Data Visualization (CSCI 627/490)

Data

Dr. David Koop





Functional Programming in JavaScript

- Functions are first-class objects in JavaScript
- You can pass a function to a method just like you can pass an integer, string, or object
- Instead of writing loops to process data, we can instead use a map/filter/ reduce/forEach function on the data that runs our logic for each data item
- map: transform each element of an array
- filter: check each element of an array and keep only ones that pass
- forEach: run the function for each element of the array
- reduce: collapse an array to a single object







Example: JavaScript and the DOM

• Start with no real content, just divs:

<div id="firstSection"></div> <div id="secondSection"></div> <div id="finalSection"></div>

- Get existing elements:
 - document.querySelector/querySelectorAll
 - document.getElementById
- Programmatically add elements:
 - document.createElement
 - document.createTextNode
 - Element.appendChild
 - Element.setAttribute

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Bears

Chicago, IL

2018-2019 NFC North Champions



What will happen this year?







Observable's HTML Templating

- Allows JavaScript expressions to be inlined in HTML (or SVG content)
- Use \$ { ... }
- Example:
 - [JavaScript] name = "Prof. Koop"
 - [HTML] Hello, my name is \${name}





Using Observable's HTML Templating

<div id="firstSection">

<h1>Bears</h1>Chicago, IL </div>

<div id="secondSection">

<h2>2018-2019 NFC North Champions</h2> </div>

<div id="finalSection">

\${scores.map((game) => html`\${game.date}:

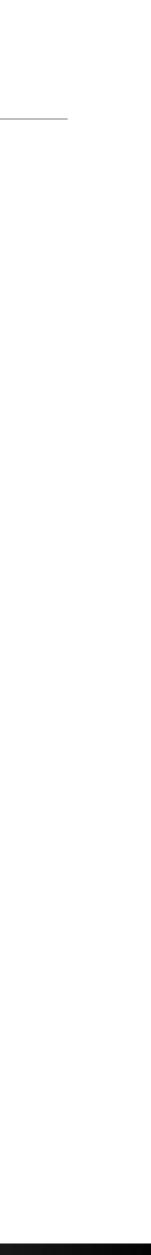
</imq> What will happen this year? </div>

Notebook

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\${game.win ? "Win" : "Loss"} (\${game.score})`)}









SVG Manipulation Example

- Draw a horizontal bar chart
 - -var a = [6, 2, 6, 10, 7, 18, 0, 17, 20, 6];
- Steps:
 - Programmatically create SVG
 - Create individual rectangle for each item
 - ... or use templating
- Notebook



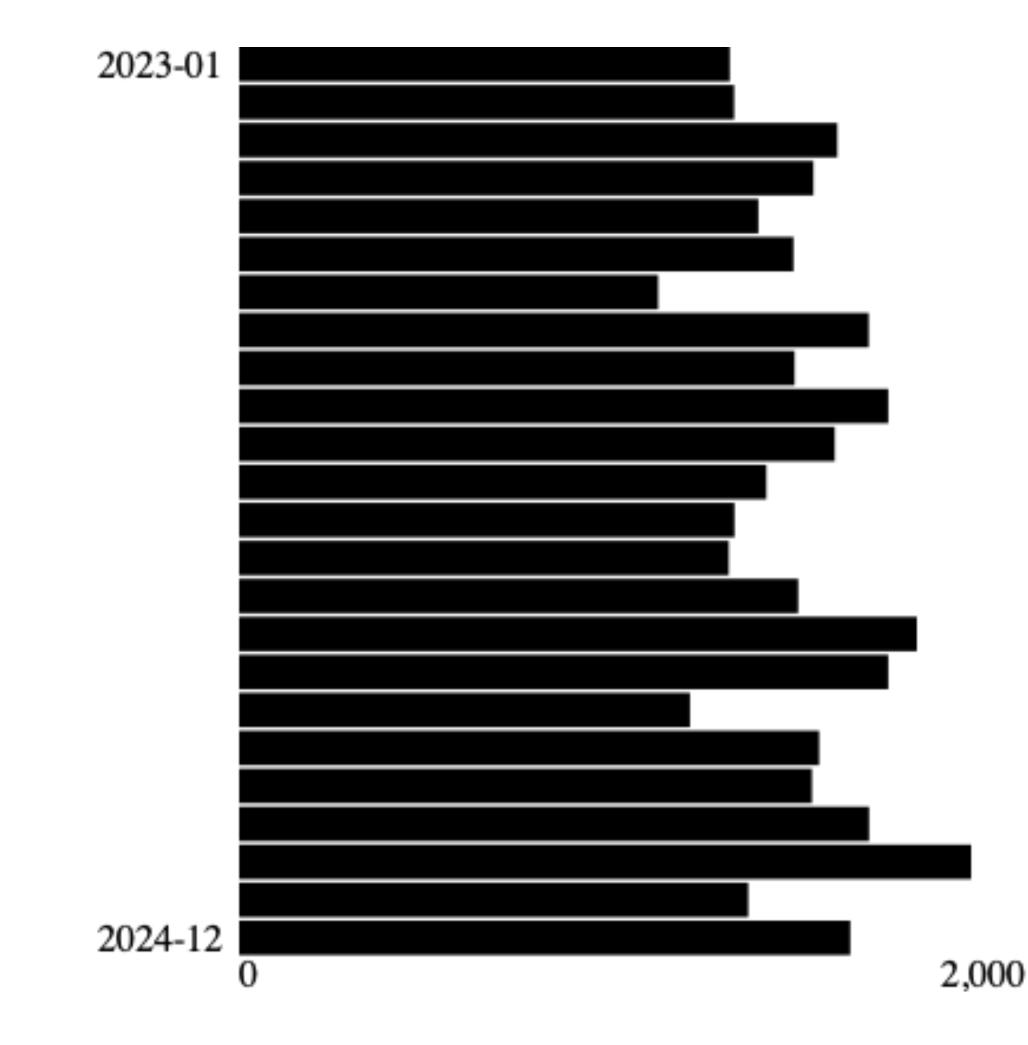






<u>Assignment 2</u>

- Chicago Food Inspections
- Data Processing in JavaScript
- Create Bar Charts using SVGs and JavaScript
- **Do not sort** the data for Parts 2 & 3
- [CSCI 627] Add Interaction









"Computer-based visualization systems provide visual tasks more effectively."

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representations of datasets designed to help people carry out

– T. Munzner

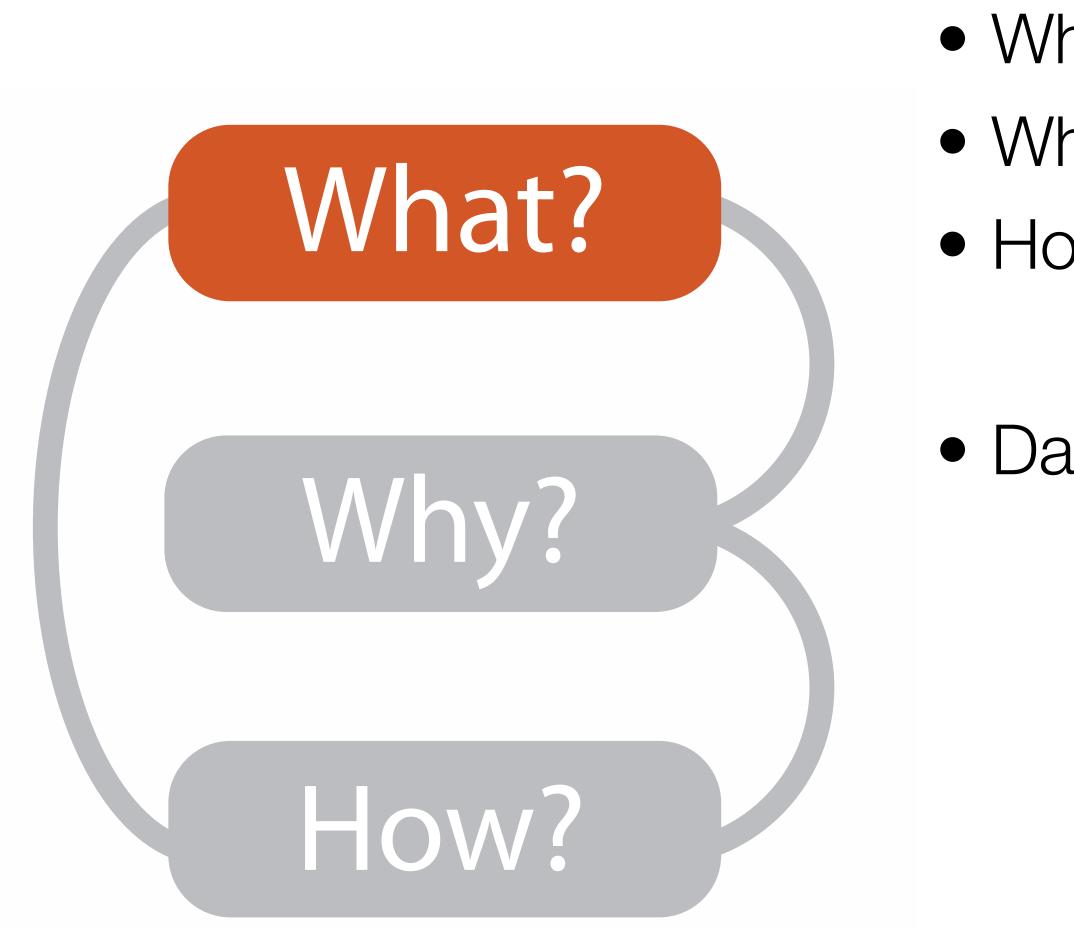








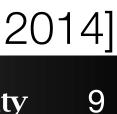




- What? the data • Why? the tasks • How? the techniques
- Data visualization begins with data







Data

• What is this data?

R011	42ND STREET & 8TH AVENUE	00228985	00008471	00000441	00001455	00000134	00033341	00071255
R170	14TH STREET-UNION SQUARE	00224603	00011051	00000827	00003026	00000660	00089367	00199841
R046	42ND STREET & GRAND CENTRAL	00207758	00007908	00000323	00001183	00003001	00040759	00096613

- Semantics: real-world meaning of the data
- Type: structural or mathematical interpretation
- Both often require metadata
 - Sometimes we can infer some of this information
 - Line between data and metadata isn't always clear

this information isn't always clear





- The meaning of the data
- Example: 94023, 90210, 02747, 60115





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 - Attendance at college football games?

0115 nes?





- The meaning of the data
- Example: 94023, 90210, 02747, 60115
 - Attendance at college football games?
 - Salaries?

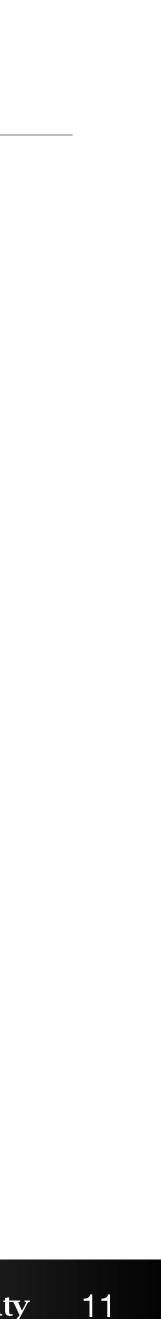
0115 nes?





- The meaning of the data
- Example: 94023, 90210, 02747, 60115
 - Attendance at college football games?
 - Salaries?
 - Zip codes?
- Cannot always infer based on what the data looks like
- Often require semantics to better understand data
- Column names help with semantics
- May also include rules about data: a zip code is part of an address that uniquely identifies a residence
- Useful for asking good questions about the data





Data

	REMOTE	STATION	FF V	SEN/DIS	7-D AFAS UNL	D AFAS/RMF L	JOINT RR TKT	7-D UNL	30-D UNL
1	R011	42ND STREET & 8TH AVENUE	00228985	00008471	00000441	00001455	00000134	00033341	00071255
2	R170	14TH STREET-UNION SQUARE	00224603	00011051	00000827	00003026	00000660	00089367	00199841
3	R046	42ND STREET & GRAND CENTRAL	00207758	00007908	00000323	00001183	00003001	00040759	00096613
4	R012	34TH STREET & 8TH AVENUE	00188311	00006490	00000498	00001279	00003622	00035527	00067483
5	R293	34TH STREET – PENN STATION	00168768	00006155	00000523	00001065	00005031	00030645	00054376
6	R033	42ND STREET/TIMES SQUARE	00159382	00005945	00000378	00001205	00000690	00058931	00078644
7	R022	34TH STREET & 6TH AVENUE	00156008	00006276	00000487	00001543	00000712	00058910	00110466
8	R084	59TH STREET/COLUMBUS CIRCLE	00155262	00009484	00000589	00002071	00000542	00053397	00113966
9	R020	47-50 STREETS/ROCKEFELLER	00143500	00006402	00000384	00001159	00000723	00037978	00090745
10	R179	86TH STREET-LEXINGTON AVE	00142169	00010367	00000470	00001839	00000271	00050328	00125250
11	R023	34TH STREET & 6TH AVENUE	00134052	00005005	00000348	00001112	00000649	00031531	00075040
12	R029	PARK PLACE	00121614	00004311	00000287	00000931	00000792	00025404	00065362
13	R047	42ND STREET & GRAND CENTRAL	00100742	00004273	00000185	00000704	00001241	00022808	00068216







Data Terminology

- Items
 - An item is an individual discrete entity
 - e.g. row in a table, node in a network
- Attributes
 - An attribute is some specific prop logged
 - a.k.a. variable, (data) dimension
 - e.g. a column in a table

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ntity ork

- An attribute is some specific property that can be measured, observed, or





Items & Attributes

Α	В	С	S	Т	U
Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	0.8	10/21/06
6	2/21/08	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.55	2/22/08
32	7/16/07	2-High	Small Pack	0.79	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Jumbo Box	•1 .	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	attribute	7/18/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.03	7/18/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.52	10/24/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box	0.58	10/25/07
36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	0.55	11/3/07
65	3/18/07	1-Urgent	Small Pack	0.49	3/19/07
66			Wrap Bag	0.56	1/20/05
69	itom 5	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.44	6/6/05
69	5	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.6	6/6/05
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Small Box	0.59	12/23/06
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.82	12/23/06
96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/05
97	1/29/06	3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/06
129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.6	5/11/08
132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Medium Box	0.6	6/12/06
132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Jumbo Box	0.69	6/14/06
134	5/1/08	4-Not Specified	Large Box	0.82	5/3/08
135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.64	10/23/07
166	9/12/07	2-High	Small Box	0.55	9/14/07
193	8/8/06	1-Urgent	Medium Box	0.57	8/10/06
194	4/5/08	3-Medium	Wrap Bag	0.42	4/7/08





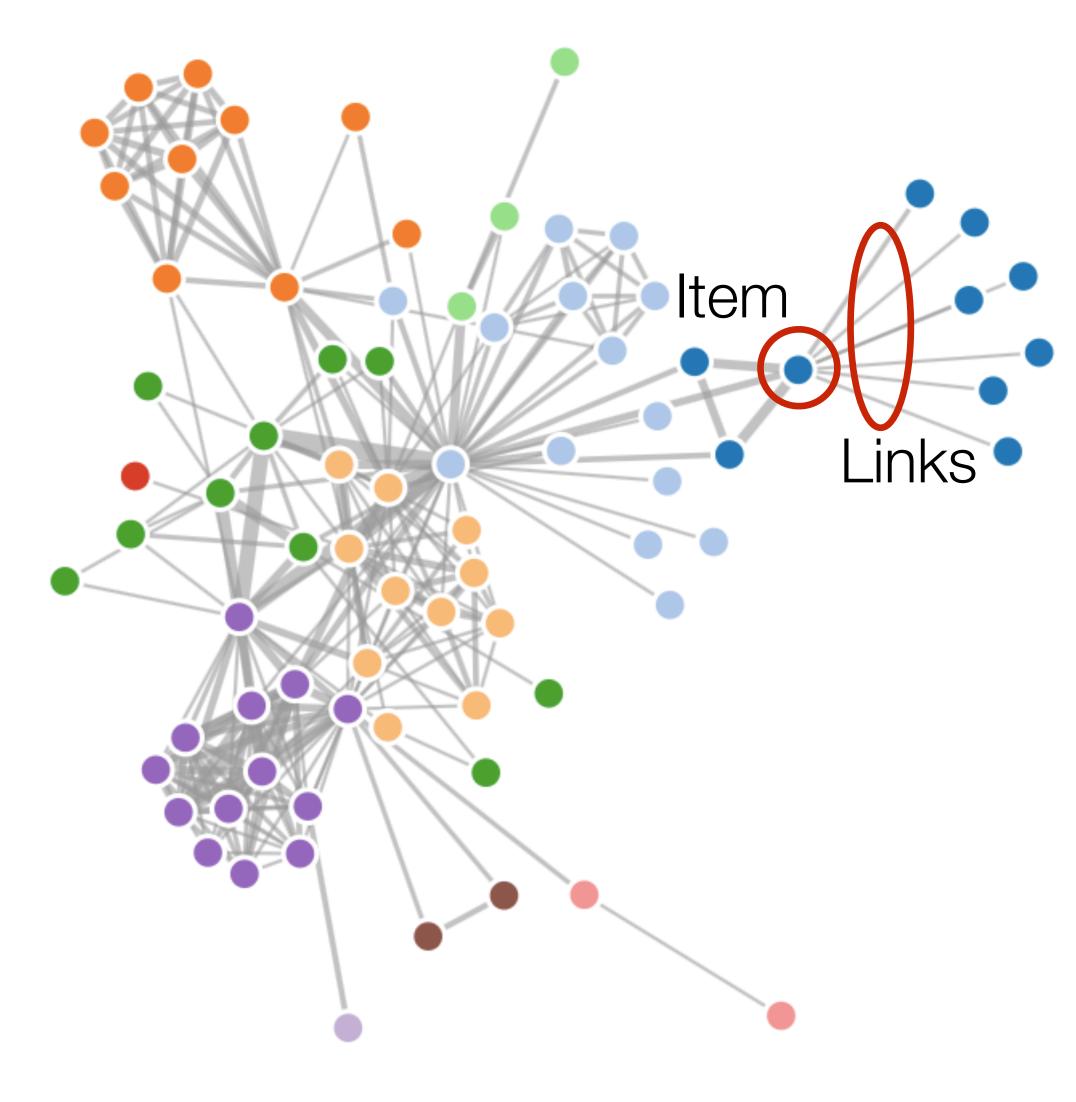
Data Types

- Nodes
 - Synonym for item but in the context of networks (graphs)
- Links
 - A **link** is a relation between two items
 - e.g. social network friends, computer network links





Items & Links









Data Types

- Positions:
 - A **position** is a location in space (usually 2D or 3D)
 - May be subject to projections
 - e.g. cities on a map, a sampled region in an CT scan
- Grids:

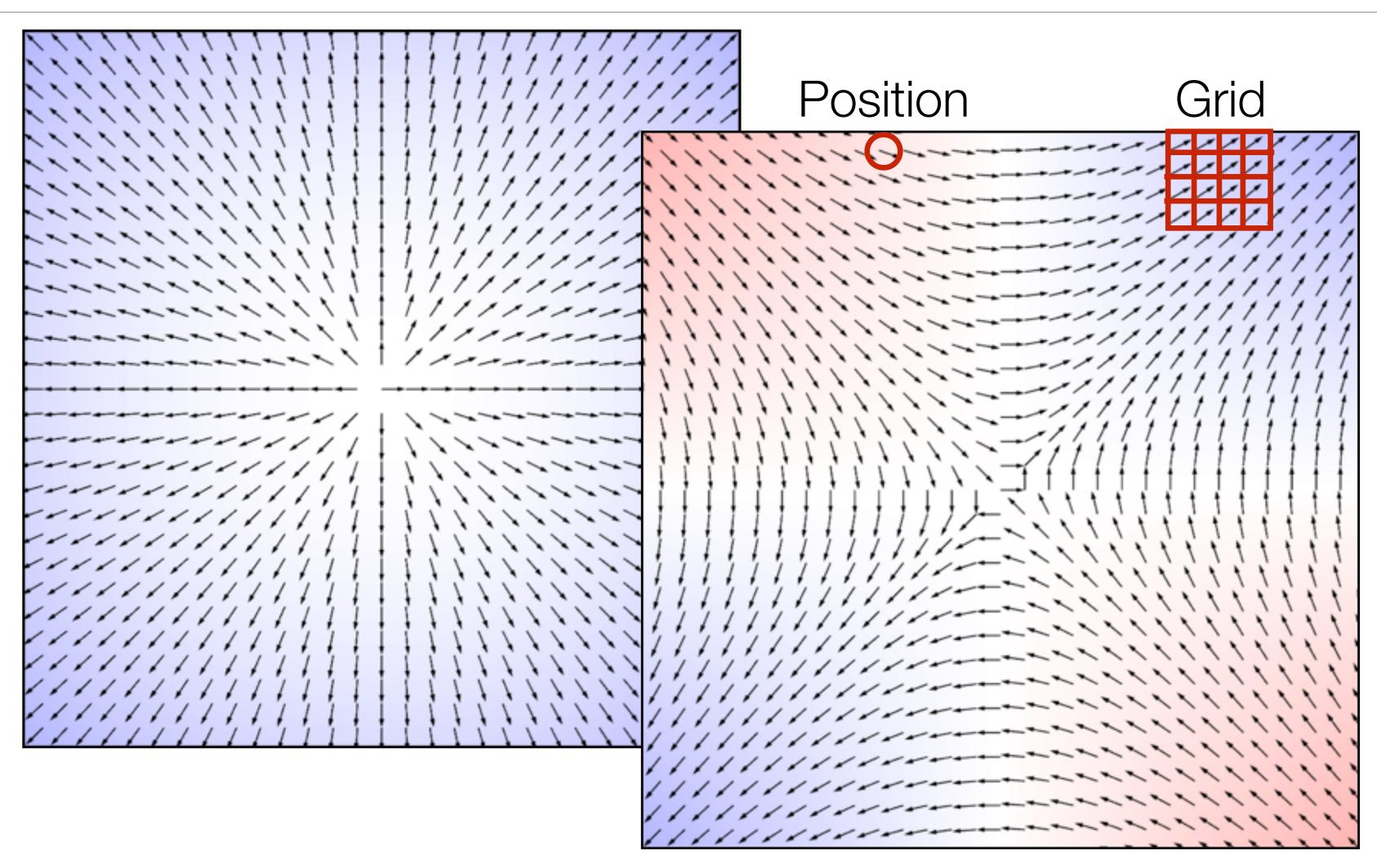
 - e.g. how CT scan data is stored

- A grid specifies how data is sampled both geometrically and topologically





Positions and Grids

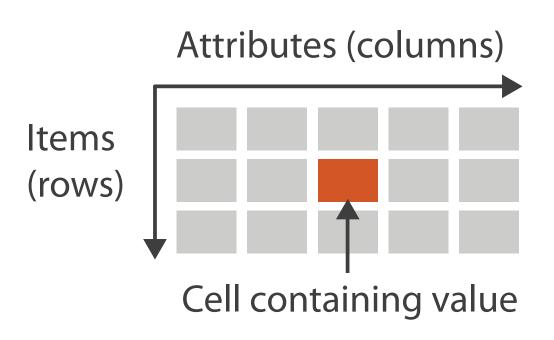




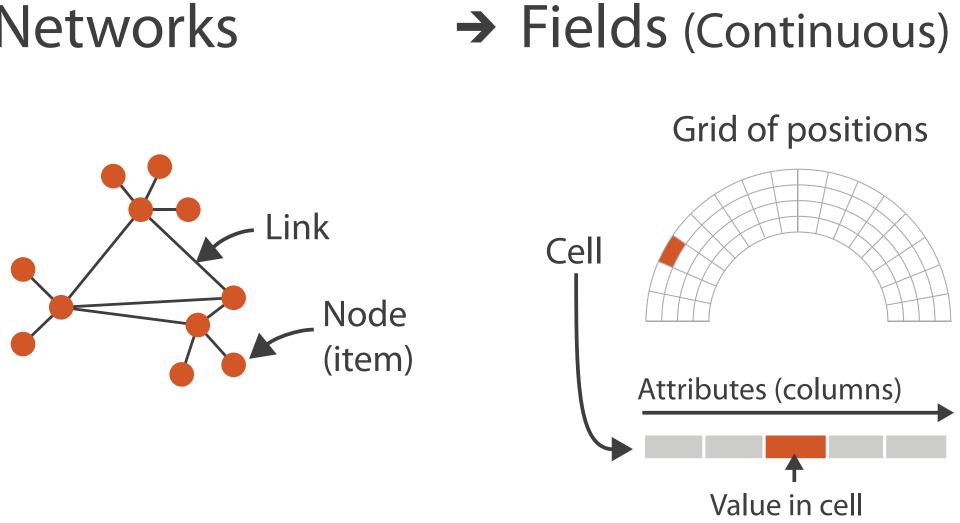


Dataset Types

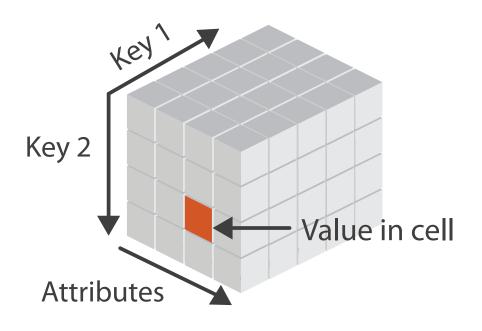
→ Tables



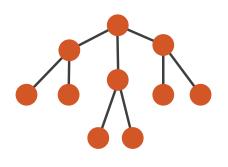
→ Networks



 \rightarrow Multidimensional Table

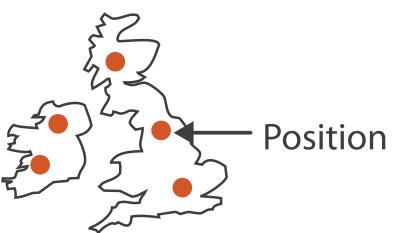






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→ Geometry (Spatial)









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Tables

Α	В	С	S	Т	U
Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	0.8	10/21/06
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32	7/16/07	2-High	Jumbo Box	•1 .	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	attribute	7/18/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.05	7/18/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.52	10/24/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box	0.58	10/25/07
36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	0.55	11/3/07
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135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.64	10/23/07
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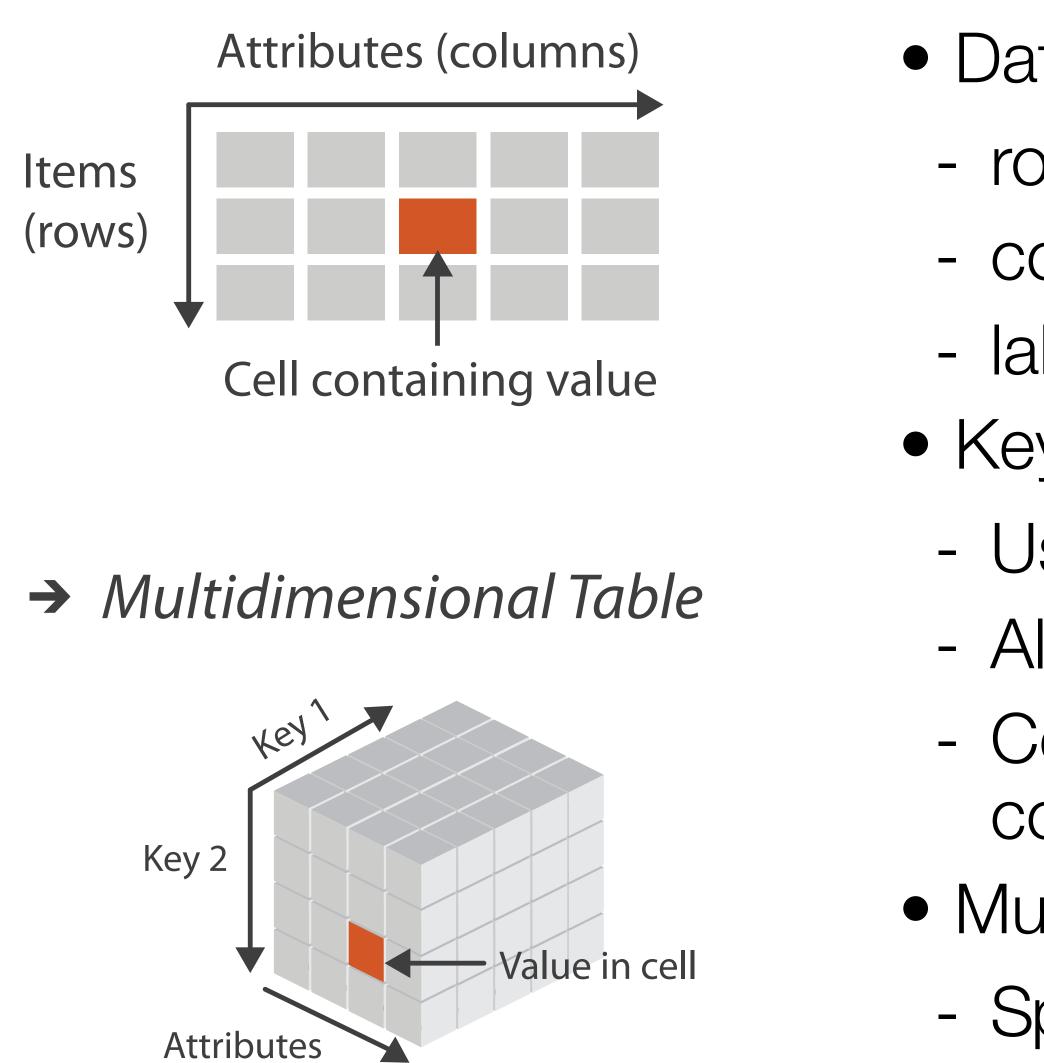








Tables



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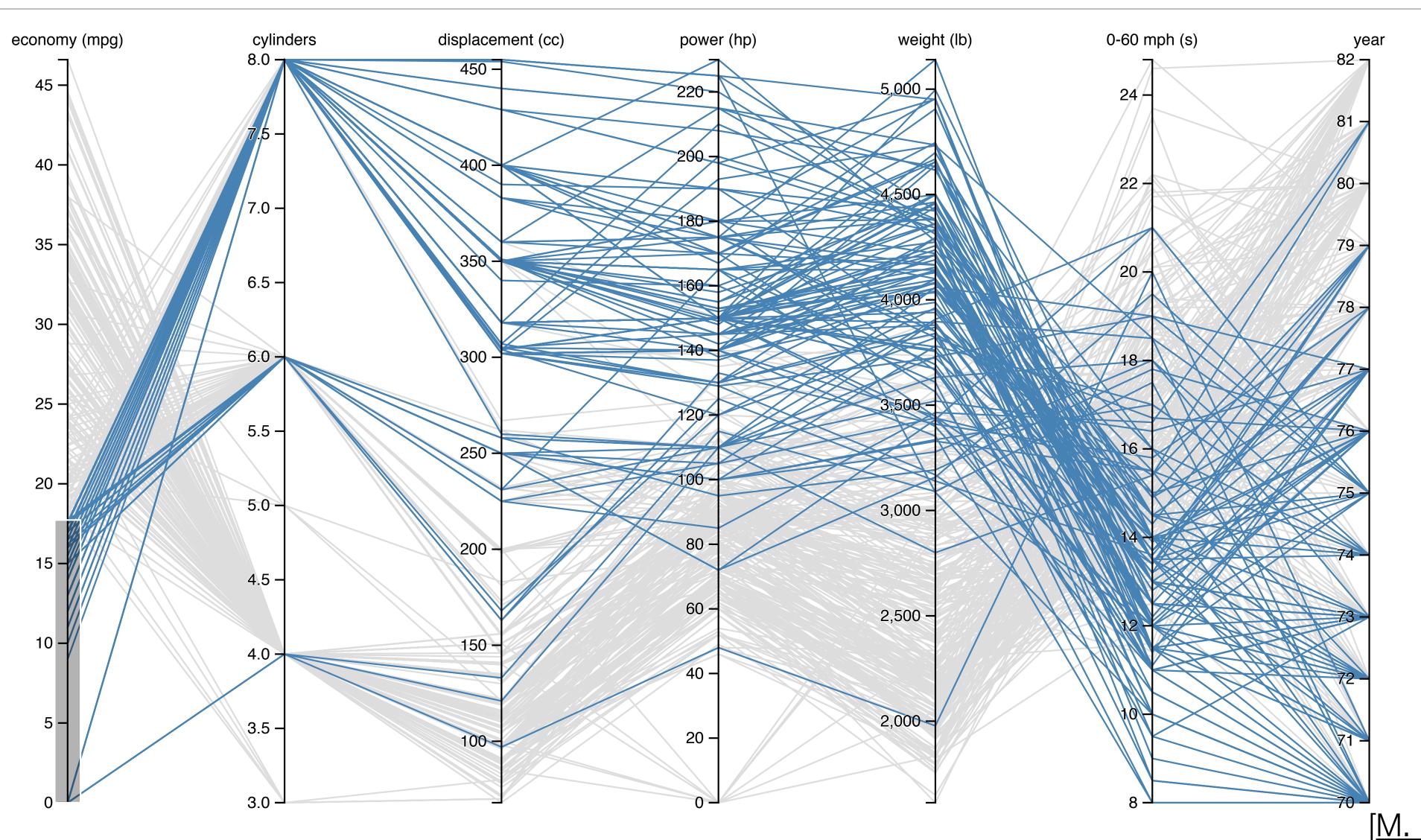
- Data organized by rows & columns
 - row ~ item (usually)
 - column ~ attribute
 - label ~ attribute name
- Key: identifies each item (row)
 - Usually unique
 - Allows join of data from 2+ tables
- Compound key: key split among multiple columns, e.g. (state, year) for population
 Multidimensional:
 - Split compound key: data cube with (state, year)

[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]





Table Visualizations











Networks

- Why networks instead of graphs?
- Tables can represent networks
 - Many-many relationships
 - Also can be stored as specific graph databases or files

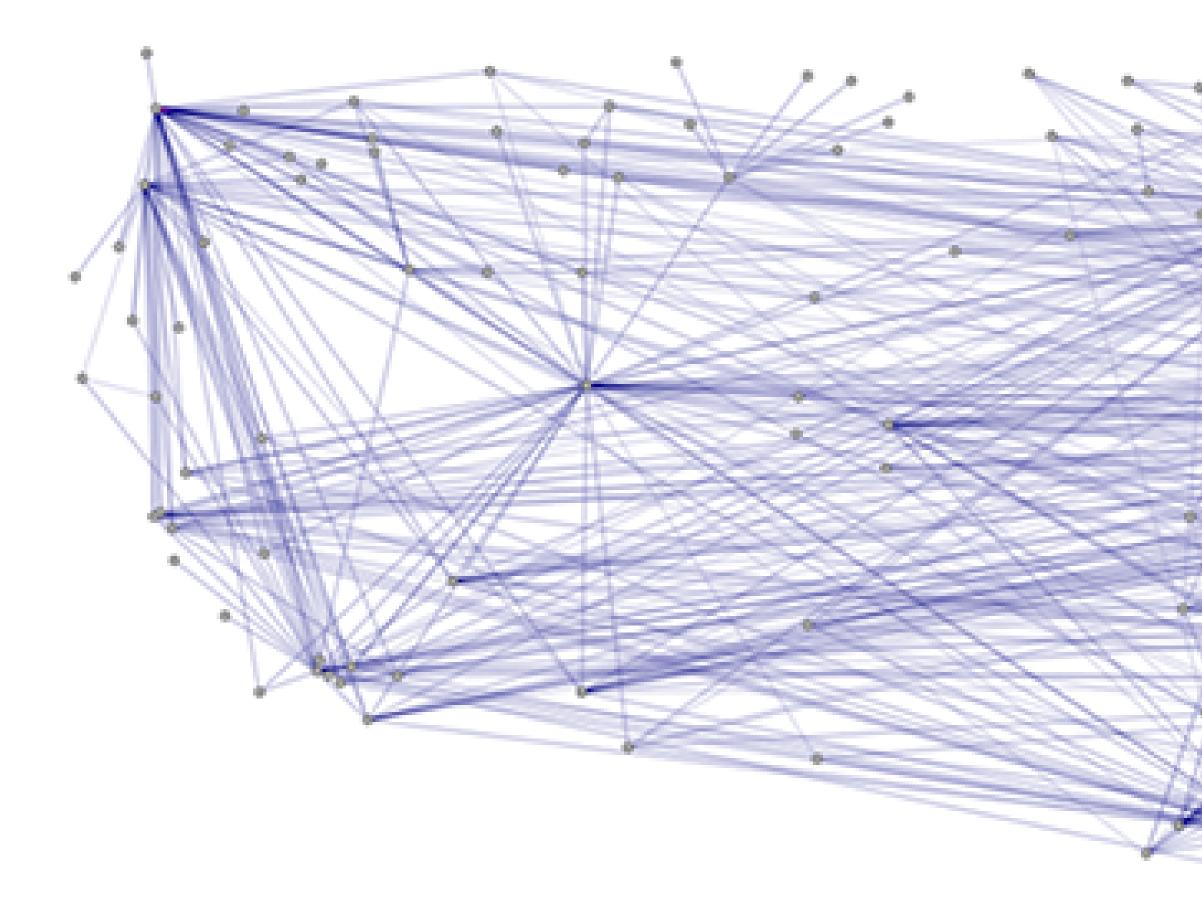








Networks



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Northern Illinois University 24







Networks

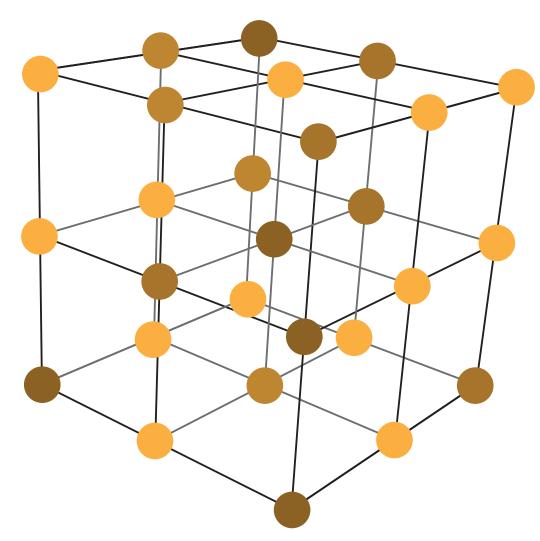


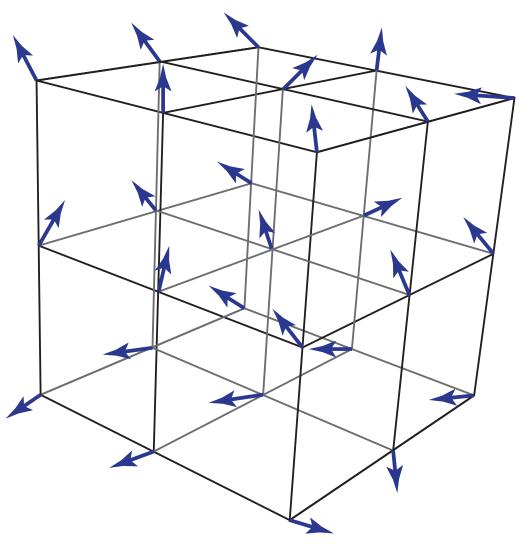






Fields





Scalar Fields (Order-0 Tensor Fields)



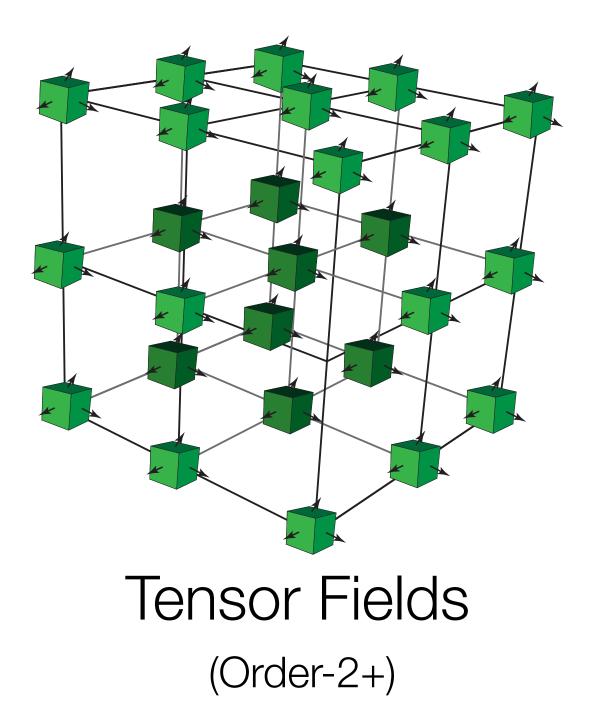
Each point in space has an associated...

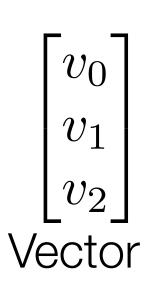
 s_0

Scalar

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Vector Fields (Order-1 Tensor Fields)





σ_{00}	σ_{01}	σ_{02}					
σ_{10}	σ_{11}	σ_{12}					
σ_{20}	σ_{21}	σ_{22}					
Tensor							



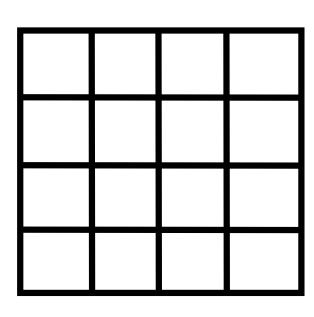


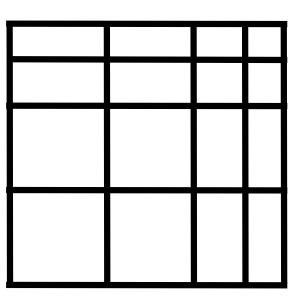




Fields

- Difference between continuous and discrete values
- Examples: temperature, pressure, density
- Grids necessary to sample continuous data:

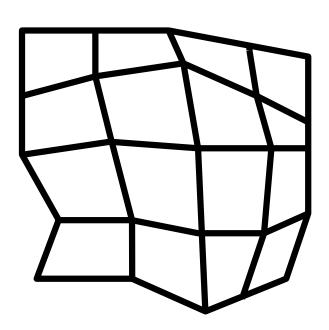


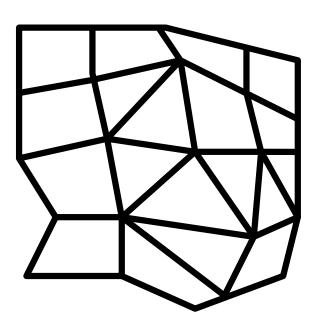


uniform rectilinear

do not mislead"

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structured

unstructured [Weiskopf, Machiraju, Möller]

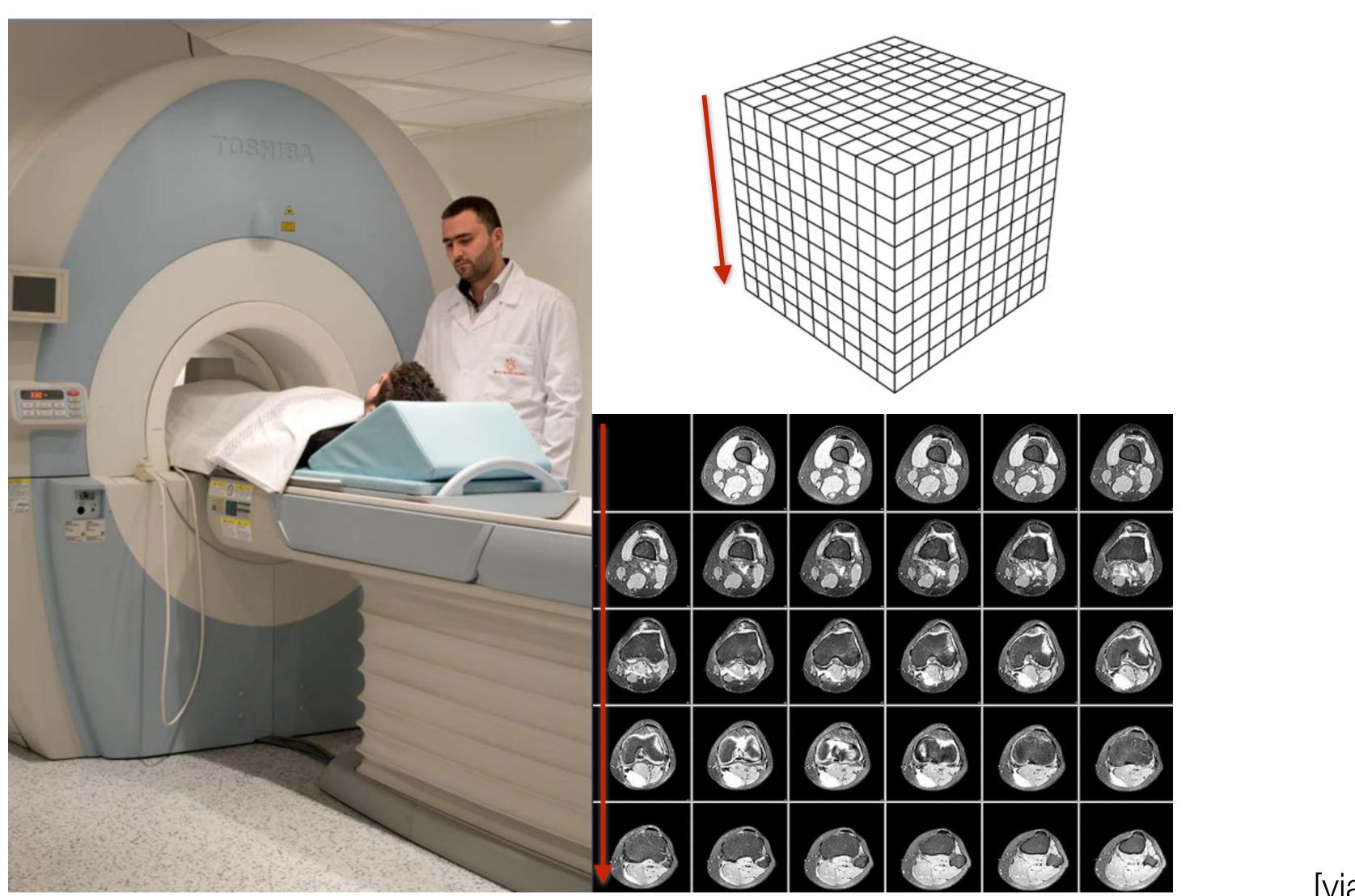
• Interpolation: "how to show values between the sampled points in ways that







Spatial Data Example: MRI













Scivis and Infovis

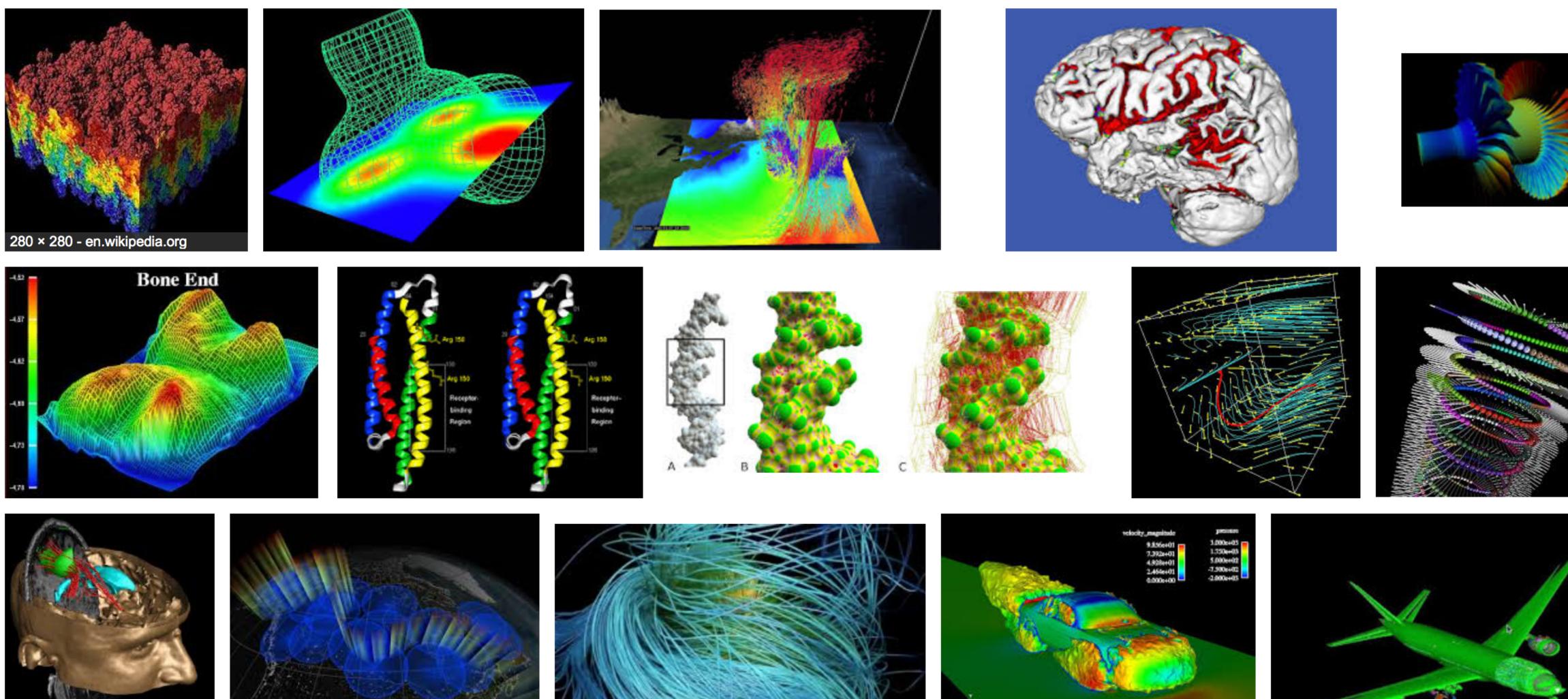
- Two subfields of visualization
- Scivis deals with data where the spatial position is given with data
 - Usually continuous data
 - Often displaying physical phenonema
 - Techniques like isosurfacing, volume rendering, vector field vis
- In **Infovis**, the data has no set spatial representation, designer chooses how to visually represent data

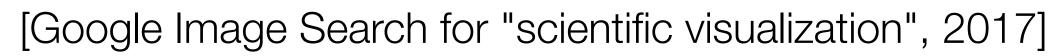




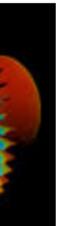
29

SciVis









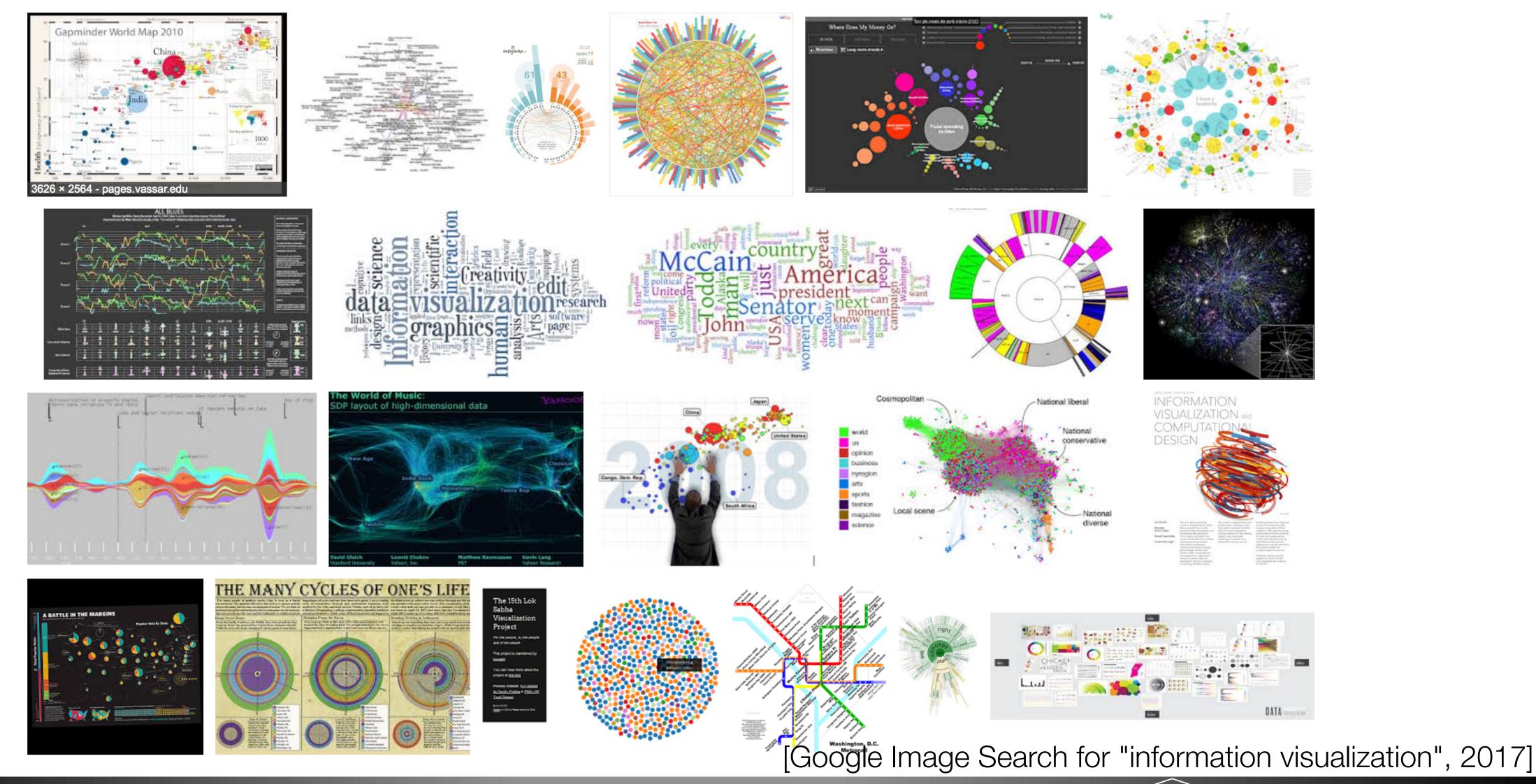








InfoVis

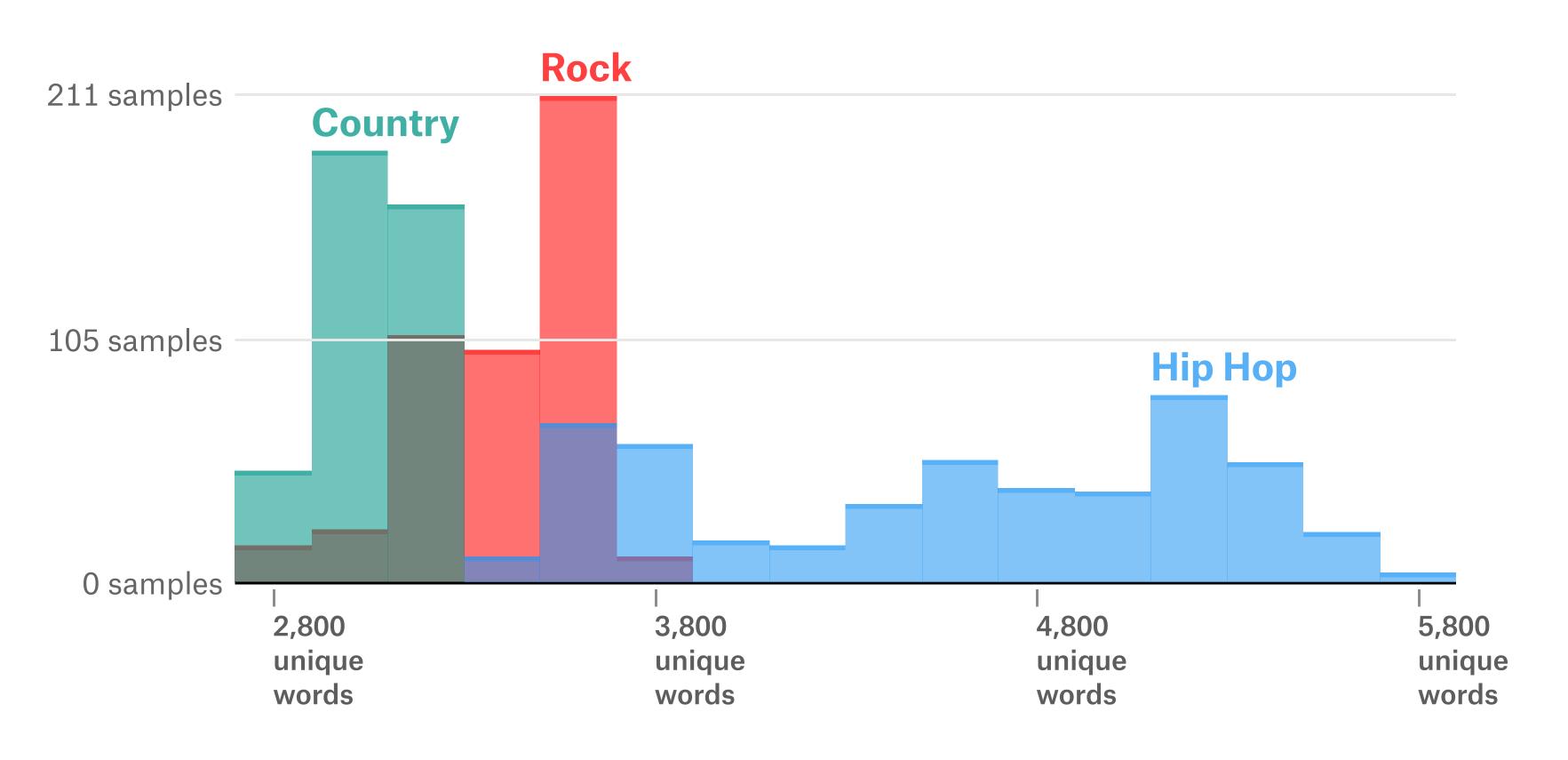








Sets & Lists



Raw Lyrics Data via John W. Miller

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of Unique Words Used in 500 Random Samples of 35,000 Lyrics from Country, Rock, Hip Hop





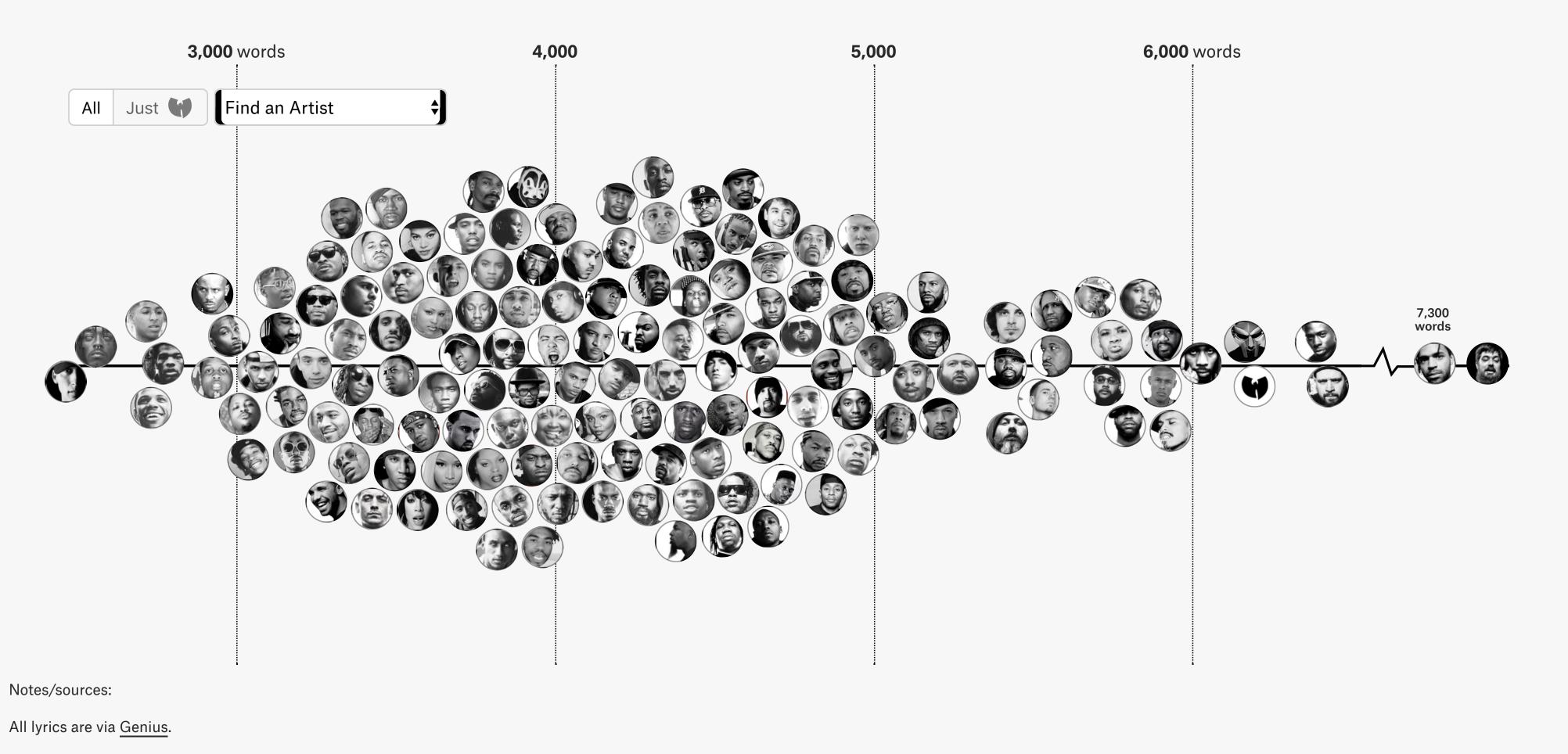






Sets & Lists Skip

ThePudding

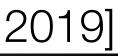


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of Unique Words Used Within Artist's First 35,000 Lyrics













Sets & Lists

<2,675	2,675-3,050	3,050-3,425	3,425-3,800	3,800-4,175	4,175-4,550	4,550-4,925	4,925-5,300	5,300-5,675	5,675-6,050	6,050-6,425	6,425+
unique	unique	unique	unique	unique	unique	unique	unique	unique	unique	unique	unique
words	words	words	words	words	words	words	words	words	words	words	words
Lil Uzi Vert NF	YoungBoy Nev		Trick Daddy Trina Young Jeezy Big Sean BoB Childish Gam G-Eazy J Cole Machine Gun Meek Mill Nicki Minaj Russ	ScHoolboy Q Tyga Vince Staples	Cam'ron Eminem The Game Joe Budden Kevin Gates Royce da 5'9 Tech n9ne Twista Ab-Soul A\$AP Rocky Danny Brown Death Grips Denzel Curry \$uicideboy\$ Tyler the Cr Wale	Beastie Boys Big Daddy Kane LL Cool J Busta Rhymes Cypress Hill De La Soul Fat Joe Gang Starr KRS-One Method Man A Tribe Call Atmosphere Ludacris Lupe Fiasco Mos Def Murs Talib Kweli Xzibit Flatbush Zom Joey BadA\$\$	Common Das EFX E-40 Goodie Mob Nas Redman Brother Ali Action Bronson KAAN	Raekwon CunninLynguists Sage Francis Watsky	Us F Del the Funk The Roots Blackalicious Canibus Ghostface Ki Immortal Tec Jean Grae Killah Priest RZA	Sed Wit irst 35, BY 980s 1990s	Aesop Rock Busdriver

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