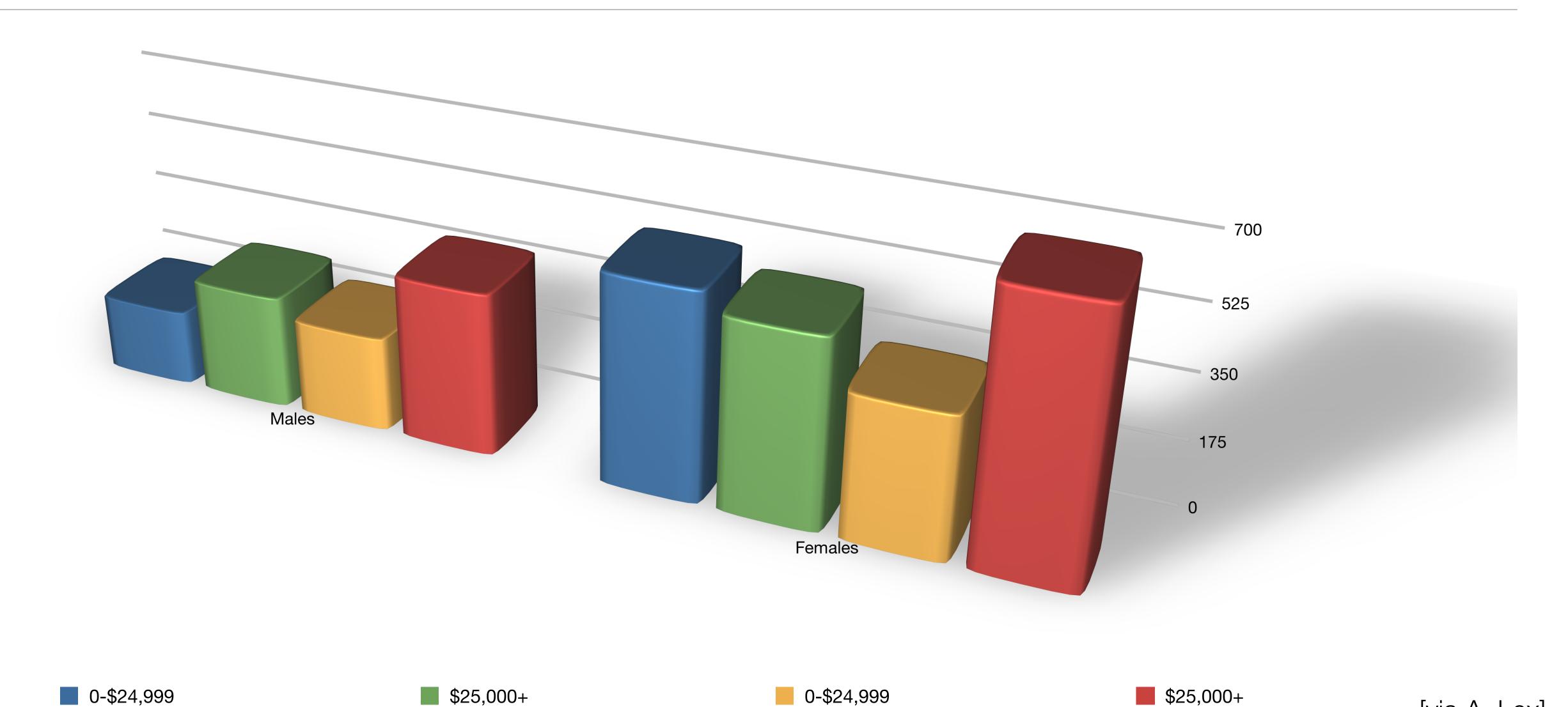
[T. Brey via A. Lex]



Avoid Chartjunk?

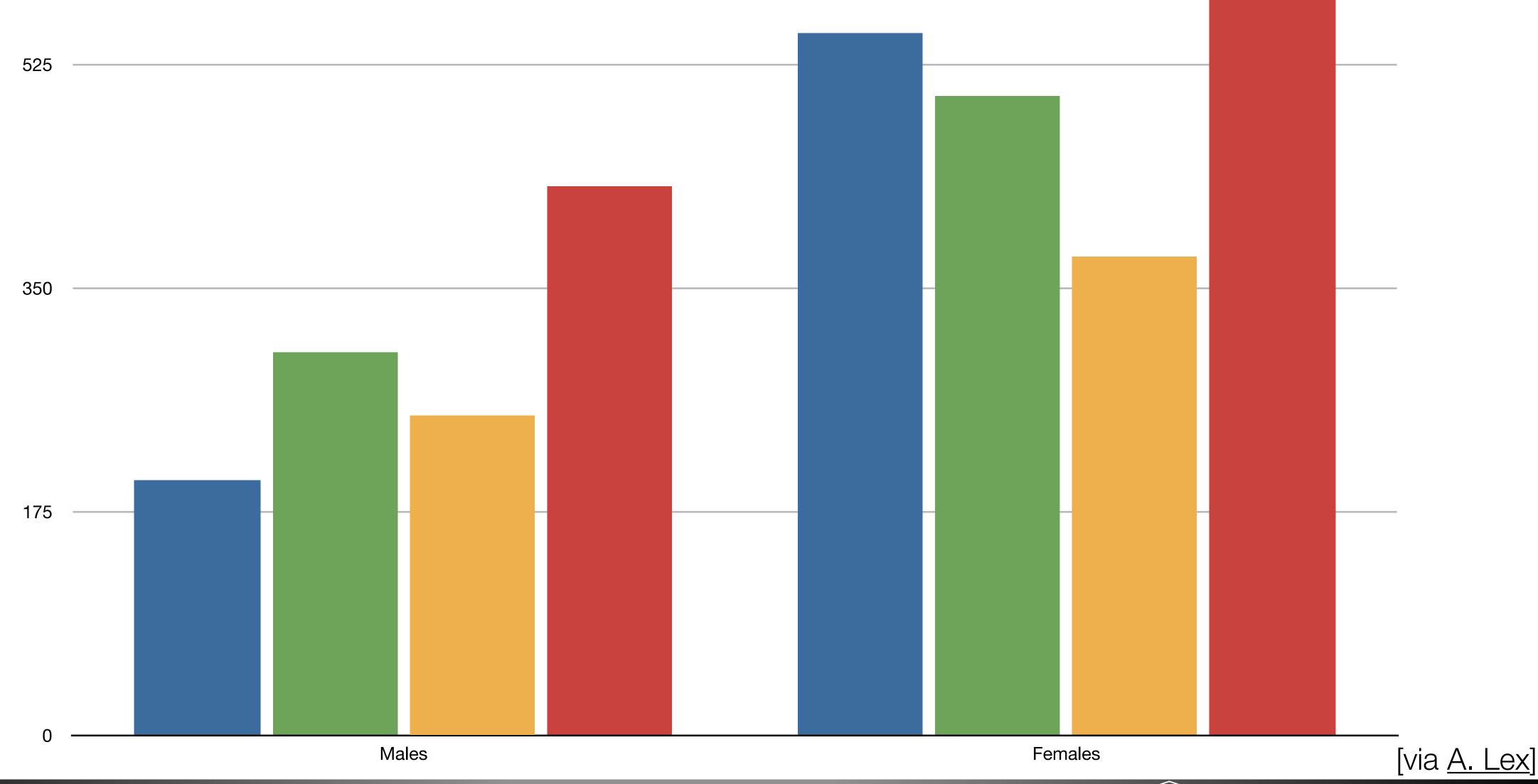


Data-to-Ink Ratio (Also Unjustified 3D)

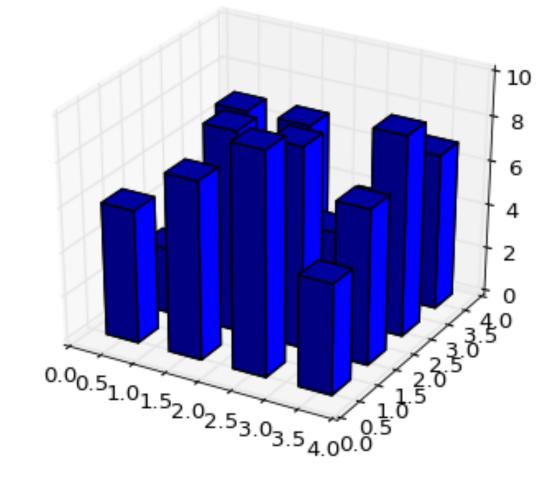


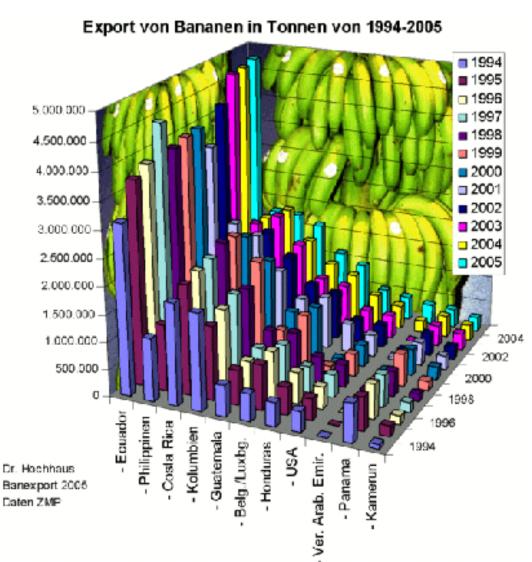
[via A. Lex]

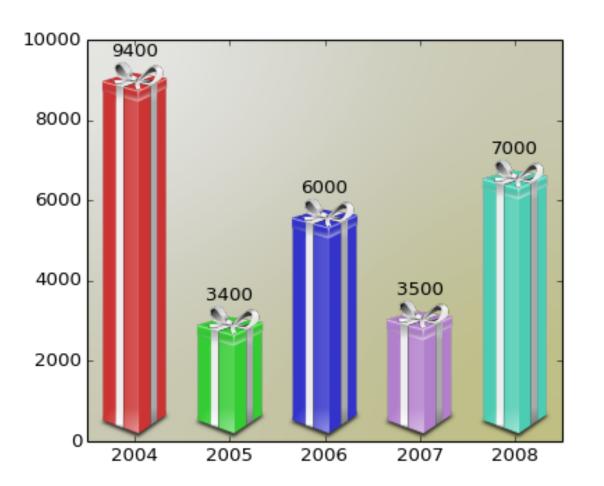
Maximize Data-to-Ink Ratio

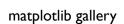


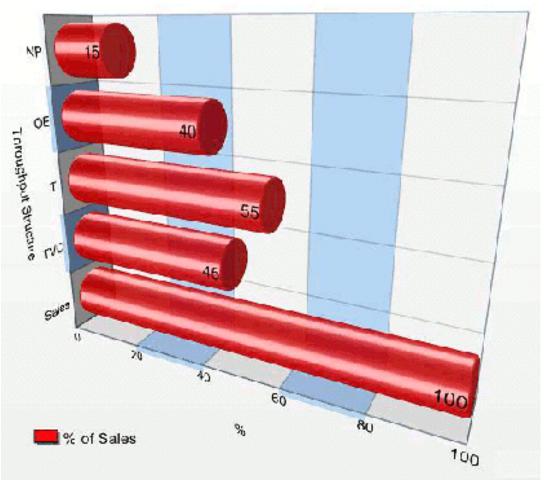
No Unjustified 3D











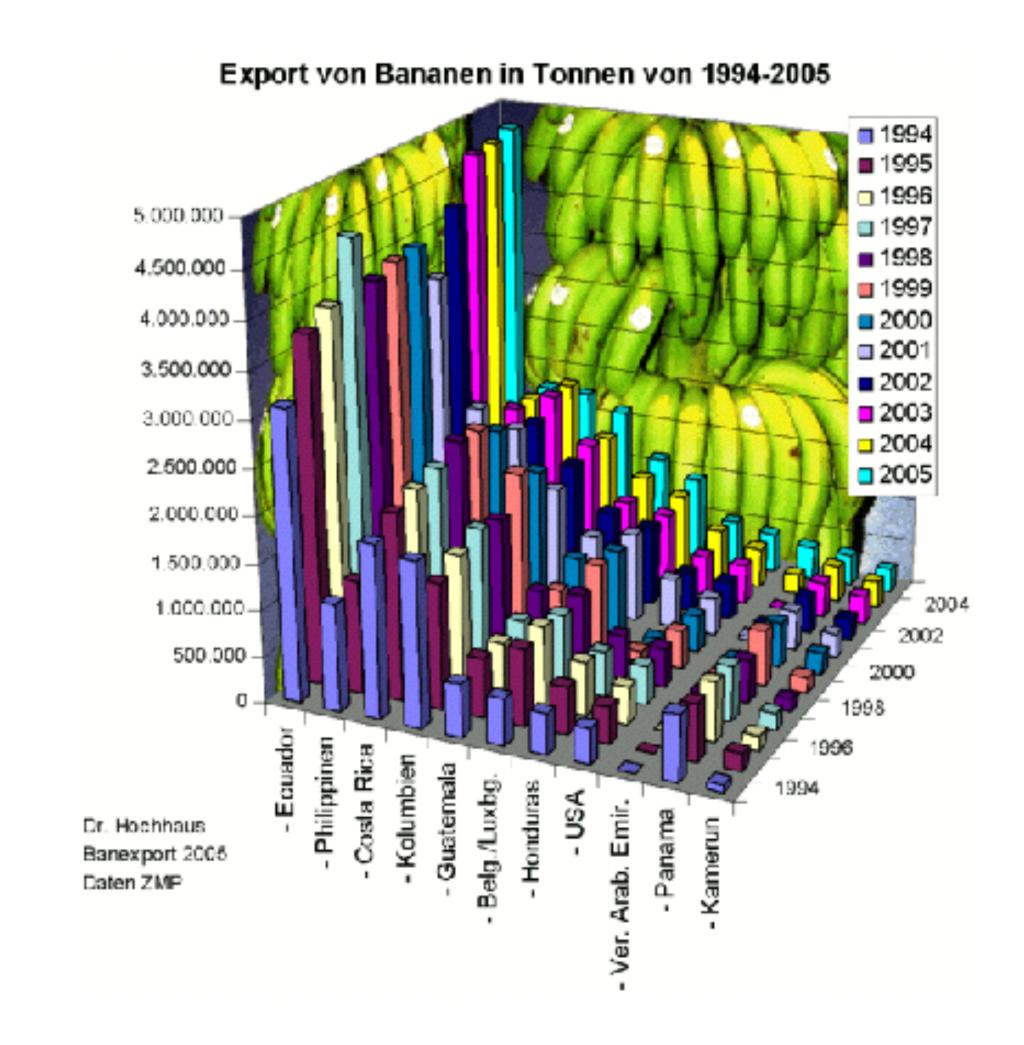
Excel Charts Blog

[via A. Lex]



No Unjustified 3D

- Occlusion hides information
- Perspective distortion dangers
- Tilted text isn't legible
- Can help with shape perception



[via <u>A. Lex</u>]



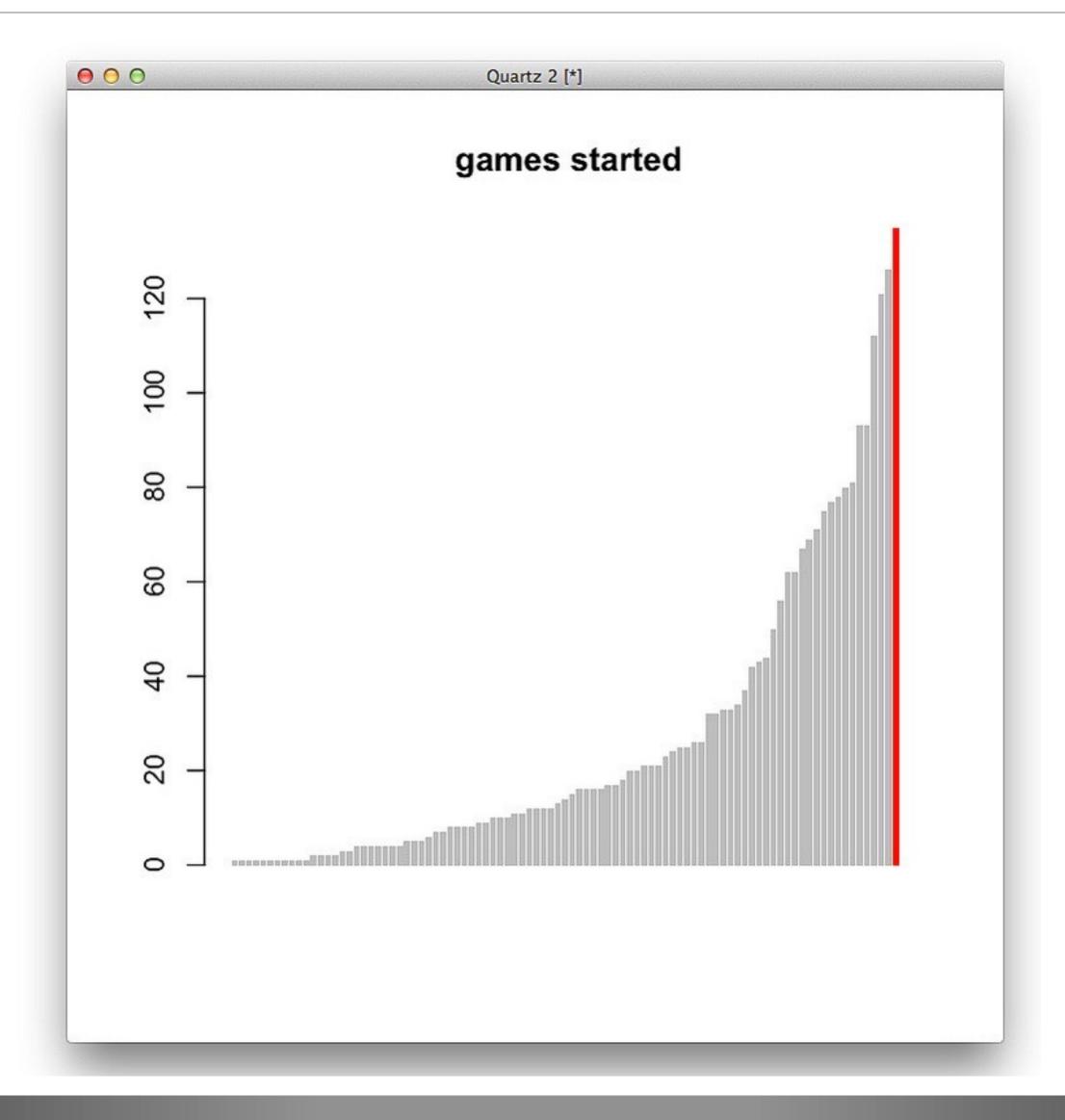
Eyes Beat Memory

- Reduce cognitive load (using up working memory)
- Animation versus side-by-side views
- Change blindness

"Computer-based visualization systems provide visual representations of datasets **designed** to help people carry out tasks more effectively."

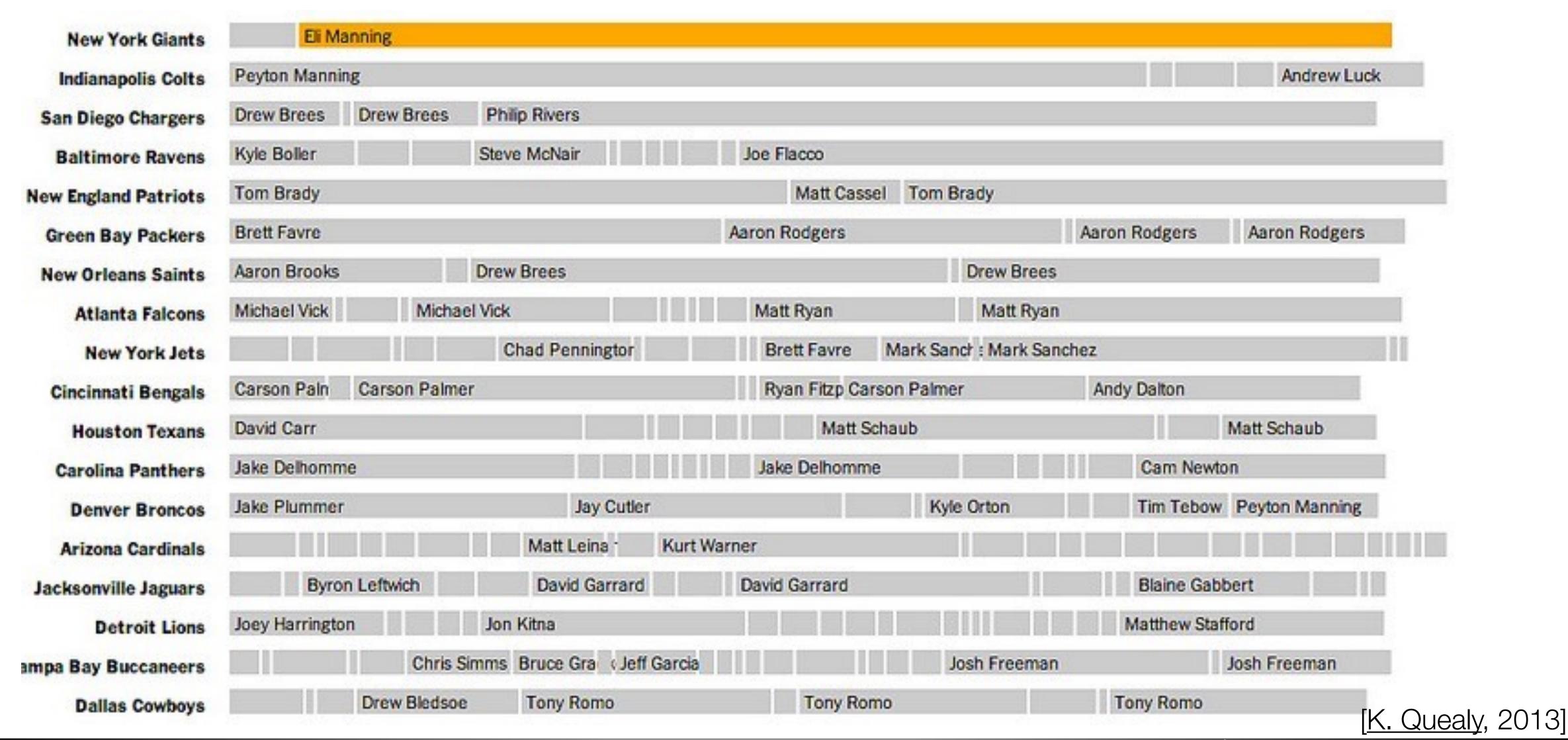
— T. Munzner

Design Iteration

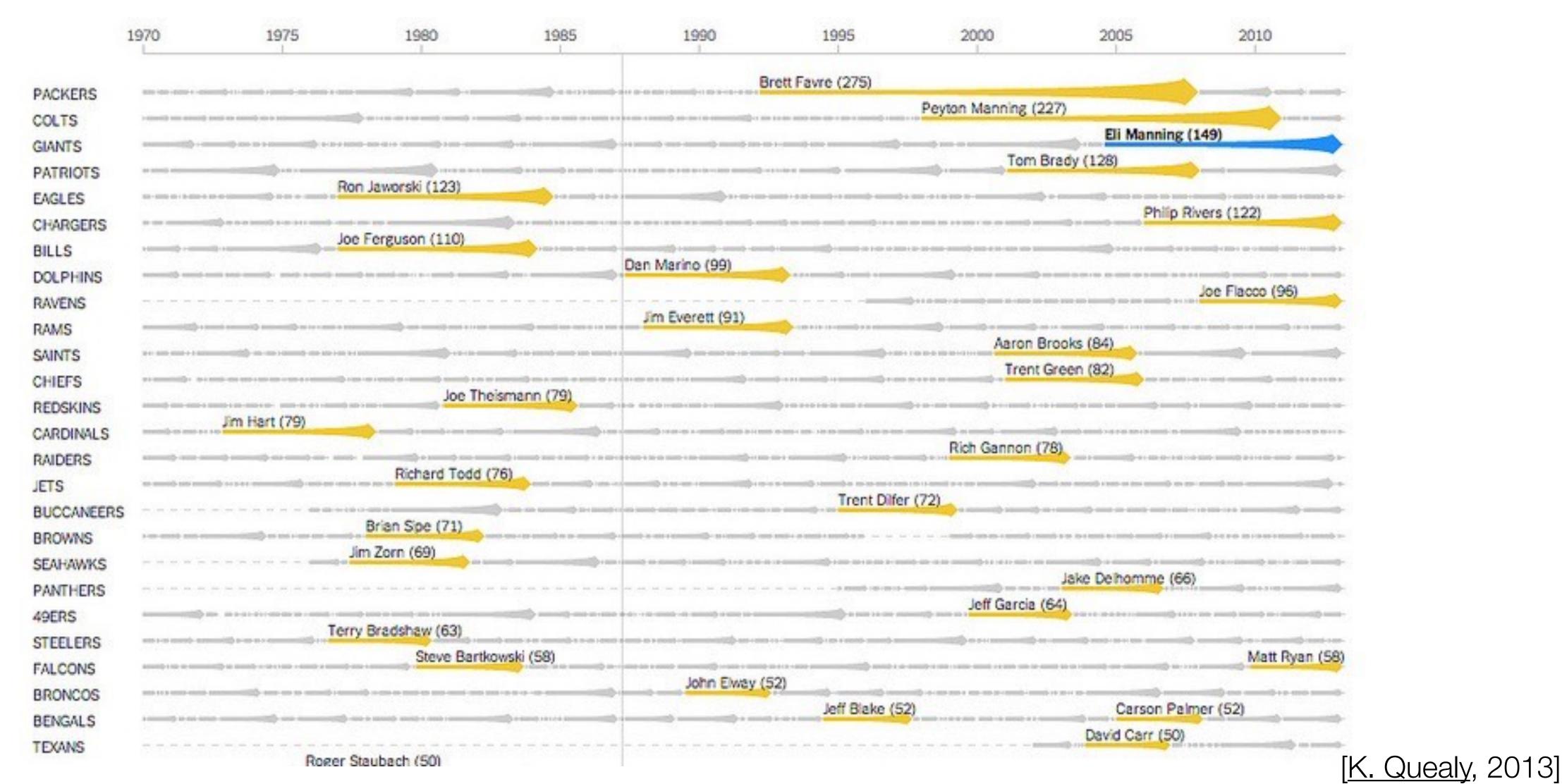


[K. Quealy, 2013]

Design Iteration



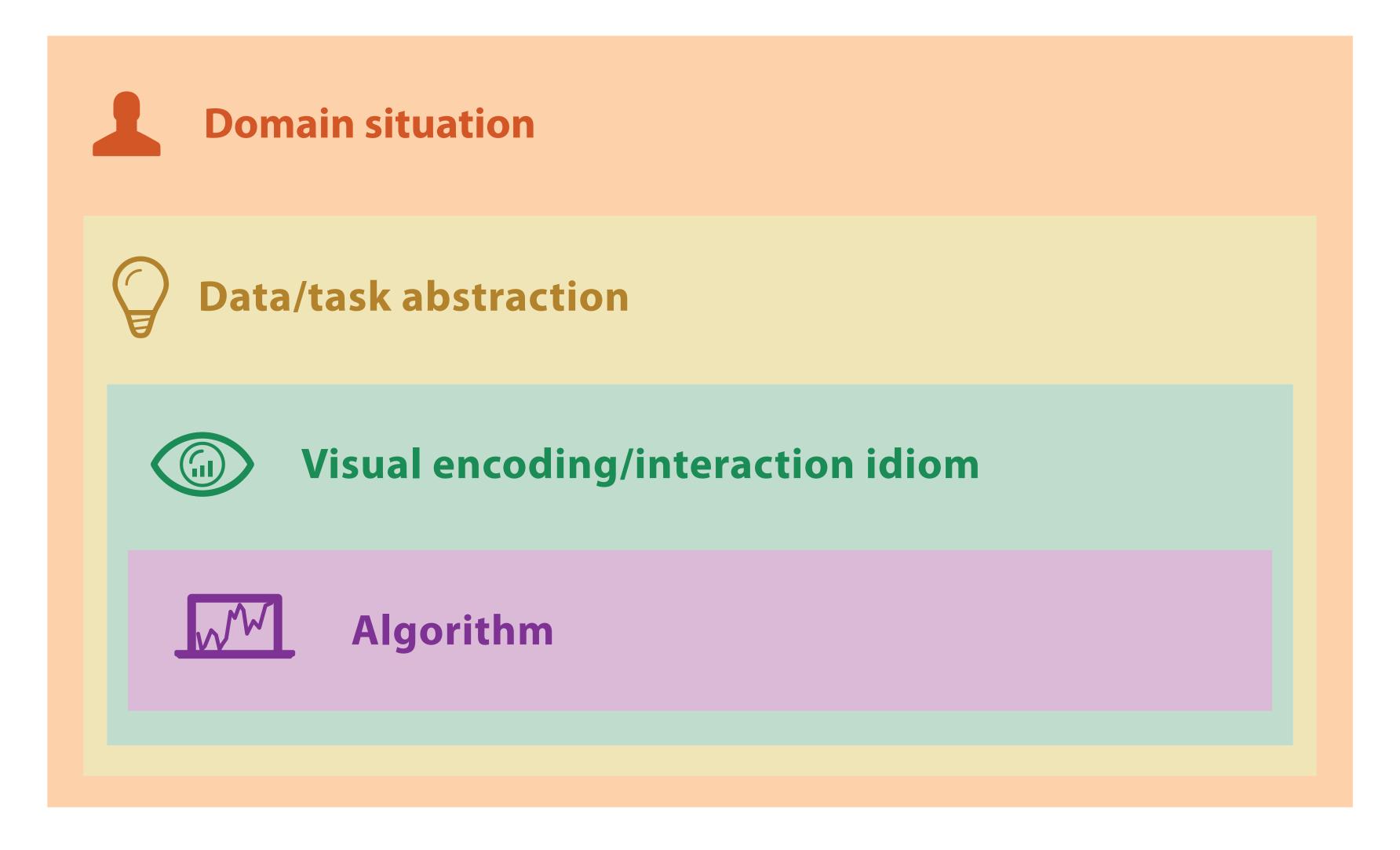
Design Iteration



Design

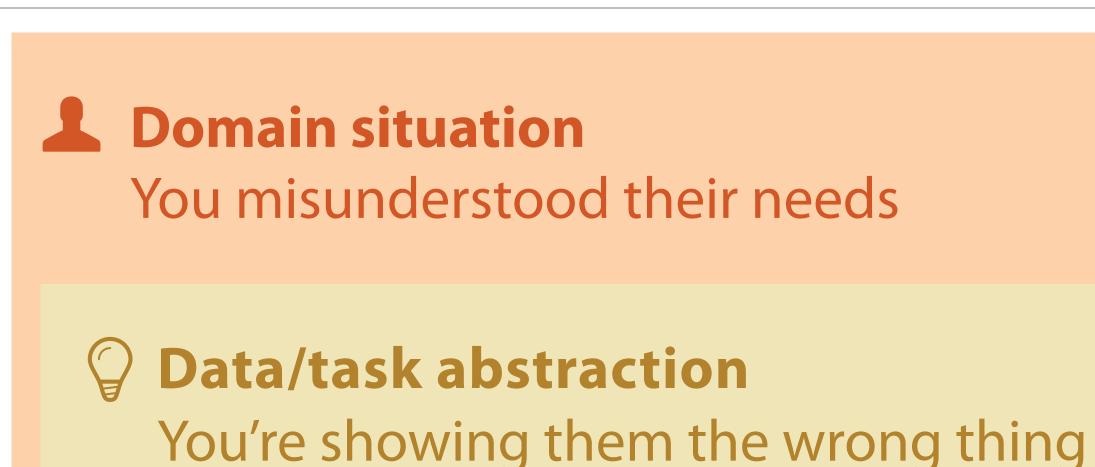
- Unlike a math problem, there are many different approaches for the visualization of some data
- Need to have some way to discuss how to determine whether a visualization is doing what we want
- Validation: Understand why a design is effective
 - What problems can be effective
 - Do this at different levels

Four Nested Levels of Design



[Munzner, 2014]

Potential problems at each level

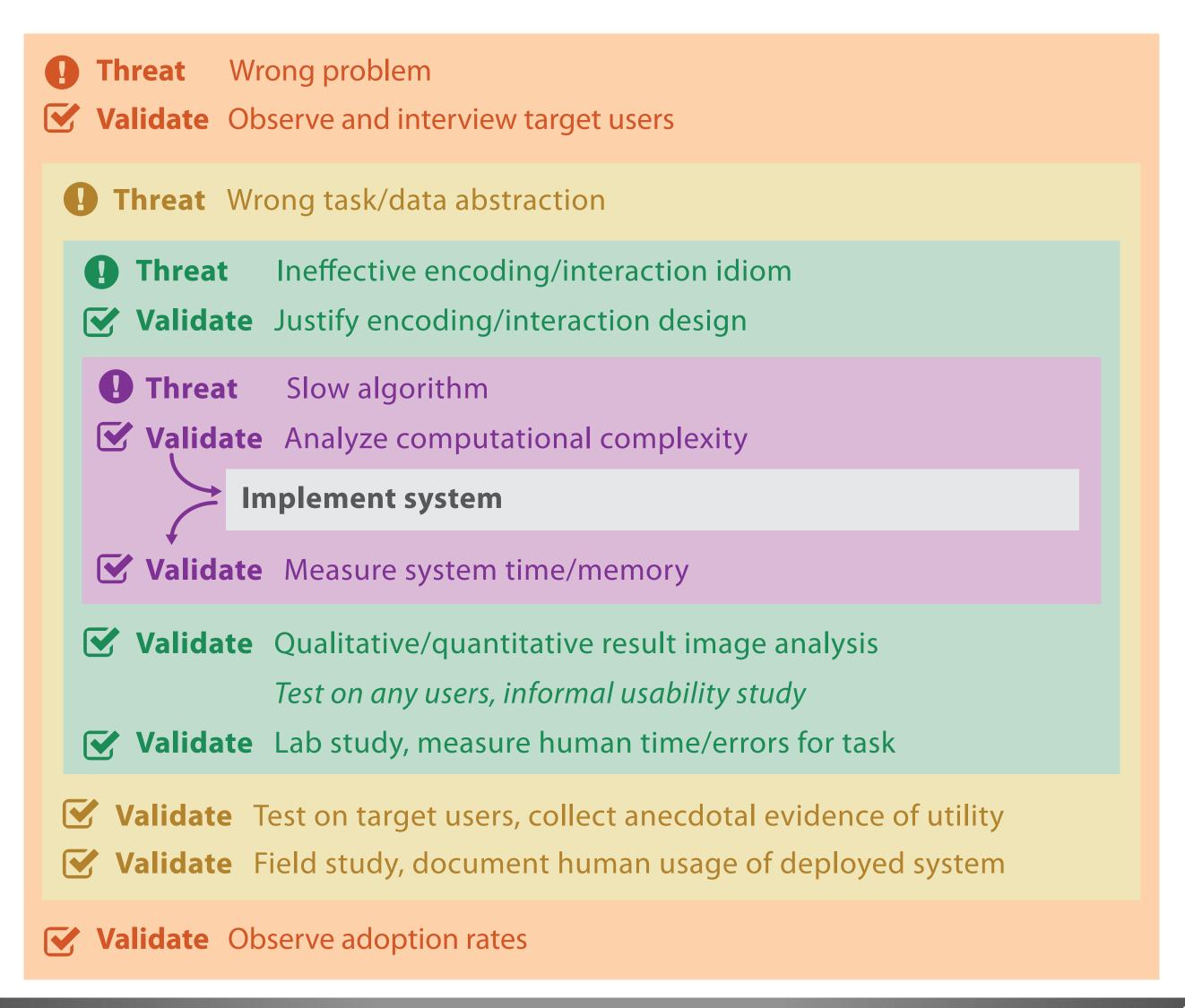


Wisual encoding/interaction idiom
The way you show it doesn't work

Algorithm
Your code is too slow

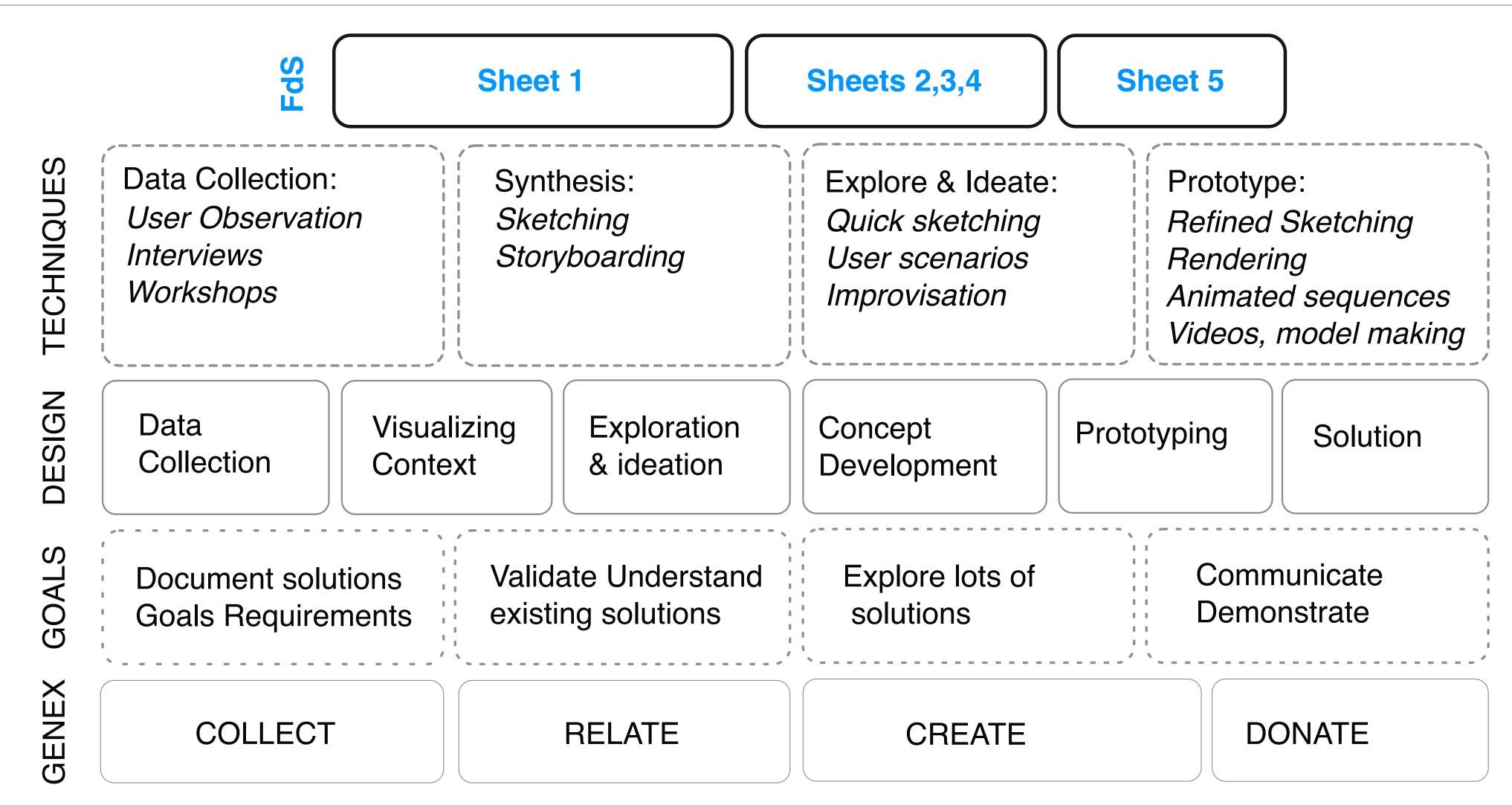
[Munzner, 2014]

Validation at each level



[Munzner, 2014]

Five Design-Sheet Methodology

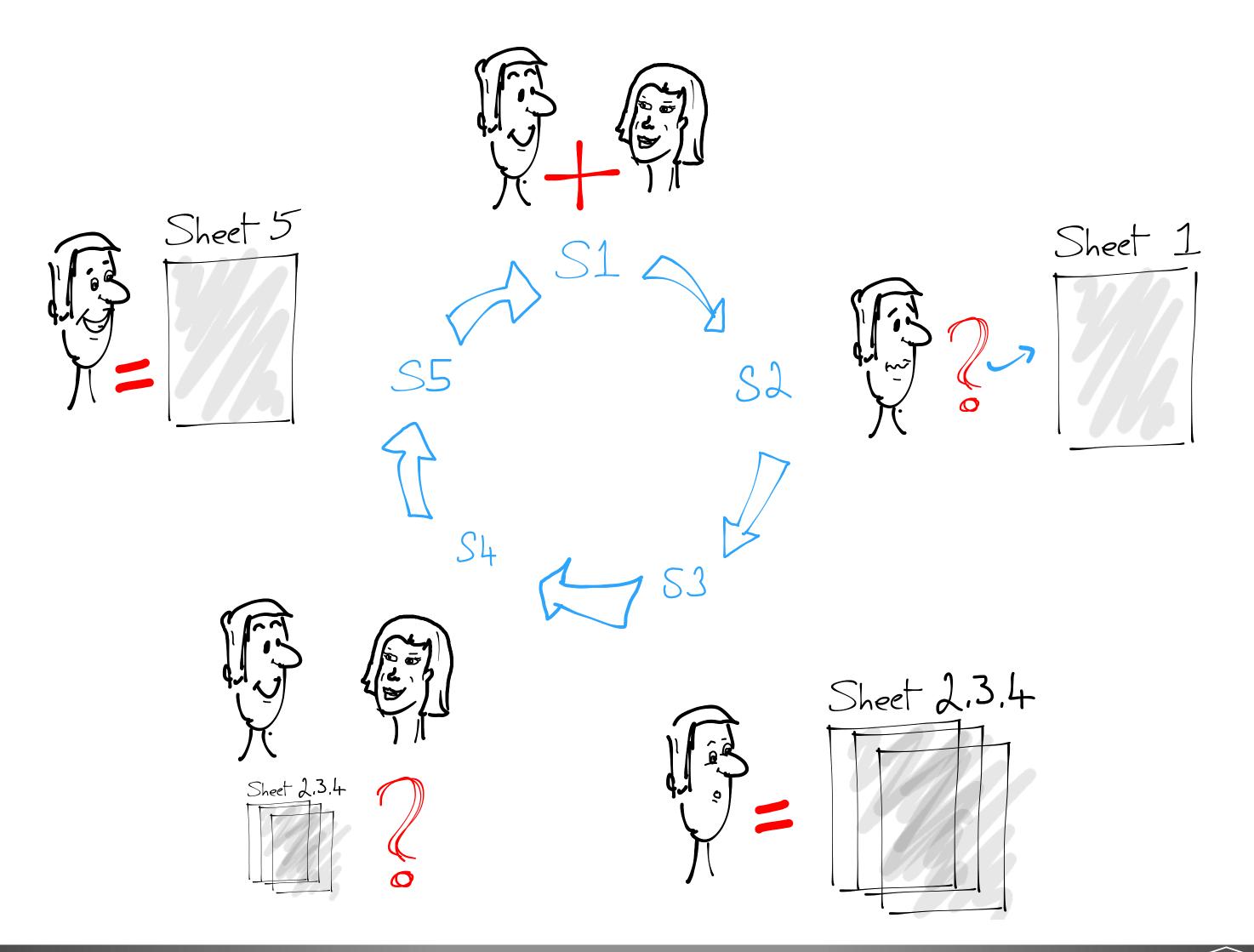




Five Stages

- 1. Meet with client and consider task; or contemplate task on own.
- 2. Ideate and sketch small ideas.
- 3. Sketch and plan three alternative designs.
- 4. Consider solutions with client; or deliberate on own.
- 5. Generate realization sheet, and implement prototype. Discuss with client and re-iterate if necessary.

Five Stages



The Five Sheets

Sheet 1 Ideas

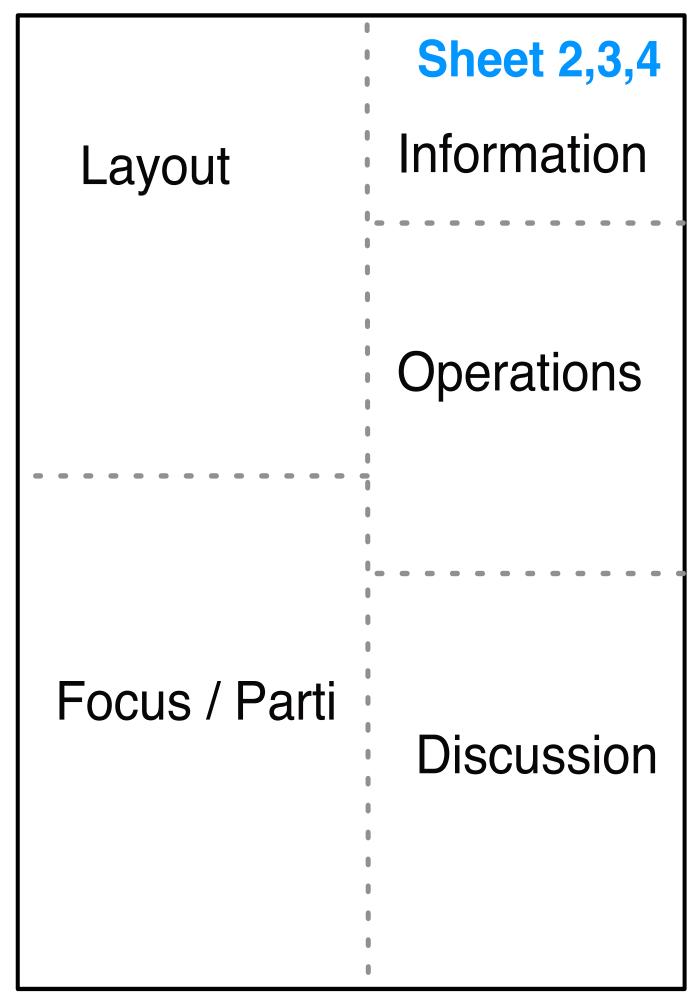
Filter

Categorize

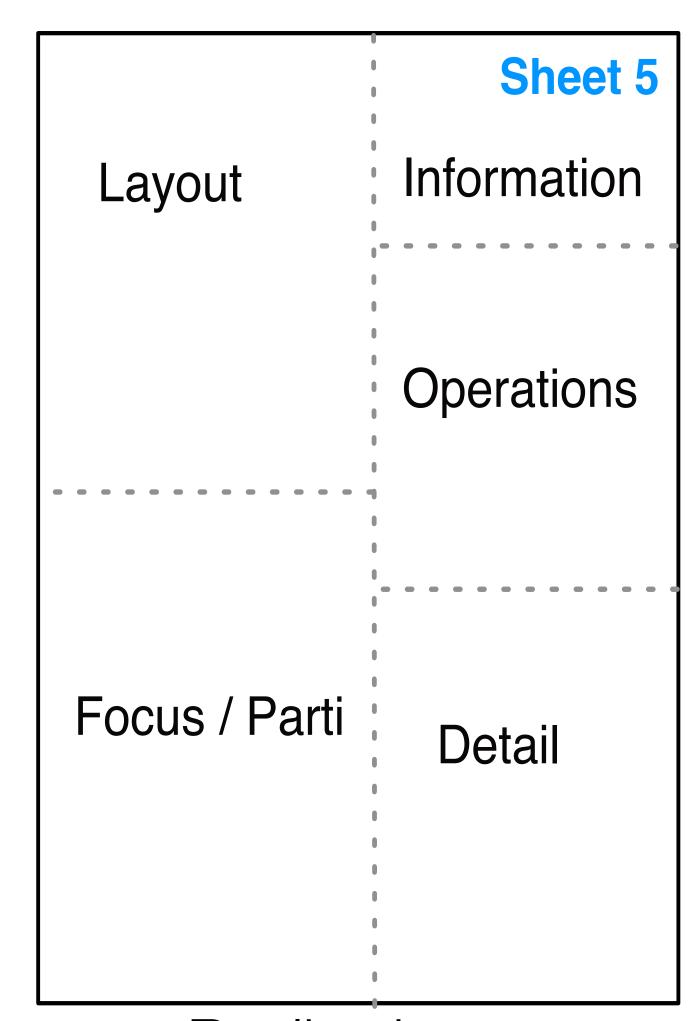
Combine & Refine

Question

Ideation



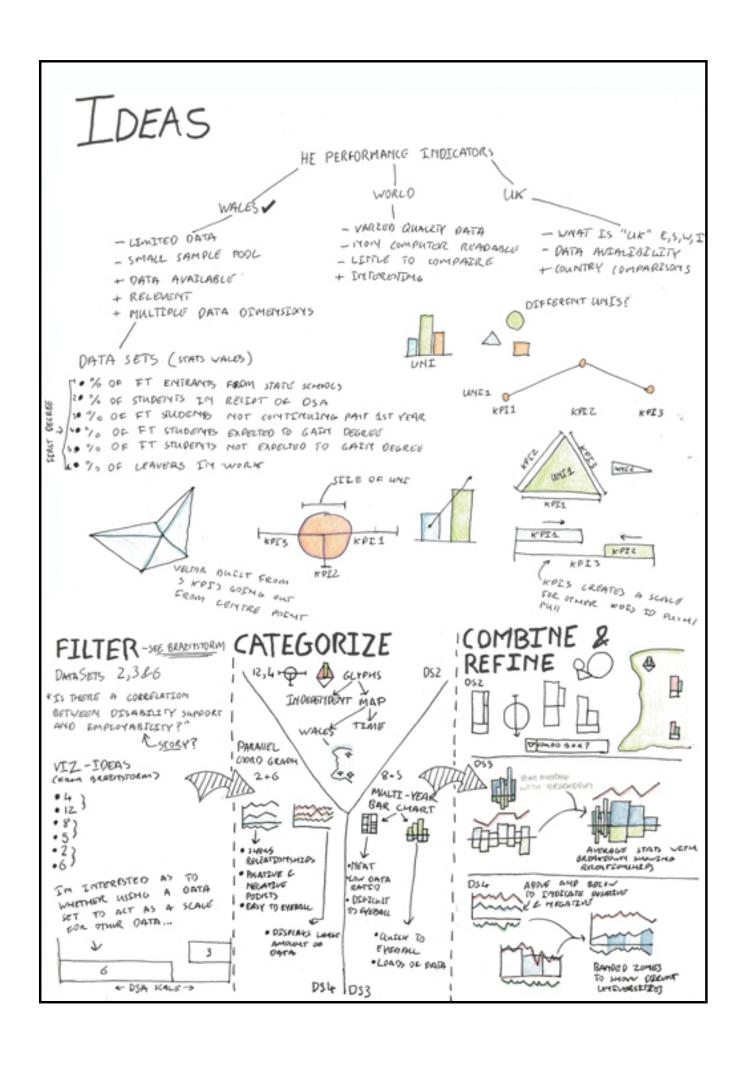
Alternative Designs



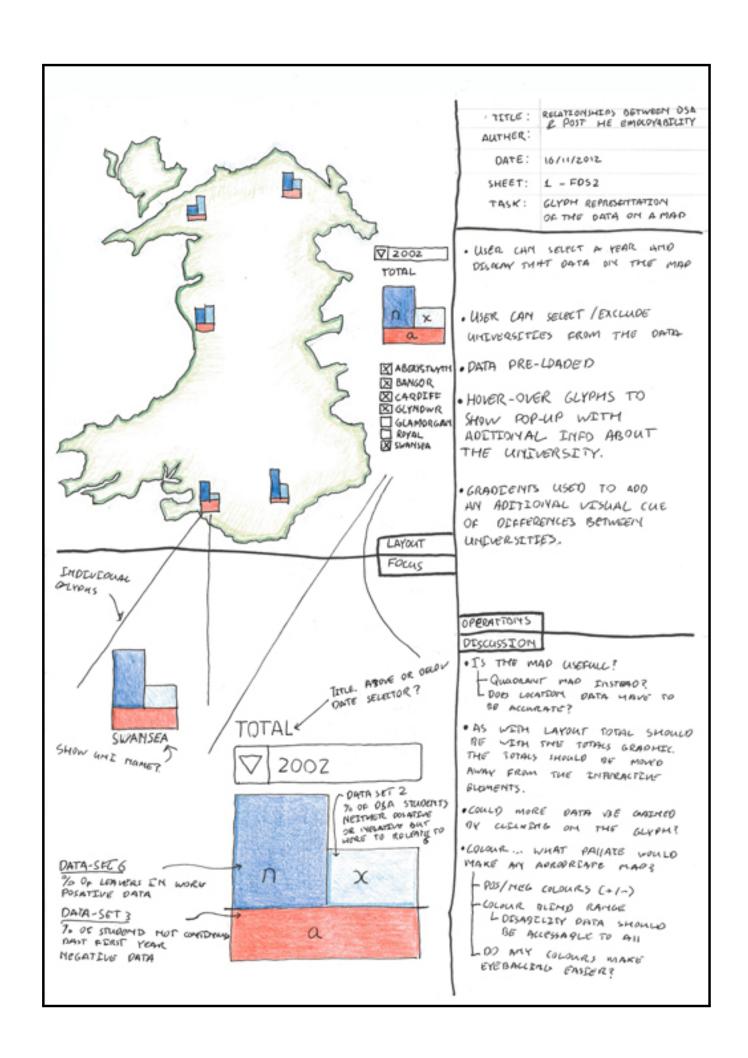
Realization

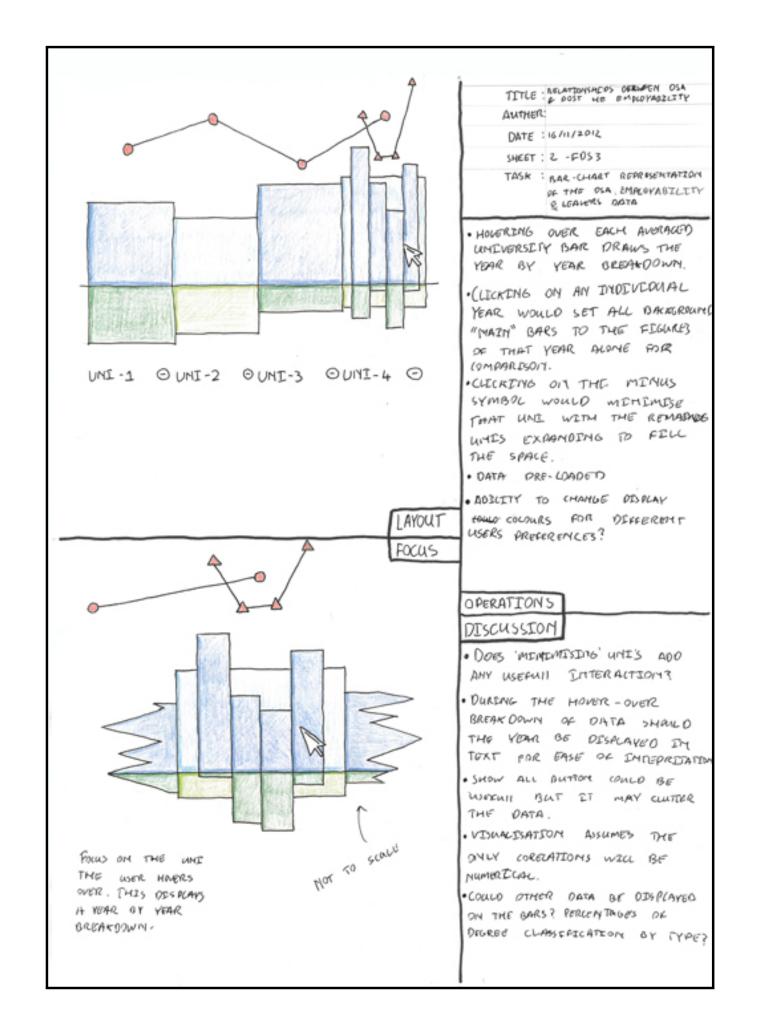


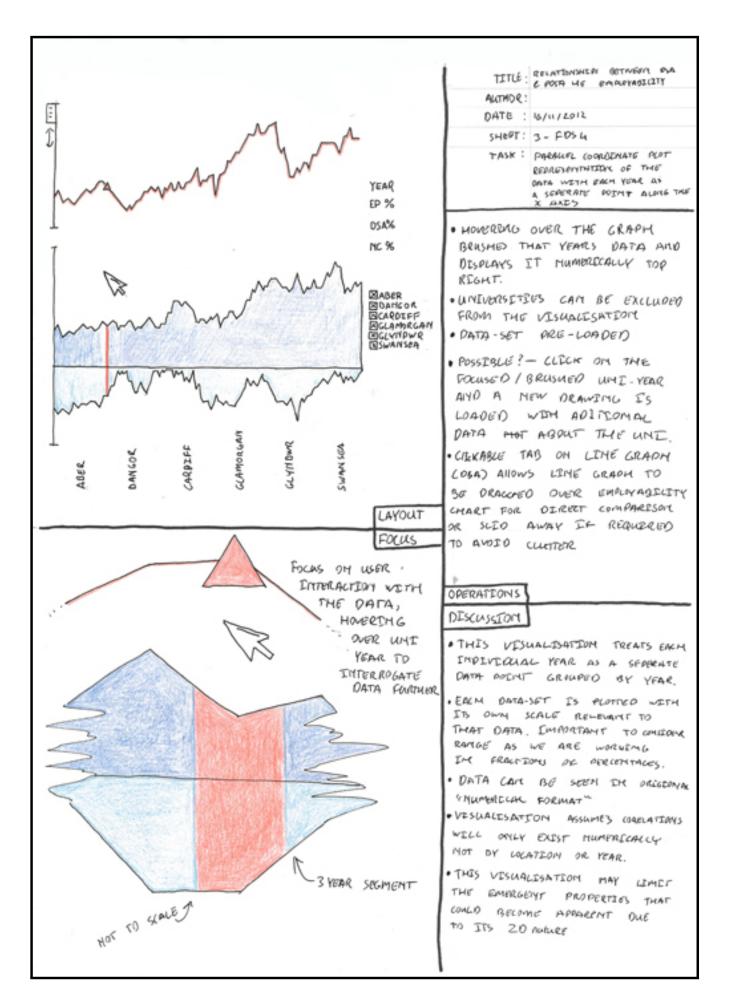
Example: University Access for Disabled Students



Sheets 2-4

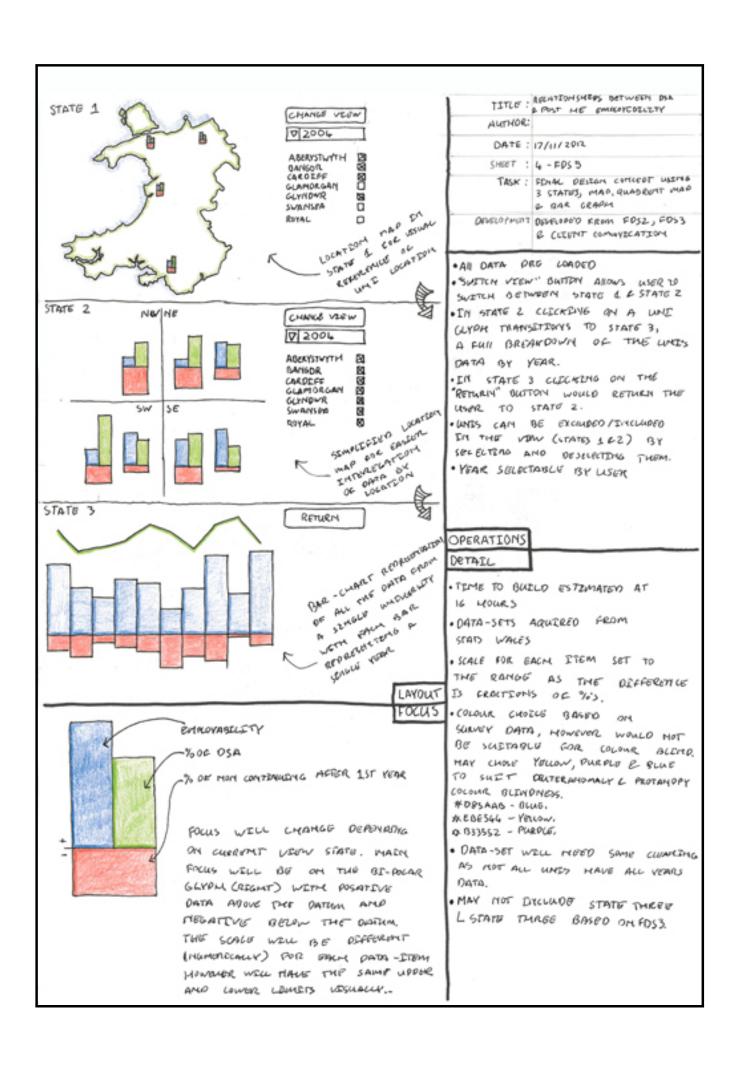








Sheet 5



Prototype

