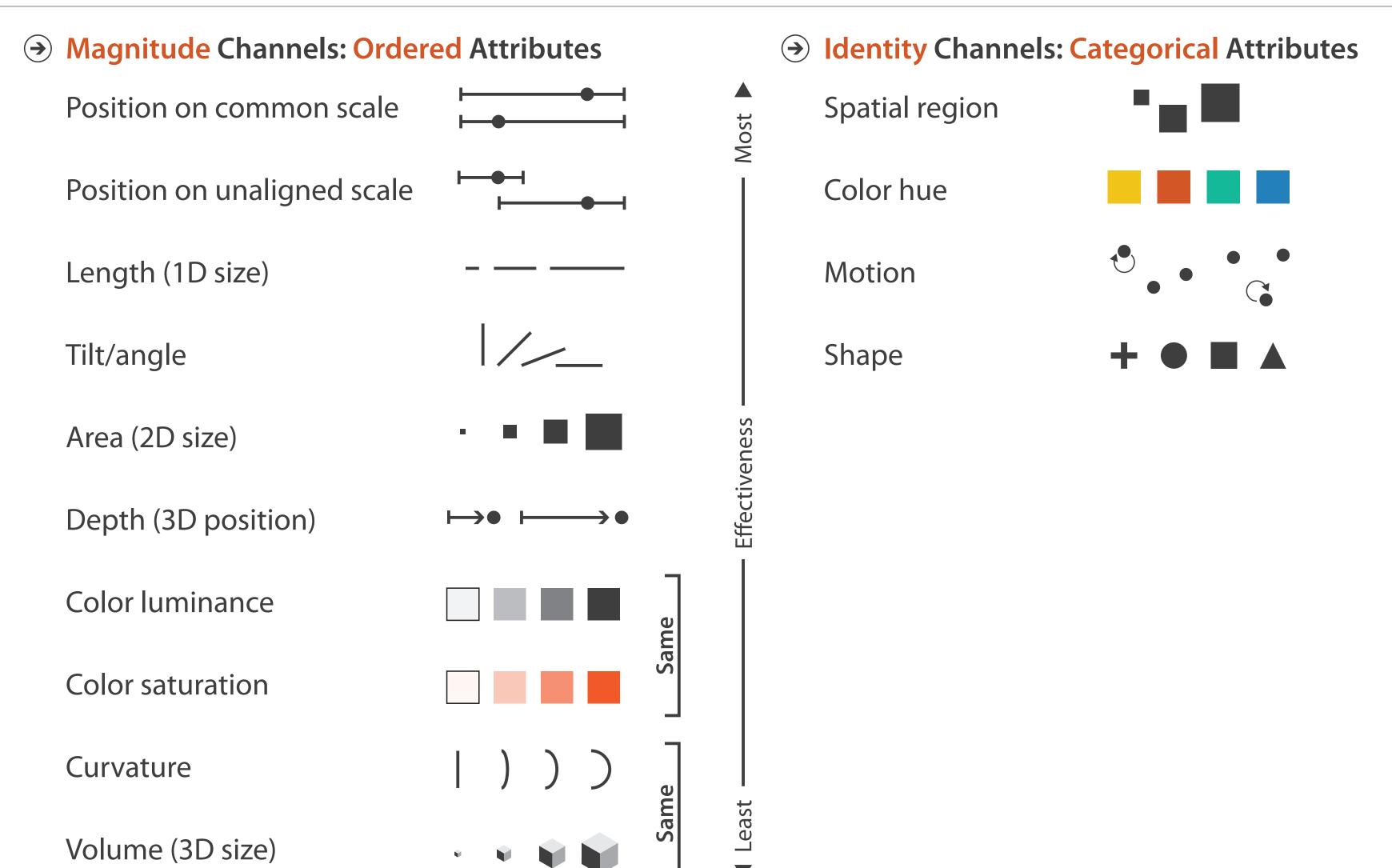
Data Visualization (CSCI 627/490)

Color

Dr. David Koop



Ranking Channels by Effectiveness



[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

Discriminability

File **PythonSource** Width encodes count of number vtkDataSetReader of networks with a particular link. What is problematic here? vtklmageClip vtklmageDataGeometryFilter vtklmageResample vtklmageReslice vtkWarpScalar vtkElevationFilter vtkColorTransferFunction **PythonSource** vtkOutlineFilter vtkLookupTable vtkPolyDataNormals vtkPolyDataMapper

vtkDataSetMapper

vtkScalarBarActor

vtkActor

vtkLODActor

vtkActor

vtkRenderer

VTKCell

[Koop et al., 2013]

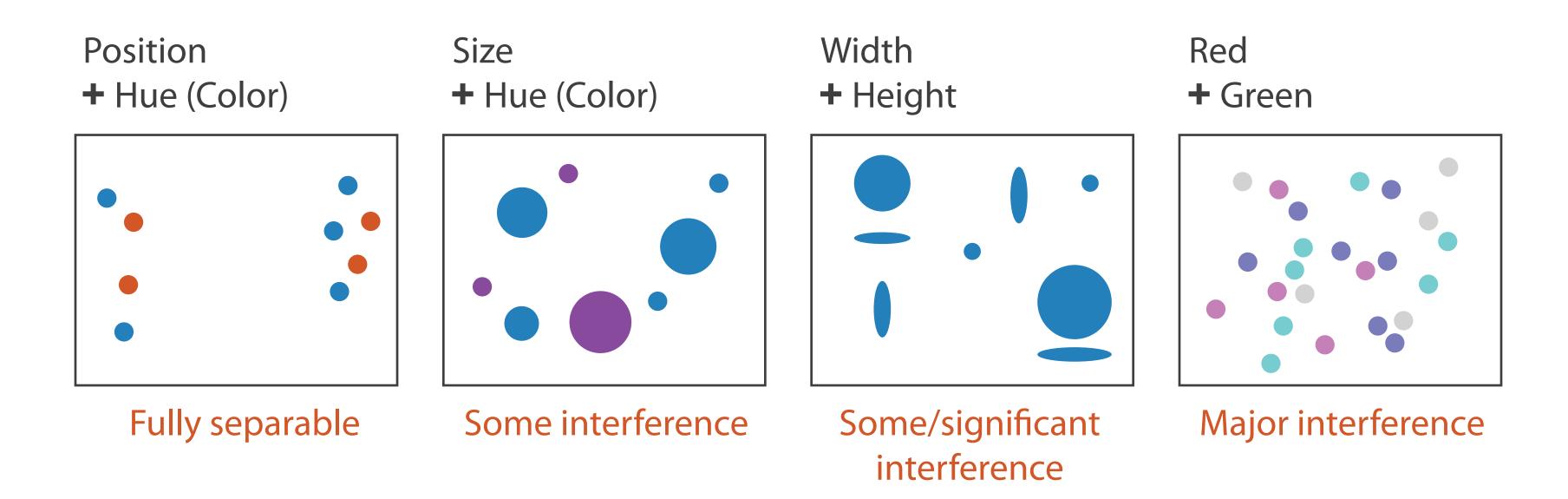
vtkProperty

vtkCubeAxesActor2D

vtkCamera

Separability

- Cannot treat all channels as independent!
- Separable means each individual channel can be distinguished
- Integral means the channels are perceived together



[Munzner (ill. Maguire) based on Ware, 2014]

Arrange Tables

Express Values



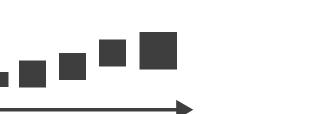
Separate, Order, Align Regions

→ Separate



→ Order





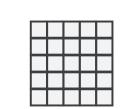
→ 1 Key List



→ Align



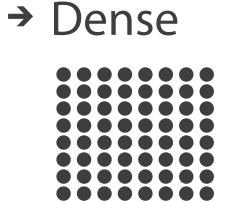
→ 2 Keys Matrix



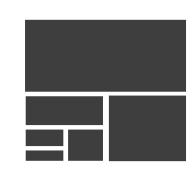




Layout Density



→ Space-Filling

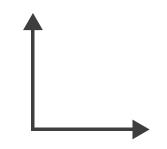


→ Many Keys Recursive Subdivision

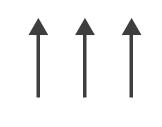


Axis Orientation

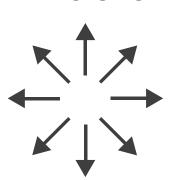
→ Rectilinear



→ Parallel

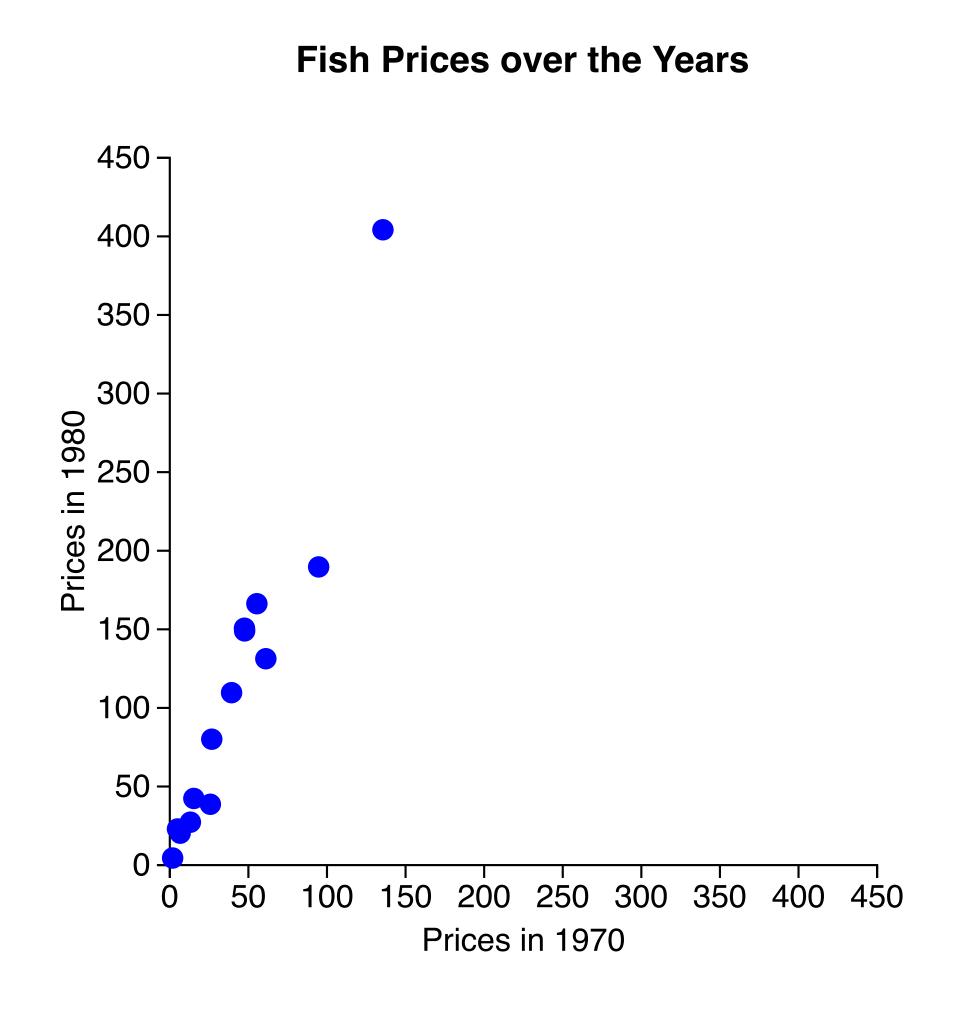


→ Radial



[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

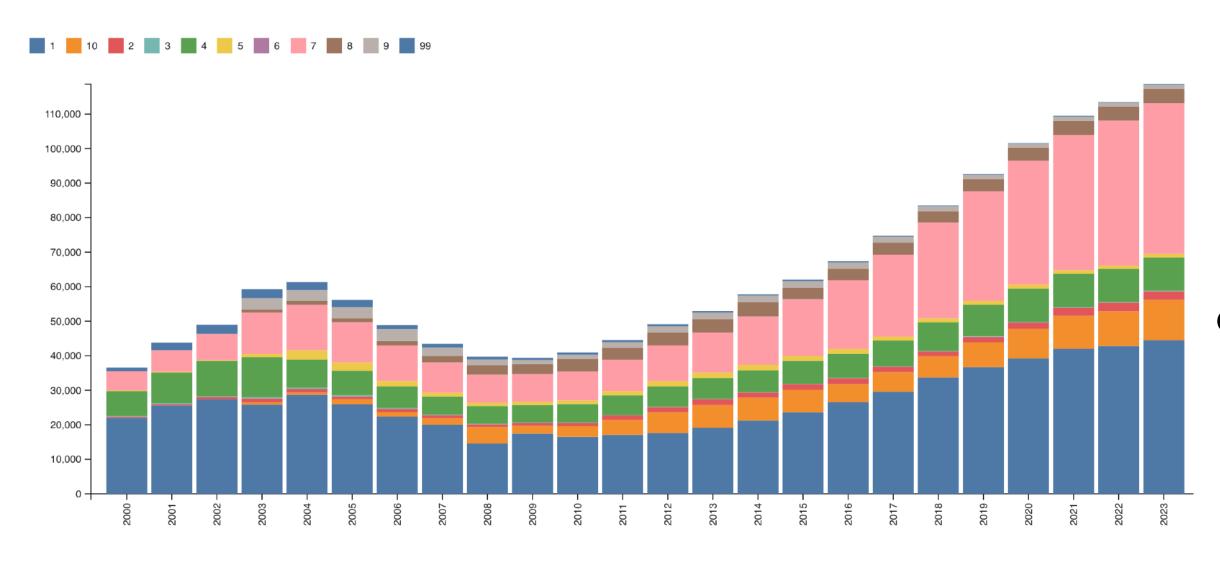
Express Values: Scatterplots



- Data: two quantitative values
- Task: find trends, clusters, outliers
- How: marks at spatial position in horizontal and vertical directions

- Correlation: dependence between two attributes
 - Positive and negative correlation
 - Indicated by lines
- Coordinate system (axes) and labels are important!

Assignment 3



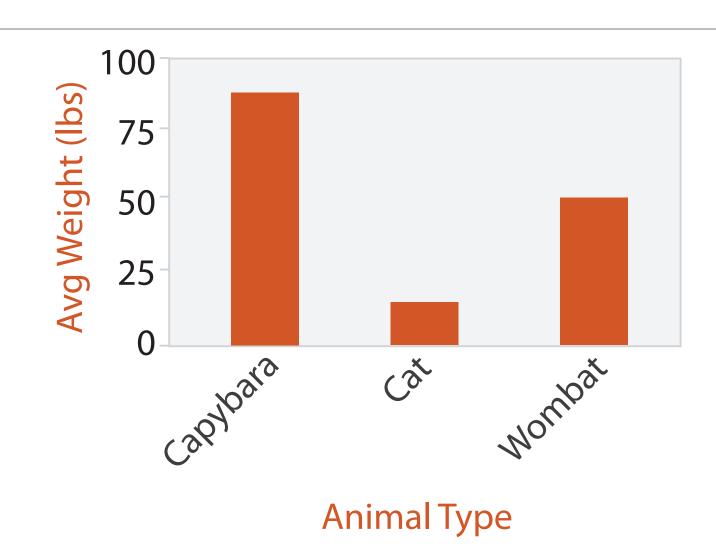
- Computer Science Graduates Data
- Create same stacked bar chart using
 - Tableau Public
 - Observable Plot
 - D3
- D3 Stacked Bar Chart:
 - Required for CSCI 627 students
 - CSCI 490 students can just do counts

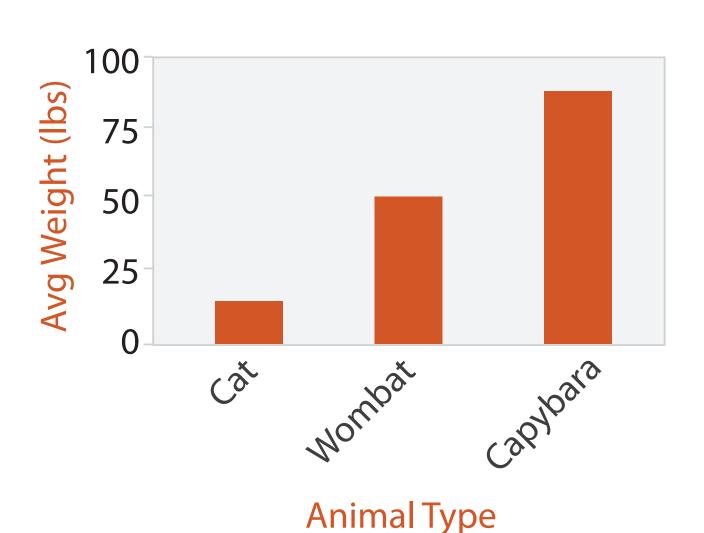
<u>Midterm</u>

- Monday, October 14, 2024
- Format:
 - In Person, Pen(-cil) & Paper
 - Multiple Choice
 - Free Response (often multi-part)
 - CS 627 students will have extra questions related to the research papers discussed

List Alignment: Bar Charts

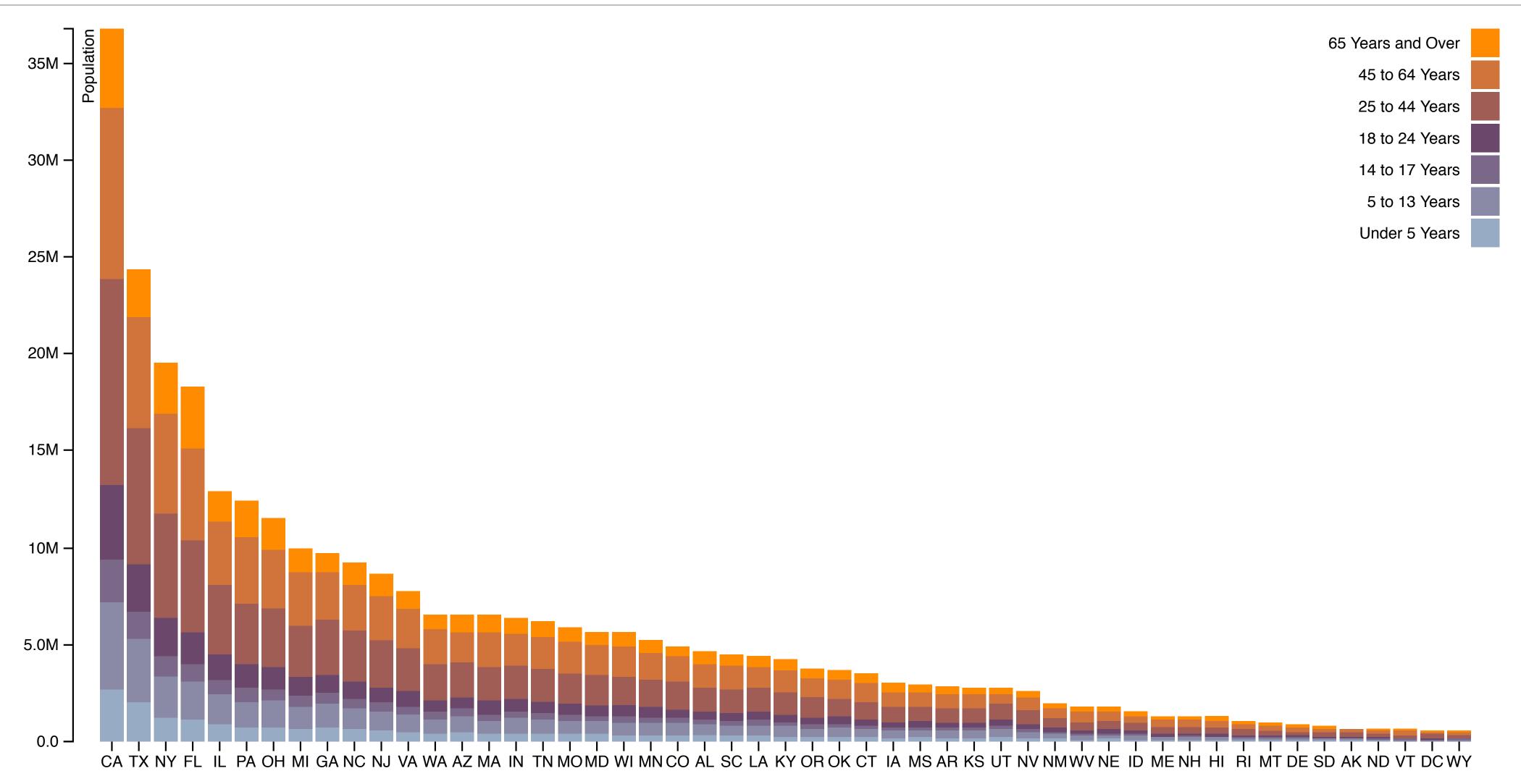
- Data: one quantitative attribute, one categorical attribute
- Task: lookup & compare values
- How: line marks, vertical position (quantitative), horizontal position (categorical)
- What about length?
- Ordering criteria: alphabetical or using quantitative attribute
- Scalability: distinguishability
 - bars at least one pixel wide
 - hundreds





[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

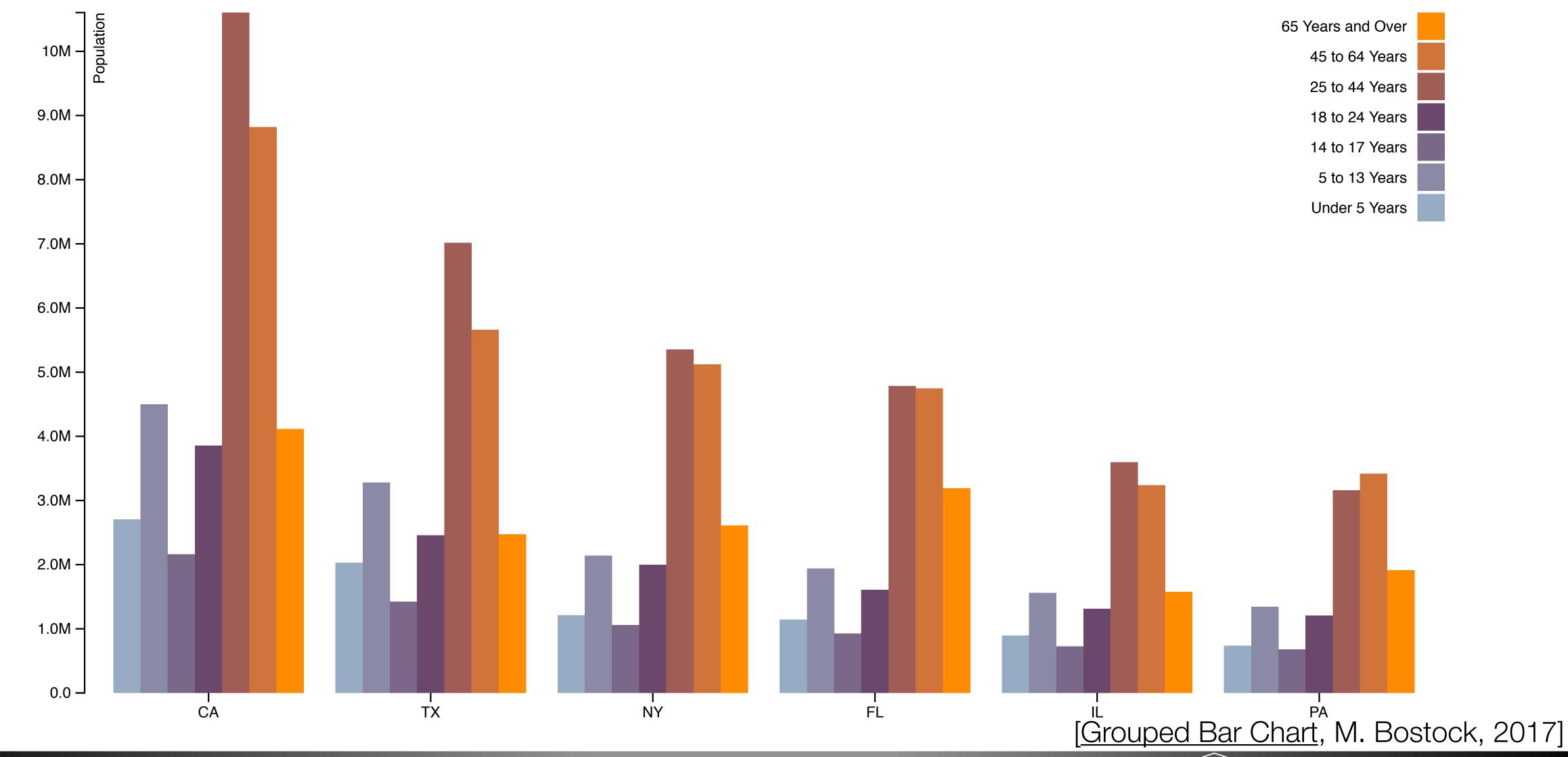
Stacked Bar Charts



[Stacked Bar Chart, M. Bostock, 2017]



Grouped Bar Chart

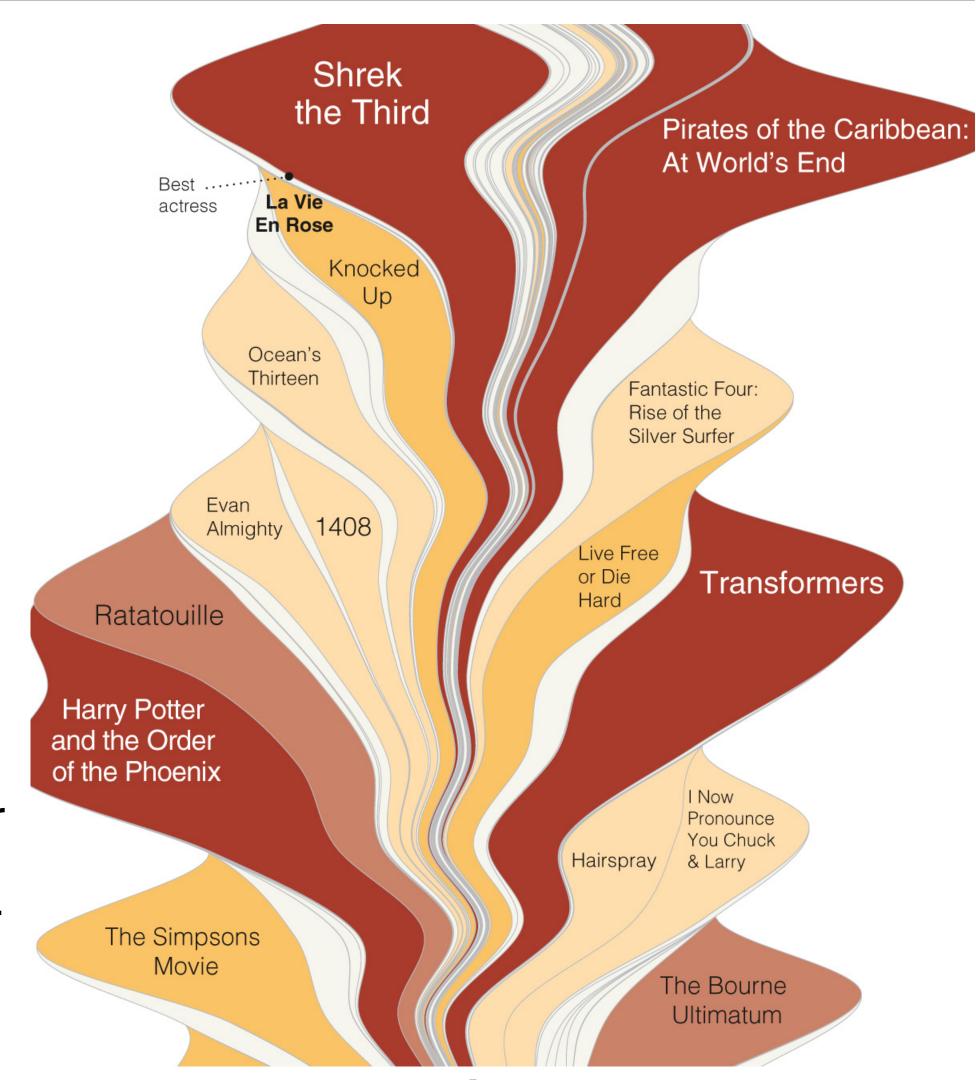


Stacked Bar Charts

- Data: multidimensional table: one quantitative, two categorical
- Task: lookup values, part-to-whole relationship, trends
- How: line marks: position (both horizontal & vertical), subcomponent line marks: length, color
- Scalability: main axis (hundreds like bar chart), bar classes (<12)
- Orientation: vertical or horizontal (swap how horizontal and vertical position are used.

Streamgraphs

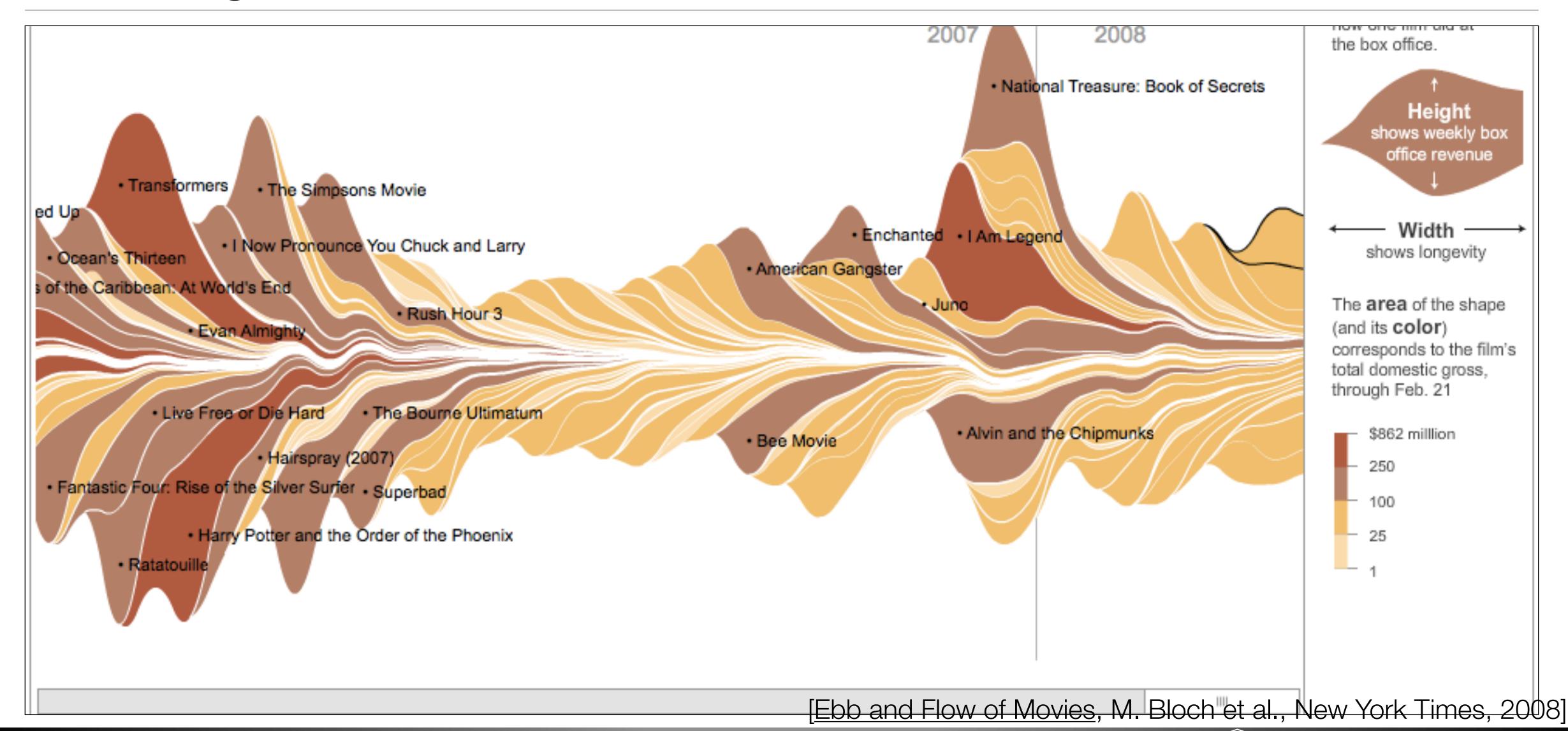
- Include a time attribute
- Data: multidimensional table, one quantitative attribute (count), one ordered key attribute (time), one categorical key attribute
- + derived attribute: layer ordering (quantitative)
- Task: analyze trends in time, find (maxmial) outliers
- How: derived position+geometry, length, color
- Scalability: more categories than stacked bar charts



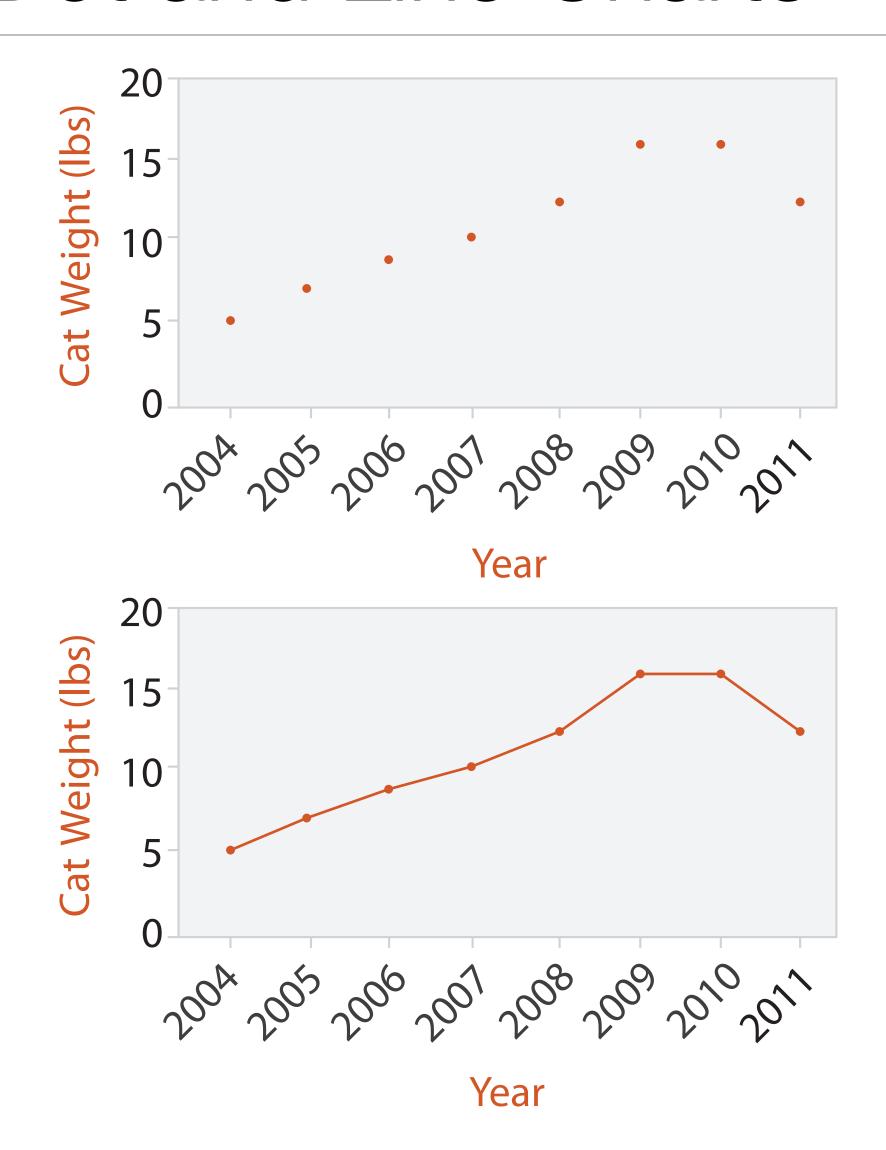
[Byron and Wattenberg, 2012]



Streamgraphs



Dot and Line Charts

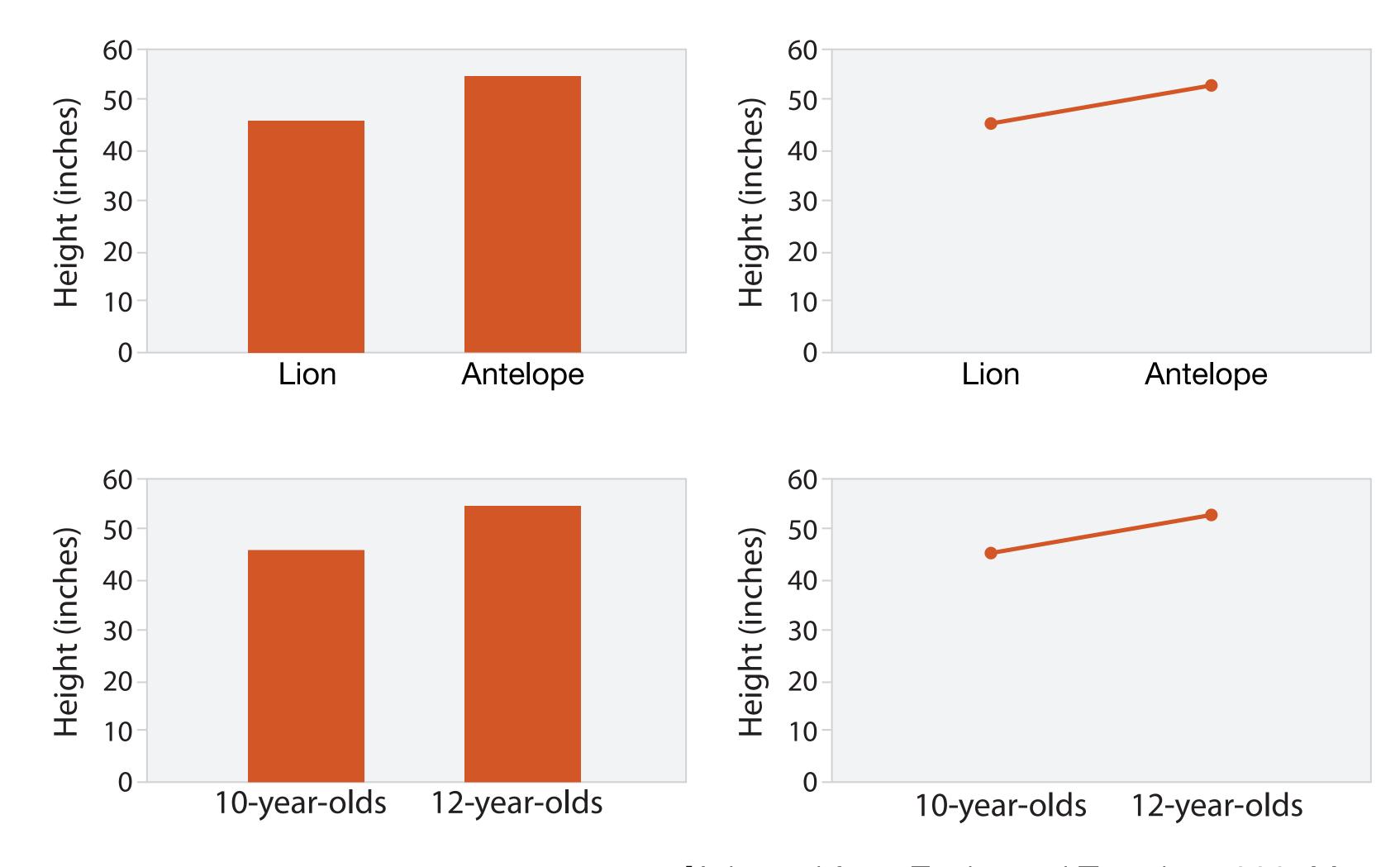


- Data: one quantitative attribute, one ordered attribute
- Task: lookup values, find outliers and trends
- How: point mark and positions
- Line Charts: add connection mark (line)
- Similar to scatterplots but allow ordered attribute

[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

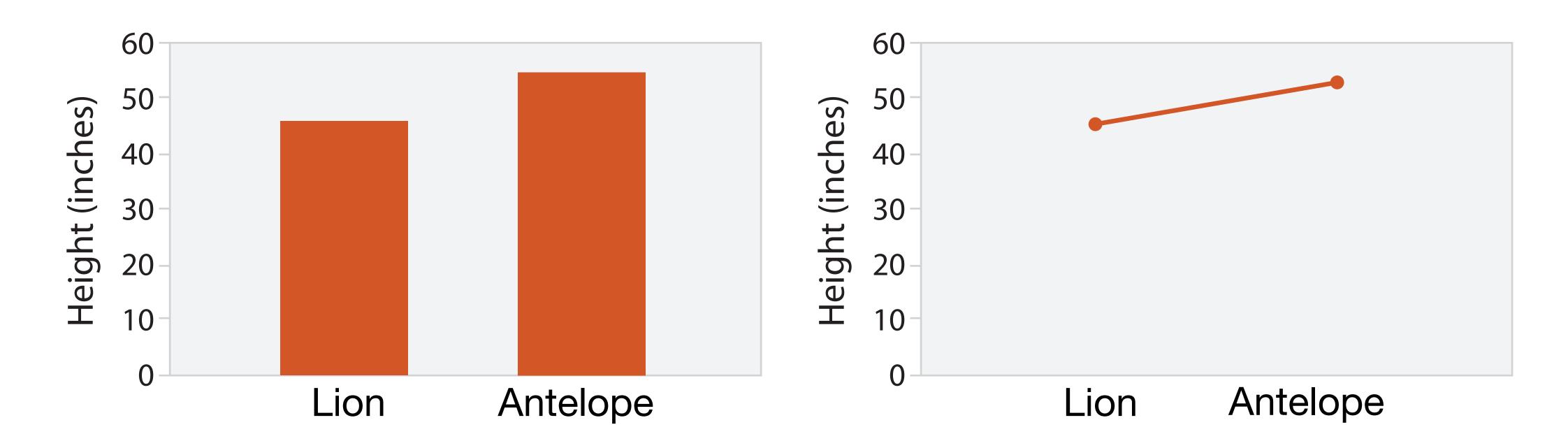


Proper Use of Line and Bar Charts



[Adapted from Zacks and Tversky, 1999, Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

Proper Use of Line and Bar Charts



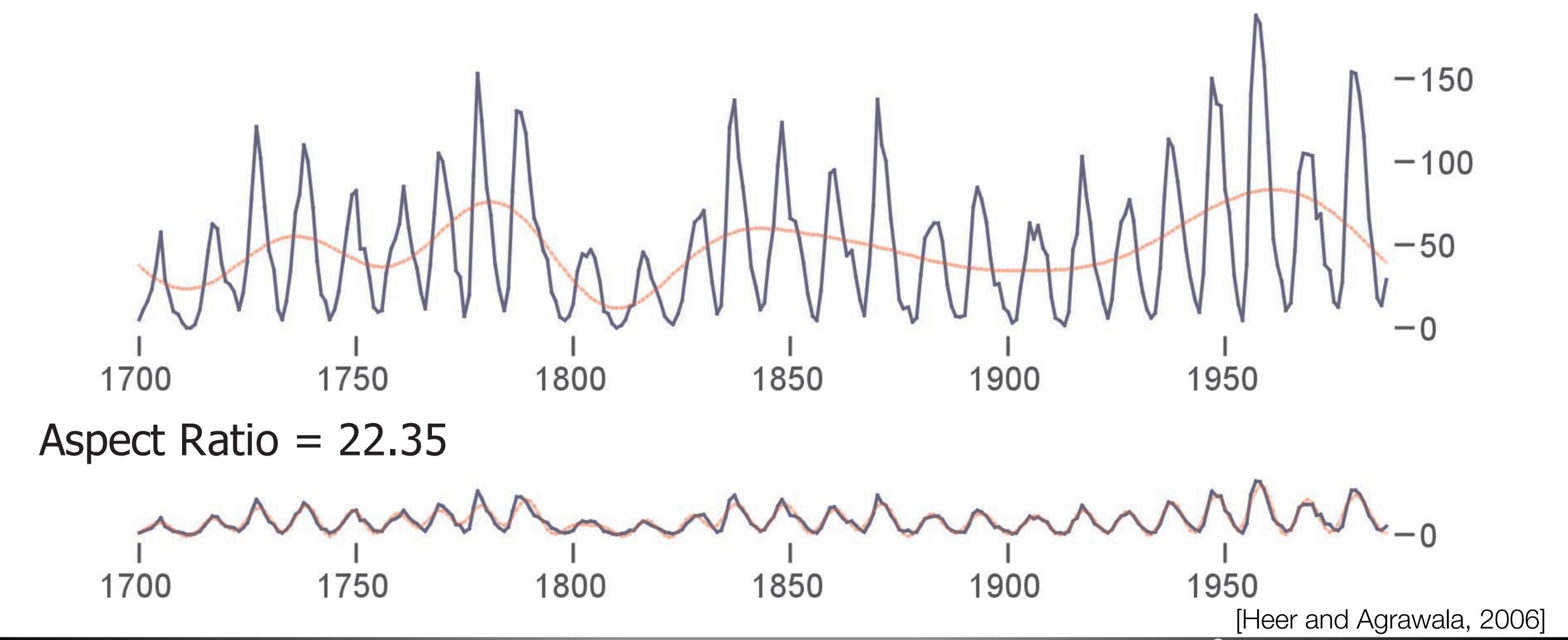
- What does the line indicate?
- Does this make sense?

Aspect Ratio

- Trends in line charts are more apparent because we are using angle as a channel
- Perception of angle (and the relative difference between angles) is important
- Initial experiments found people best judge differences in **slope** when angles are around 45 degrees (Cleveland et al., 1988, 1993)

Multiscale Banking

Aspect Ratio = 3.96

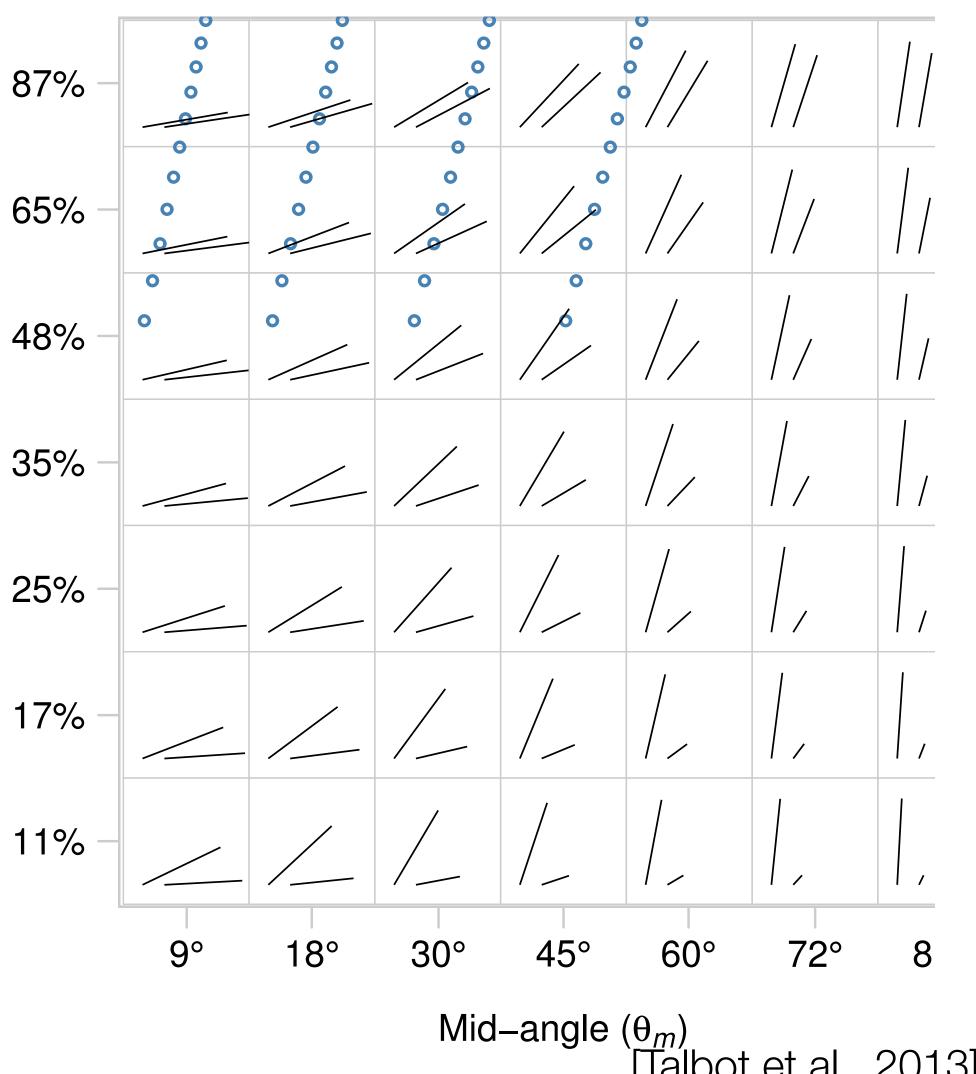


Multiscale Banking

Aspect Ratio = 4.23-102000-04-13 2001-08-16 2002-12-24 2004-04-29 1998-12-10 1997-08-08 Aspect Ratio = 14.55 1998-12-10 2000-04-13 2001-08-16 2002-12-24 2004-04-29 1997-08-08 2005-08-31 [Heer and Agrawala, 2006]

Expanding the Study

- Cleveland et al. did not study the entire space of slope comparisons and 45 degrees was at the low end of their study (blue marks on right)
- Talbot et al. compared more slopes and found that people do better with smaller slopes
- Baselines may aid with this



Mid-angle (θ_m) [Talbot et al., 2013]

Heatmaps

- Data: Two keys, one quantitative attribute
- Task: Find clusters, outliers, summarize
- How: area marks in grid, color encoding of quantitative attribute
- Scalability: number of pixels for area marks (millions), <12 colors
- Red-green color scales often used
 - Be aware of colorblindness!





[fastpitchanalytics.com]



Bertin Matrices

- Must we only use color?
 - What other marks might be appropriate?

[C.Perrin et al., 2014]

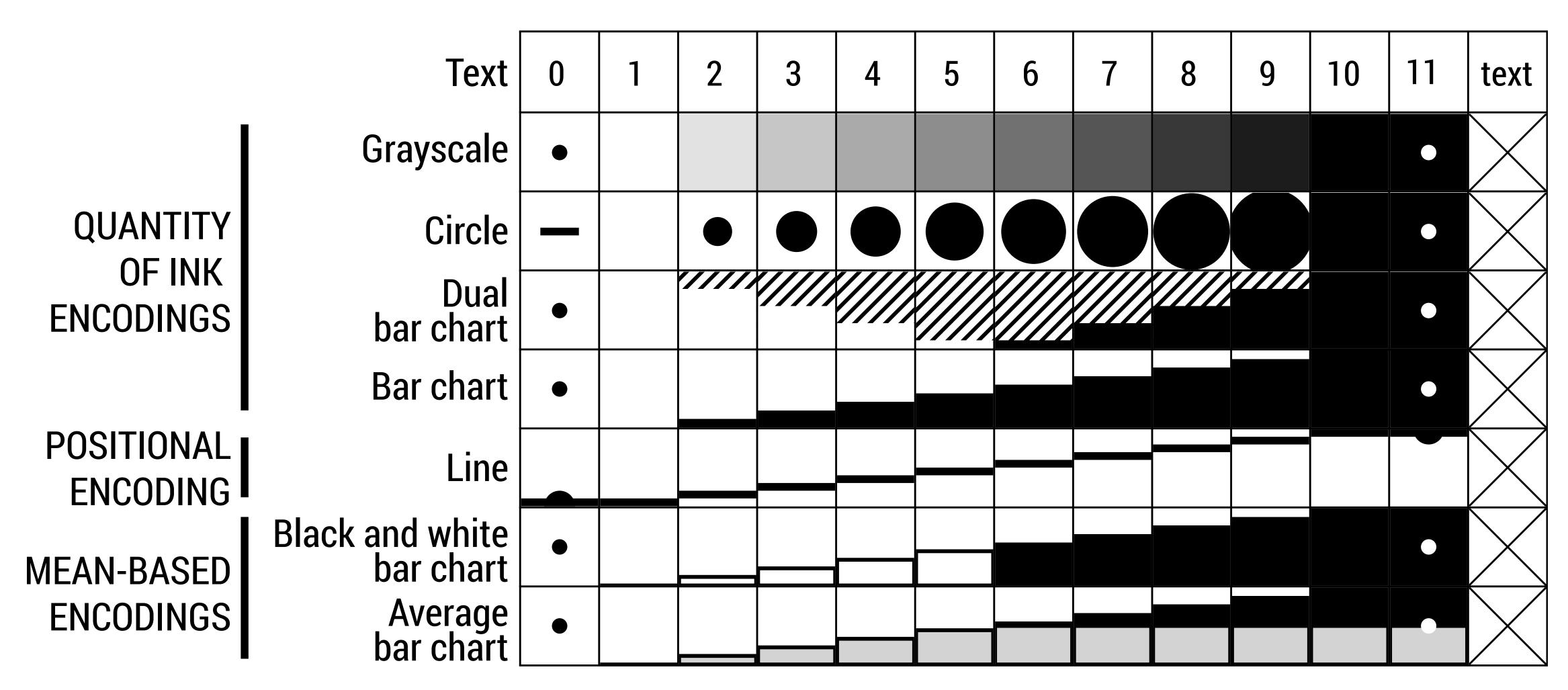
Bertin Matrices

- Must we only use color?
 - What other marks might be appropriate?

	BELGIUM	CZECH REPUBLIC	DENMARK	FINLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY	GREECE	ITALY	NORWAY	POLAND	PORTUGAL	RUSSIA	SPAIN	SWEDEN	UNITED KINGDOM
HOUSEHOLD INCOME		•								٠	•				
WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE DATE		lacksquare	•	•		•			•	lacksquare		lacktriangle		lacktriangle	
AGAINST COHABITATION WITHOUT MARRIAGE	•		•	•	•	•			•		•		•	•	
BELIEF IN GOD															
CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT		•								•	•				
CONFIDENCE IN THE ARMED FORCES															
CONFIDENCE IN THE CHURCH		•													
CONFIDENCE IN THE HEALTH CARE SYSTEM															
CONFIDENCE IN THE JUSTICE SYSTEM															
IMPORTANT IN A JOB: GOOD PAY															
AGAINST ABORTION			•											•	
NOT AS A NEIGHBOUR: HOMOSEXUALS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		•	•	•
ATTEND CHURCH AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	

[C.Perrin et al., 2014]

Bertin's Encodings



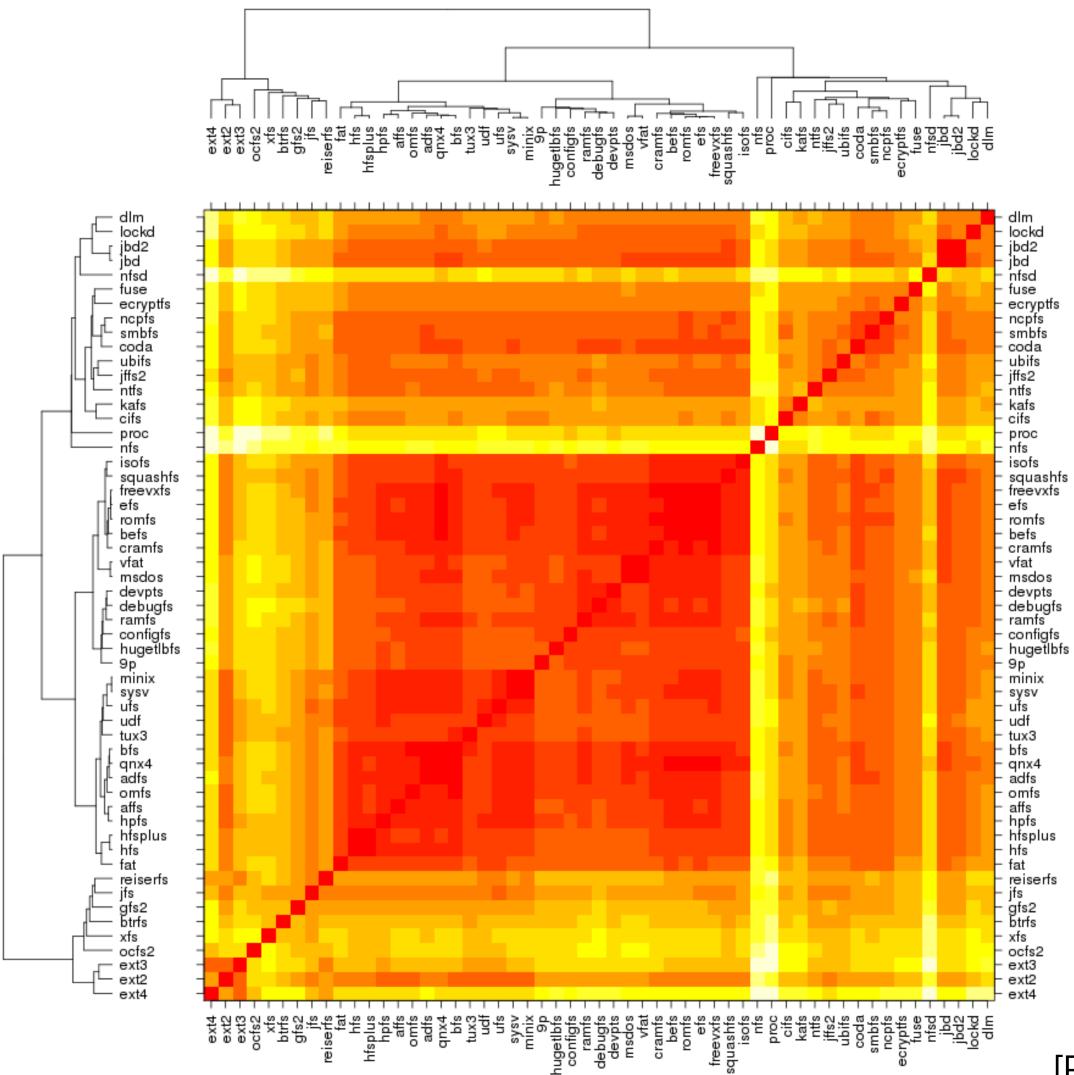
[C.Perrin et al., 2014]



Matrix Reordering



Cluster Heatmap



[File System Similarity, R. Musăloiu-E., 2009]



Cluster Heatmap

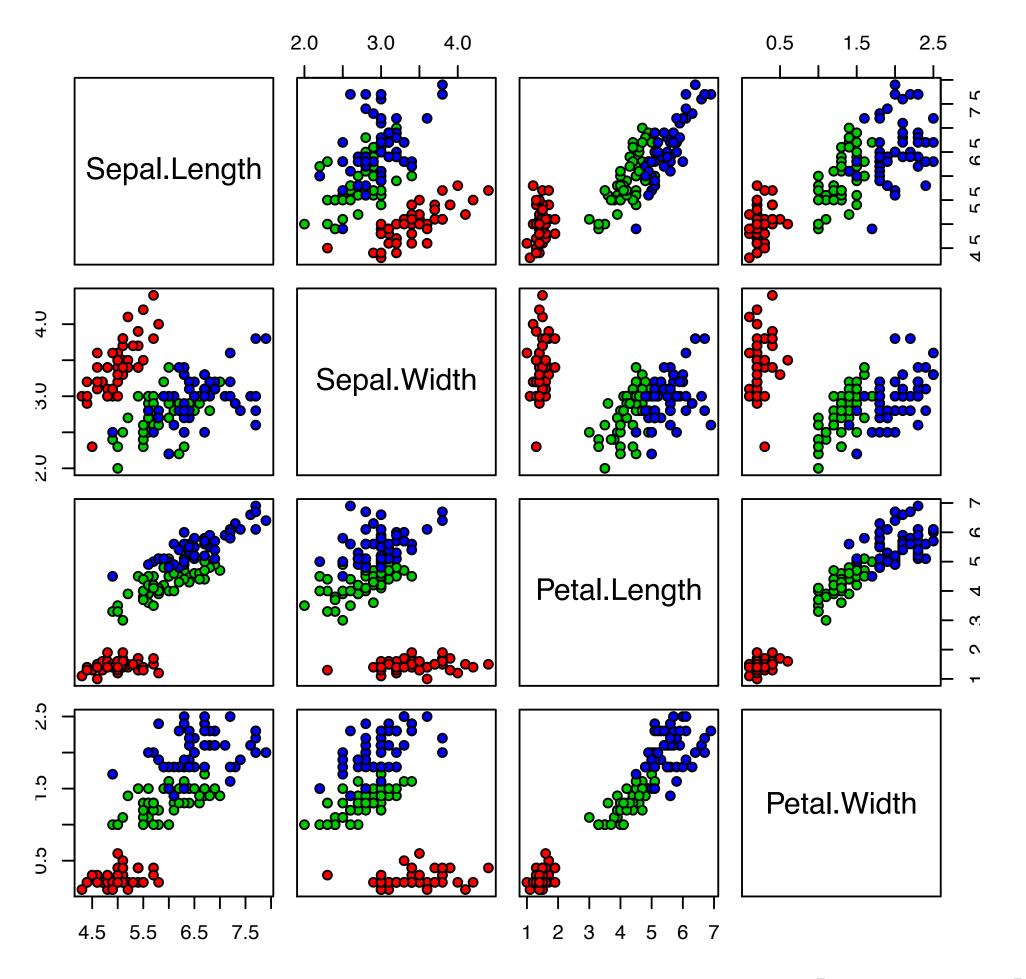
- Data & Task: Same as Heatmap
- How: Area marks but matrix is ordered by cluster hierarchies
- Scalability: limited by the cluster dendrogram
- Dendrogram: a visual encoding of tree data with leaves aligned

Scatterplot Matrix (SPLOM)

- Data: Many quantitative attributes
- Derived Data: names of attributes
- Task: Find correlations, trends, outliers
- How: Scatterplots in matrix alignment
- Scale: attributes: ~12, items: hundreds?

 Visualizations in a visualization: at high level, marks are themselves visualizations...

Iris Data (red=setosa,green=versicolor,blue=virginica)



[Wikipedia]

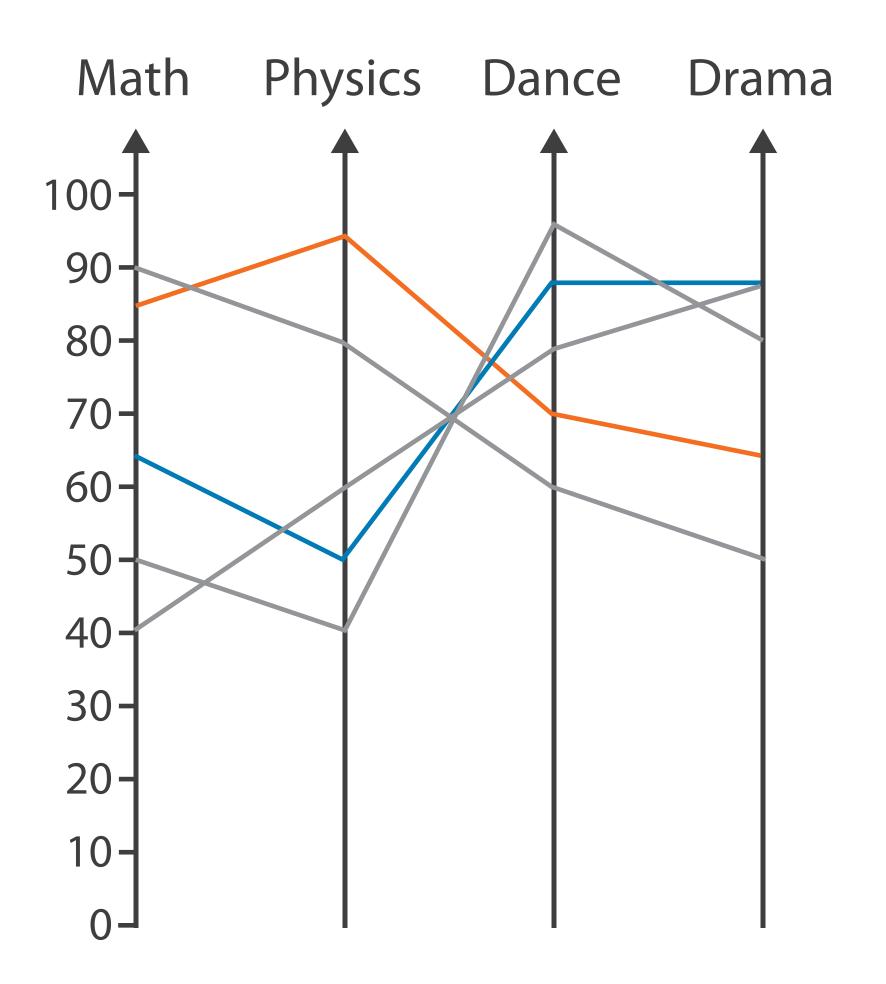


Spatial Axis Orientation

- So far, we have seen the vertical and horizontal axes (a rectilinear layout) used to encode almost everything
- What other possibilities are there for axes?

Spatial Axis Orientation

- So far, we have seen the vertical and horizontal axes (a rectilinear layout) used to encode almost everything
- What other possibilities are there for axes?
 - Parallel axes

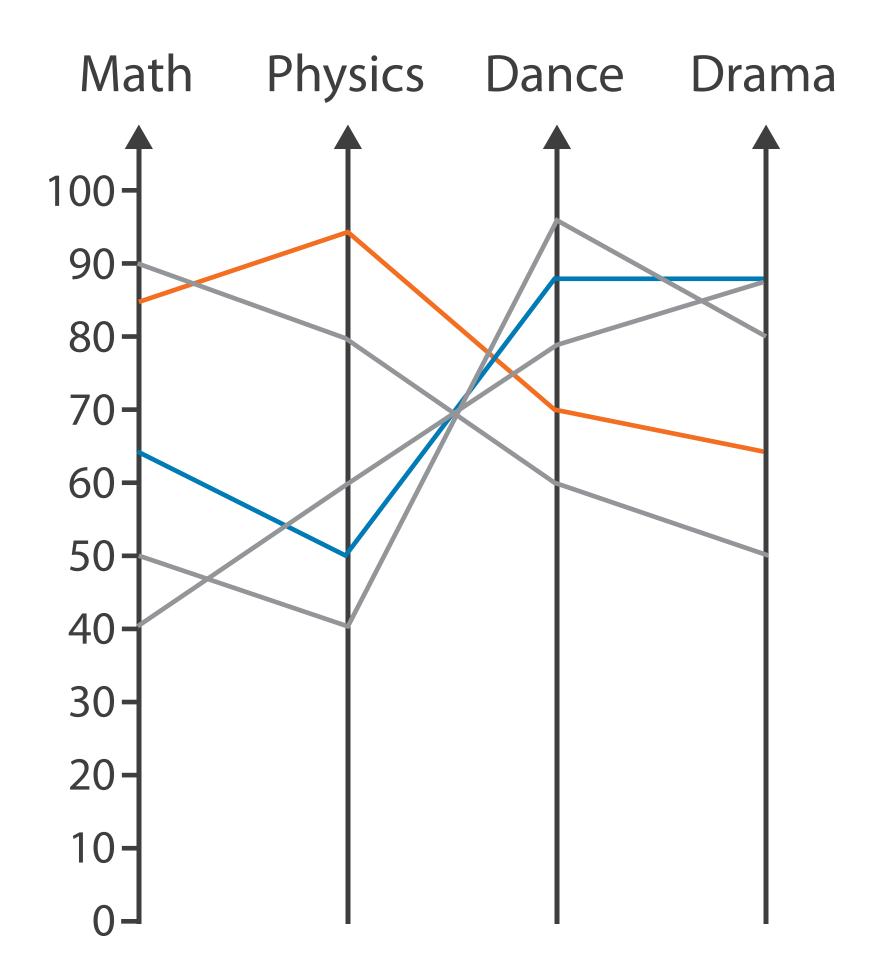


[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]



Spatial Axis Orientation

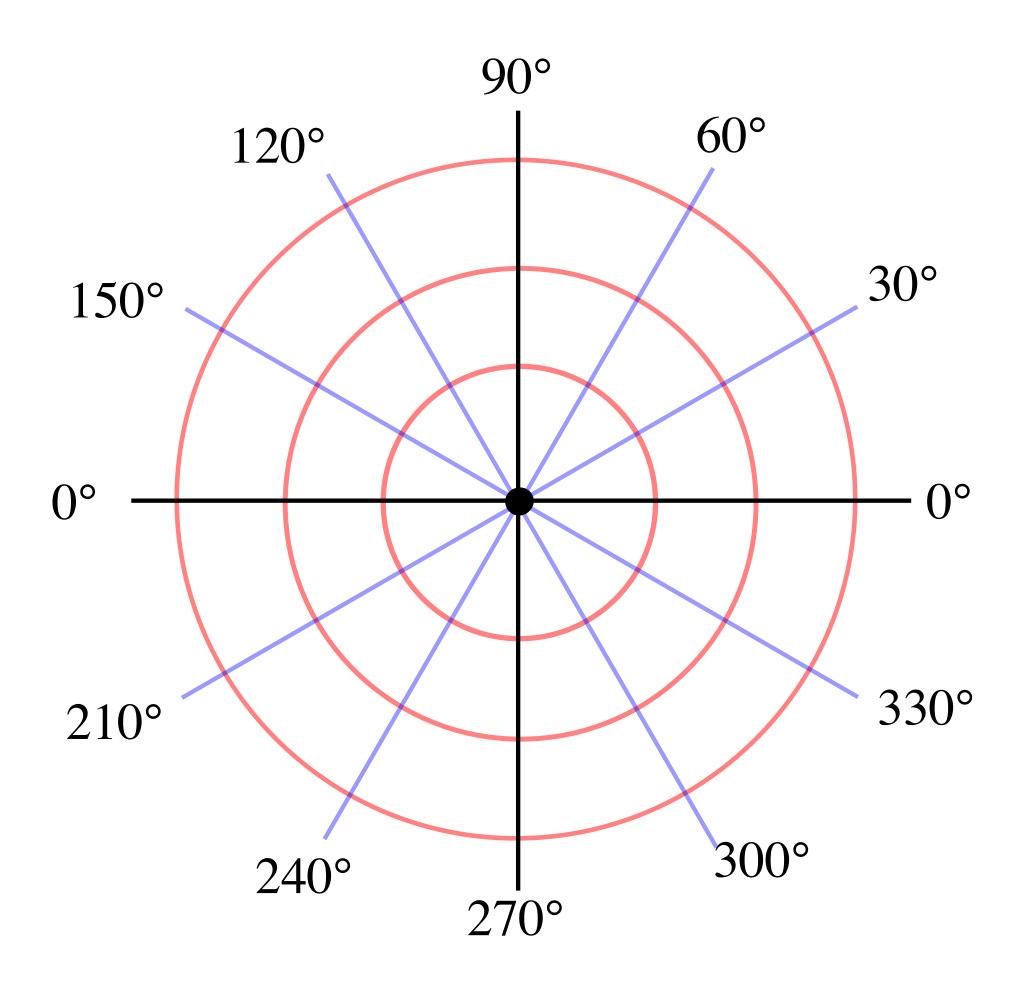
- So far, we have seen the vertical and horizontal axes (a rectilinear layout) used to encode almost everything
- What other possibilities are there for axes?
 - Parallel axes
 - Radial axes



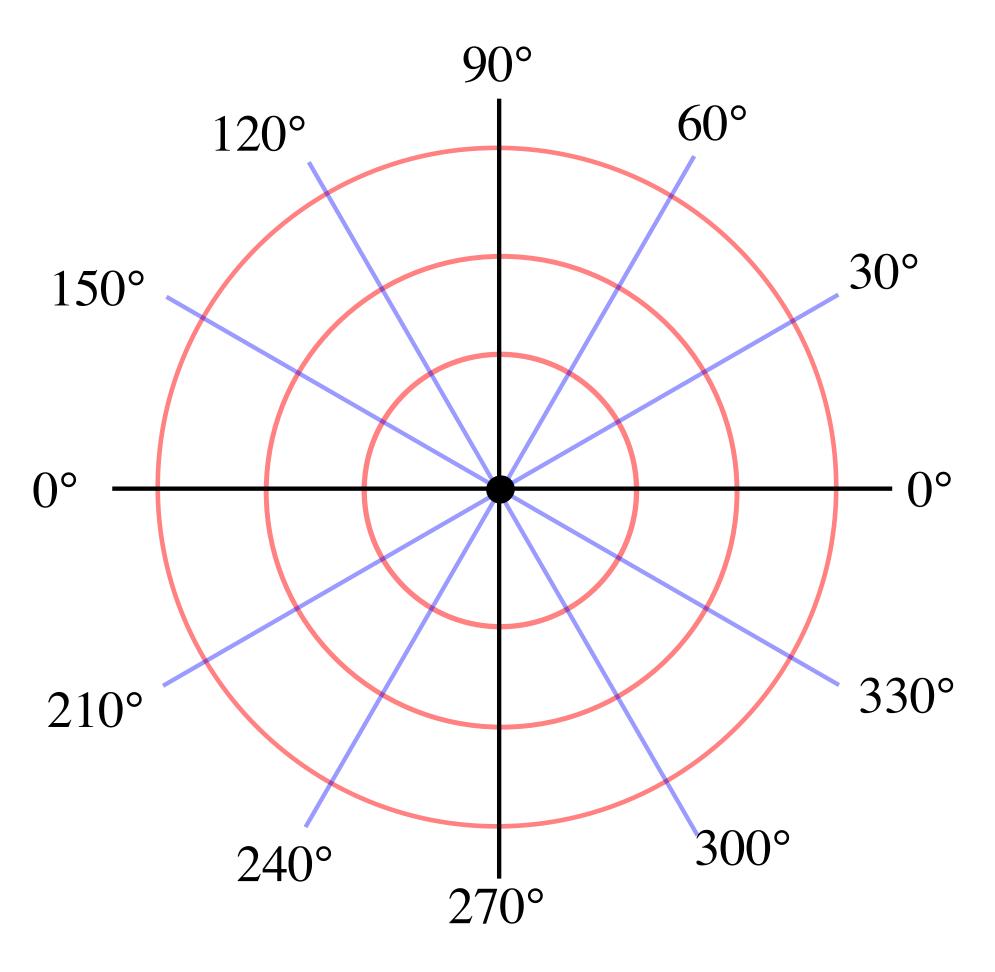
[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]



Radial Axes

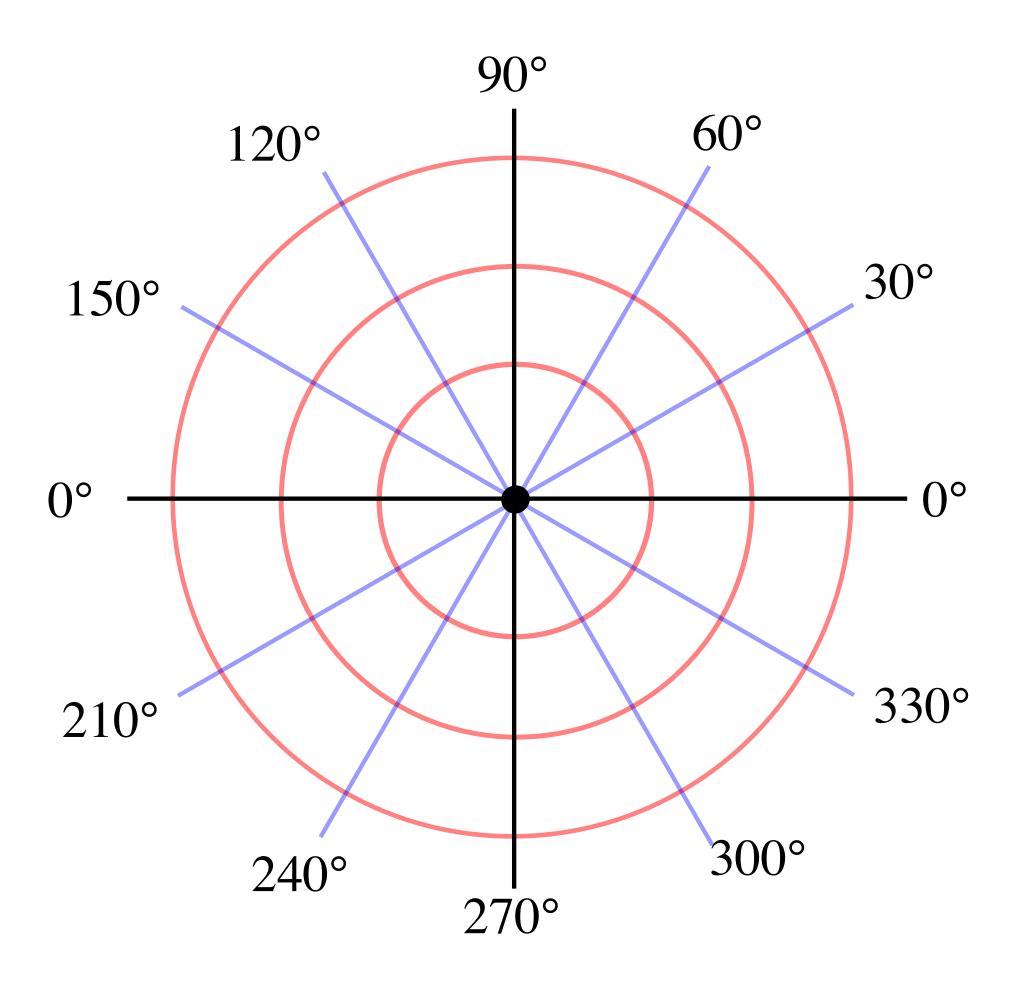


Radial Axes



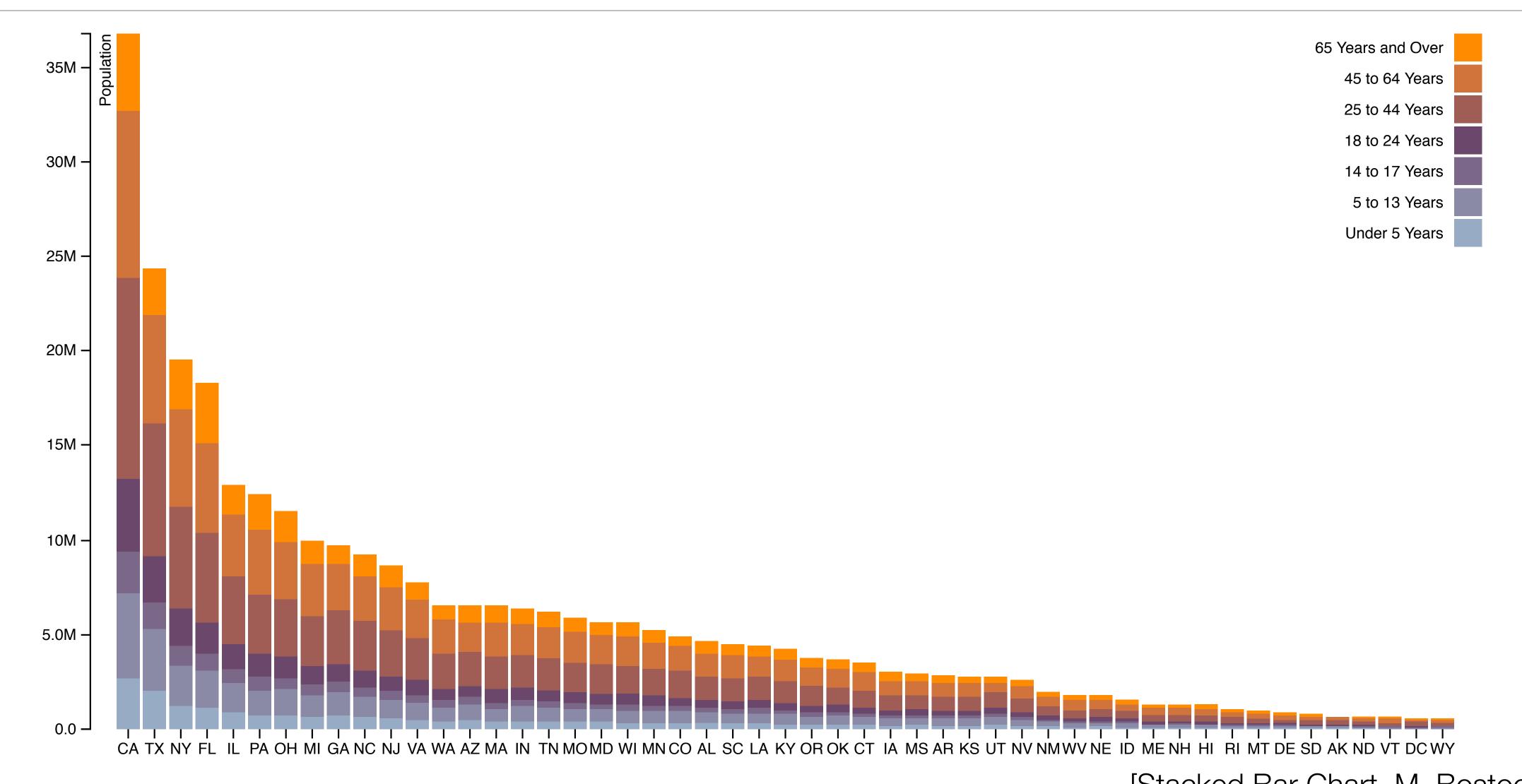
- Polar Coordinates (angle + position along the line at that angle)
- What types of encodings are possible for tabular data in polar coordinates?

Radial Axes

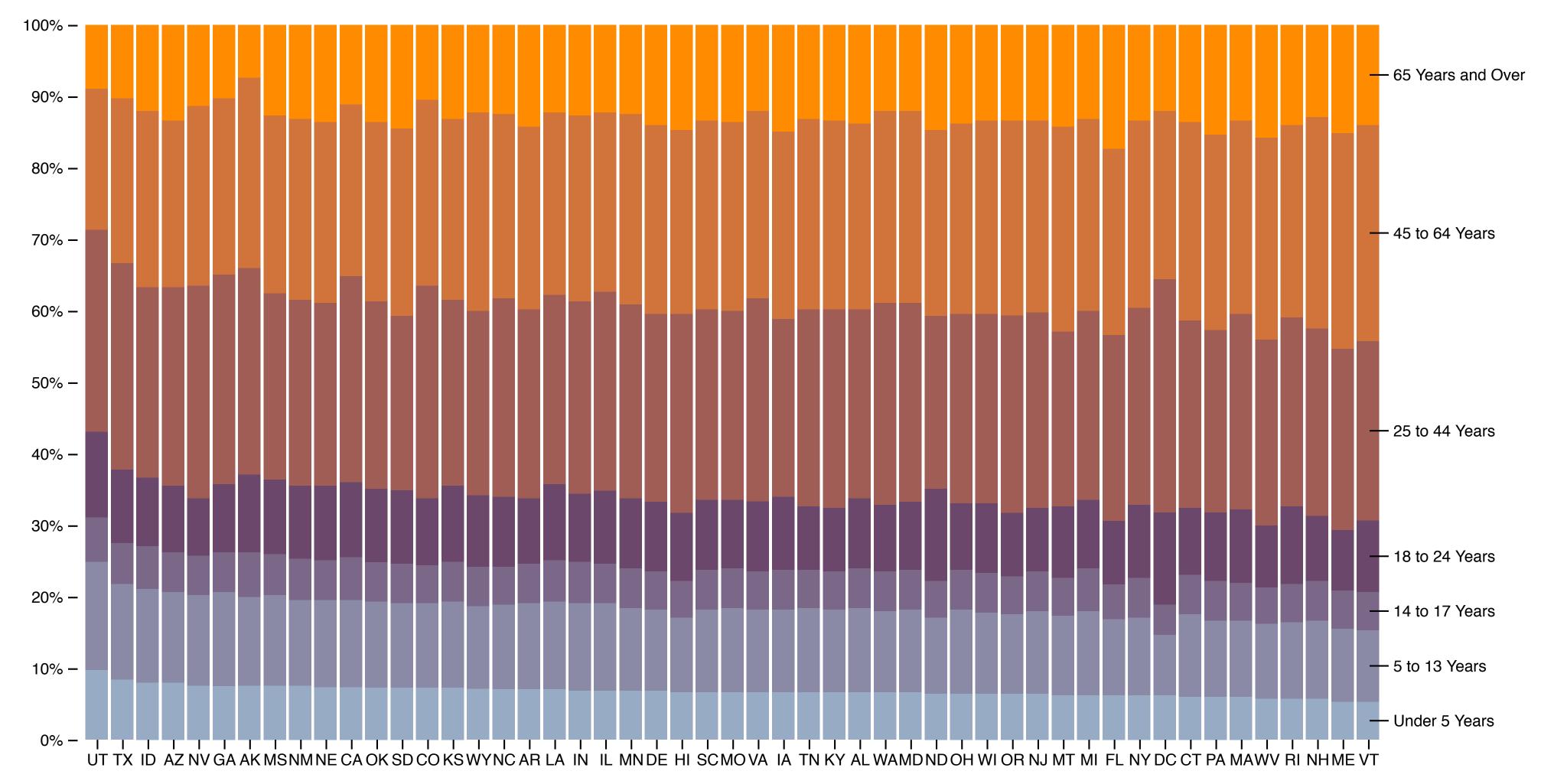


- Polar Coordinates (angle + position along the line at that angle)
- What types of encodings are possible for tabular data in polar coordinates?
 - Radial bar charts
 - Pie charts
 - Donut charts

Part-of-whole: Relative % comparison?



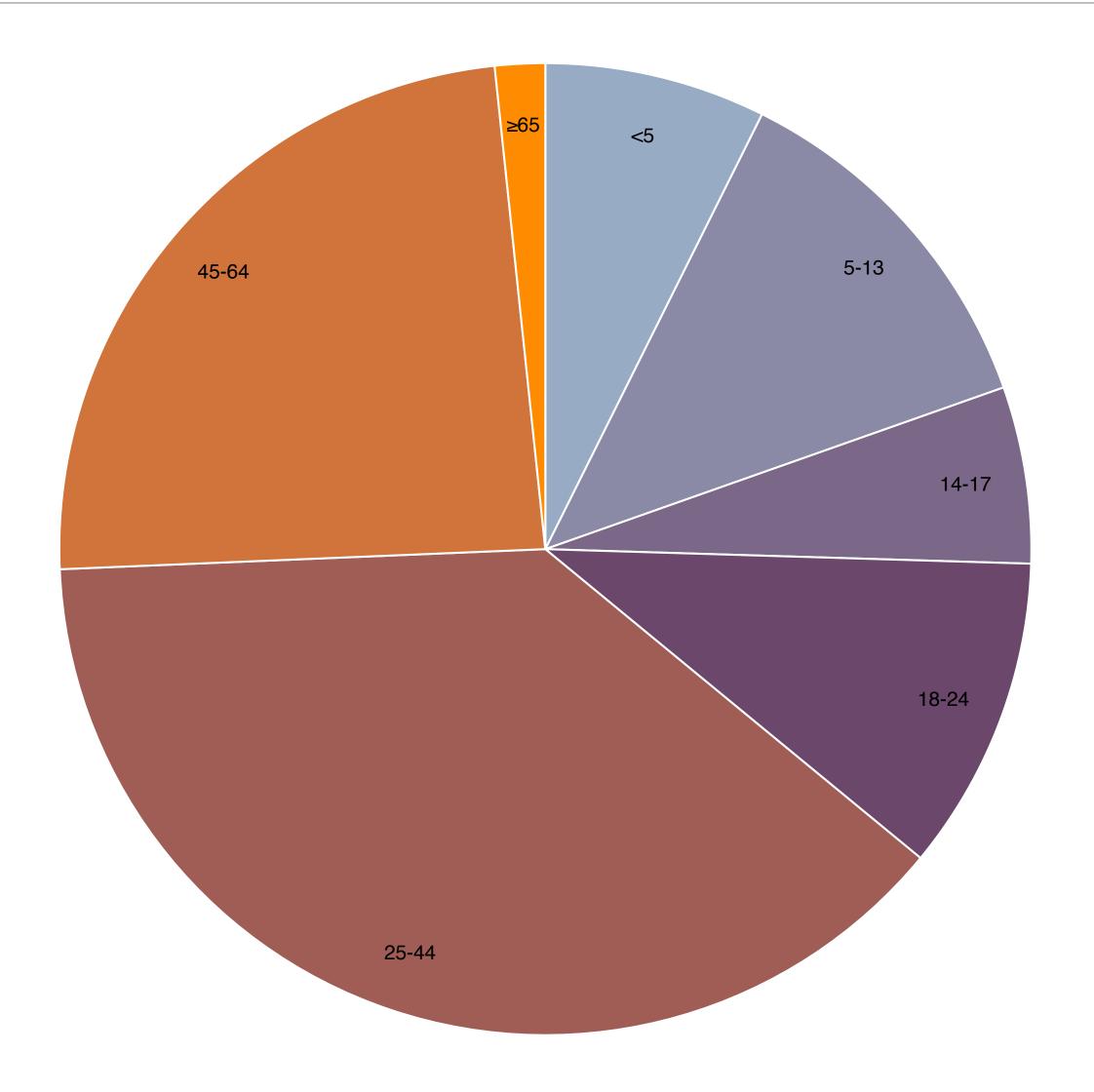
Normalized Stacked Bar Chart



[Normalized Stacked Bar Chart, Bostock, 2017]



Pie Chart



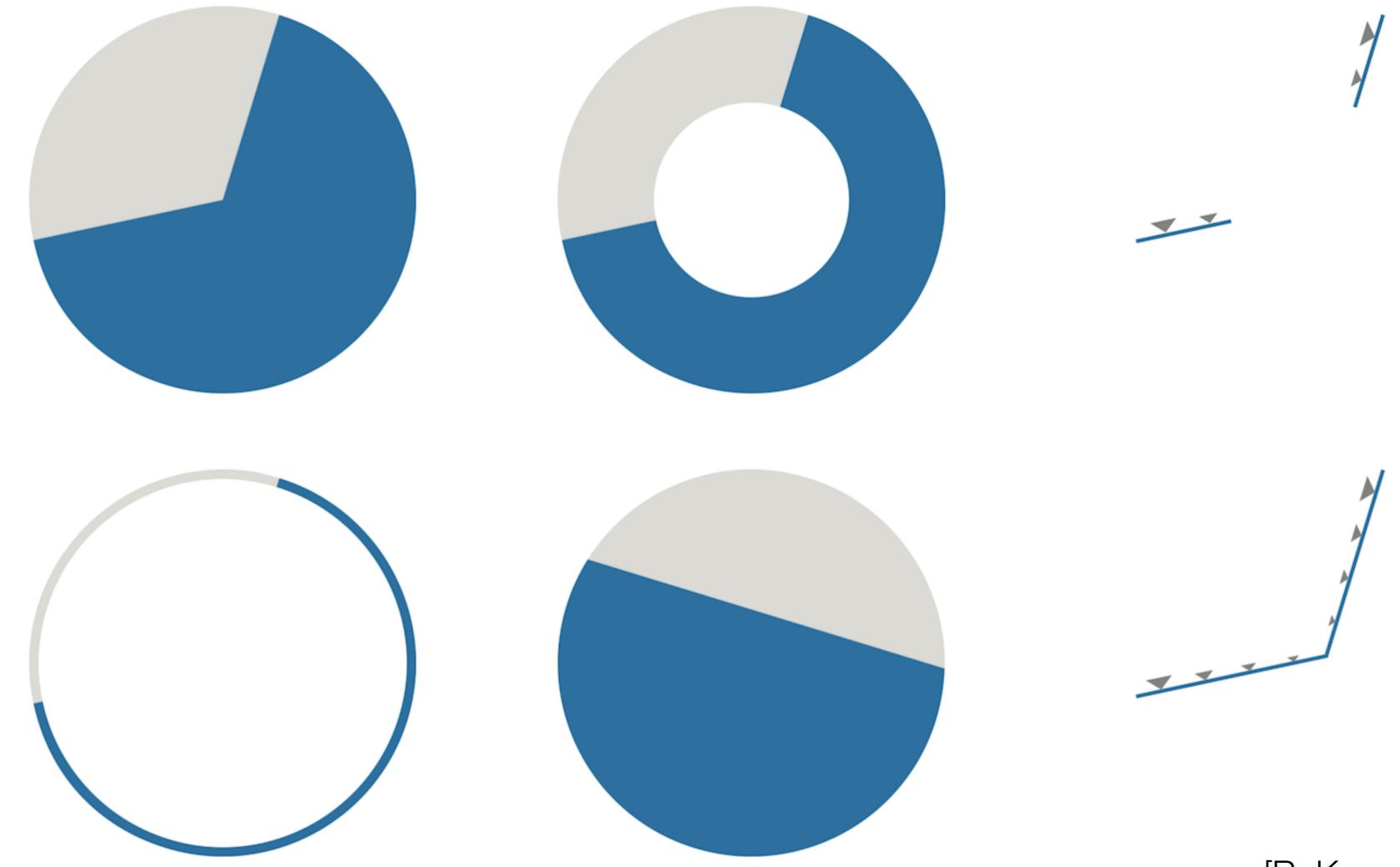
[Pie Chart, Bostock, 2017]



Pie Charts

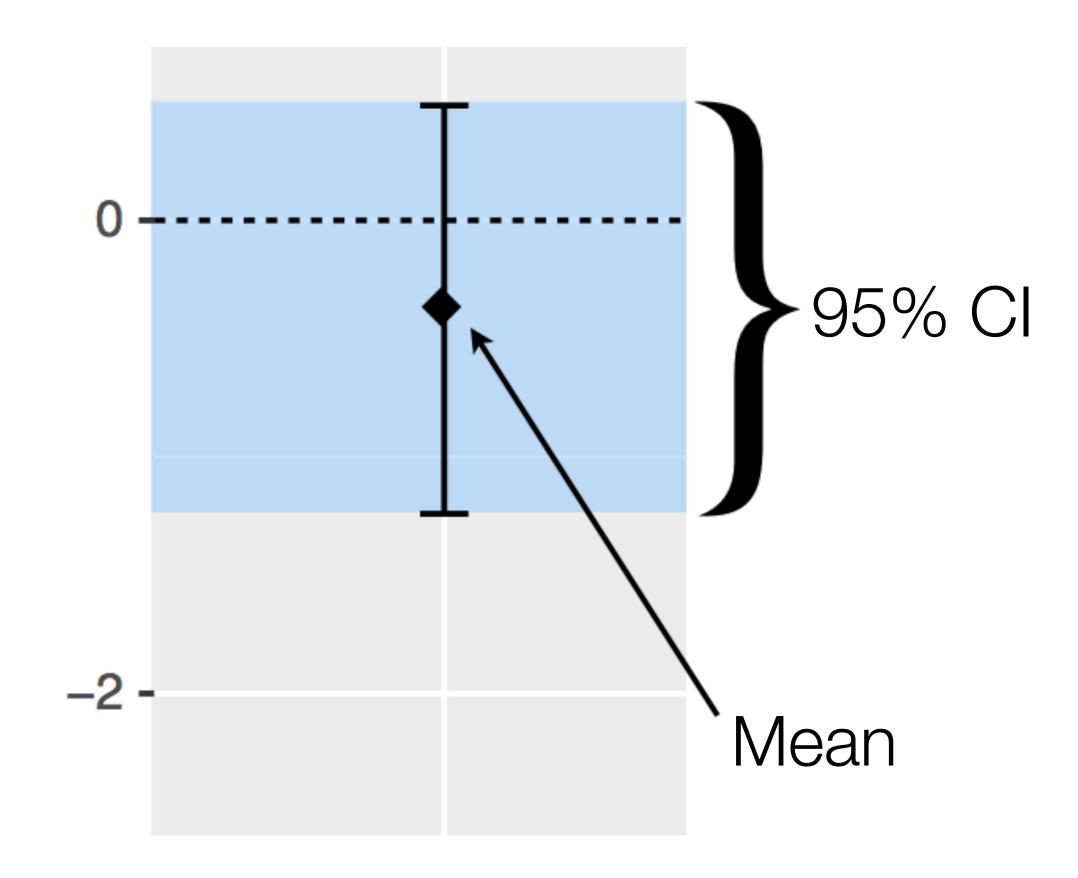
- vs. bar charts [Munzner's Textbook, 2014]
 - Angle channel is lower precision then position in bar charts
- What about donut charts?
- Are we judging angle, or are we judging area, ... or arc length?
 - "Arcs, Angles, or Areas: Individual Data Encodings in Pie and Donut Charts", D. Skau and R. Kosara, 2016
 - "Judgment Error in Pie Chart Variations", R. Kosara and D. Skau, 2016
 - Summary: "An Illustrated Study of the Pie Chart Study Results"

Arcs, Angles, or Areas?



Study Setup

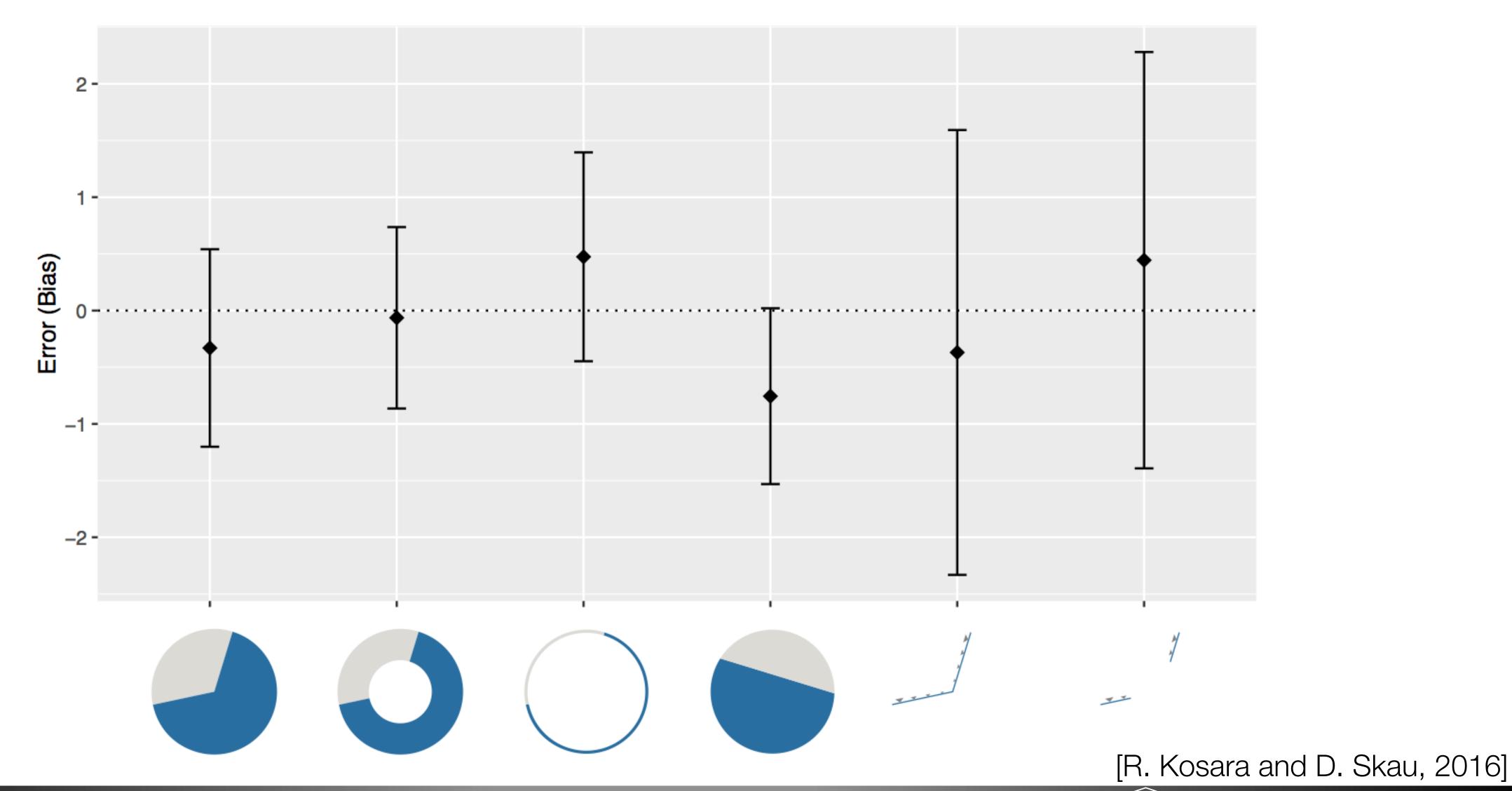
- Three studies
- 80-100 participants each
- Each answered ~60 questions
- Computed results using 95% Confidence Intervals



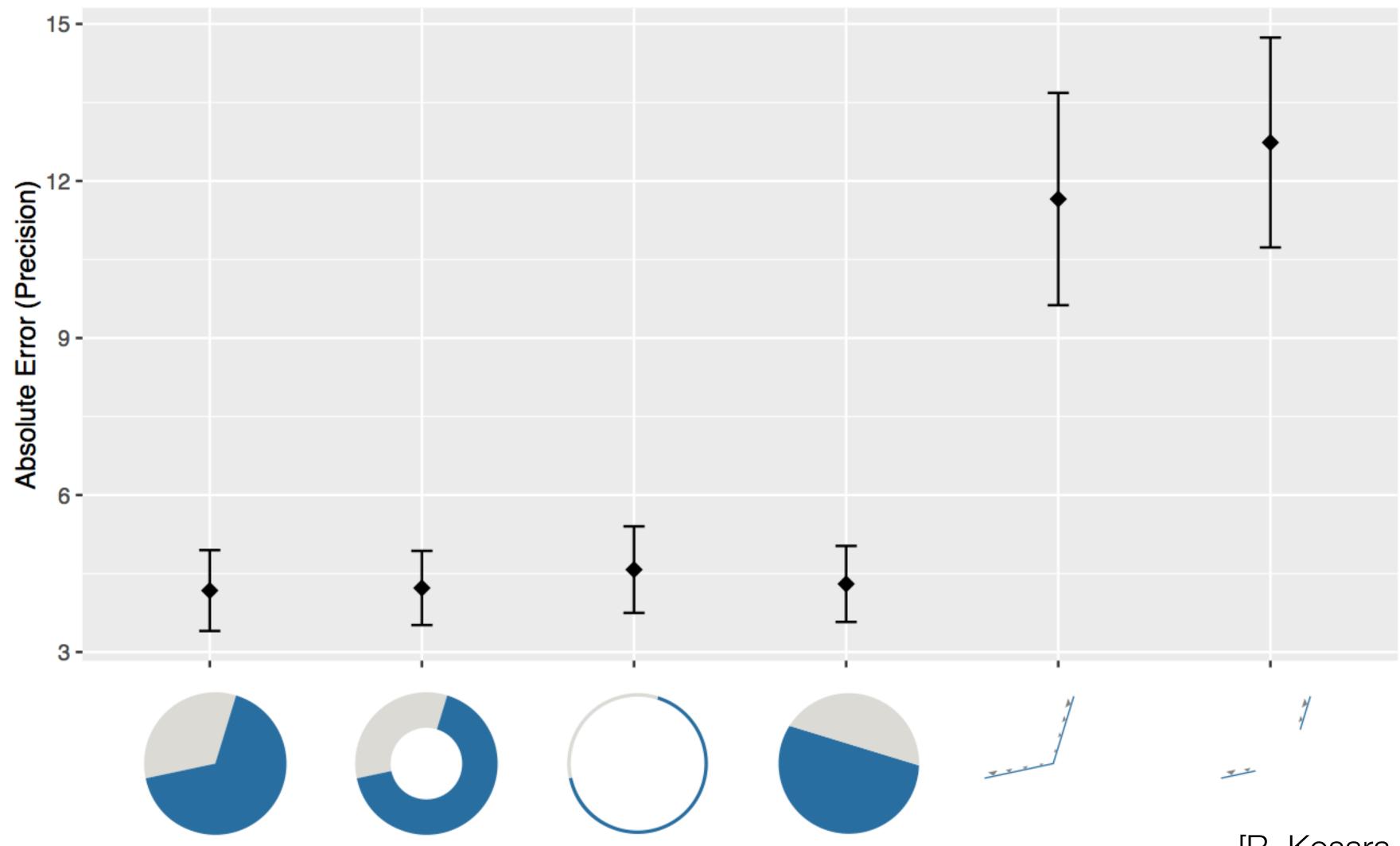
[R. Kosara and D. Skau, 2016]



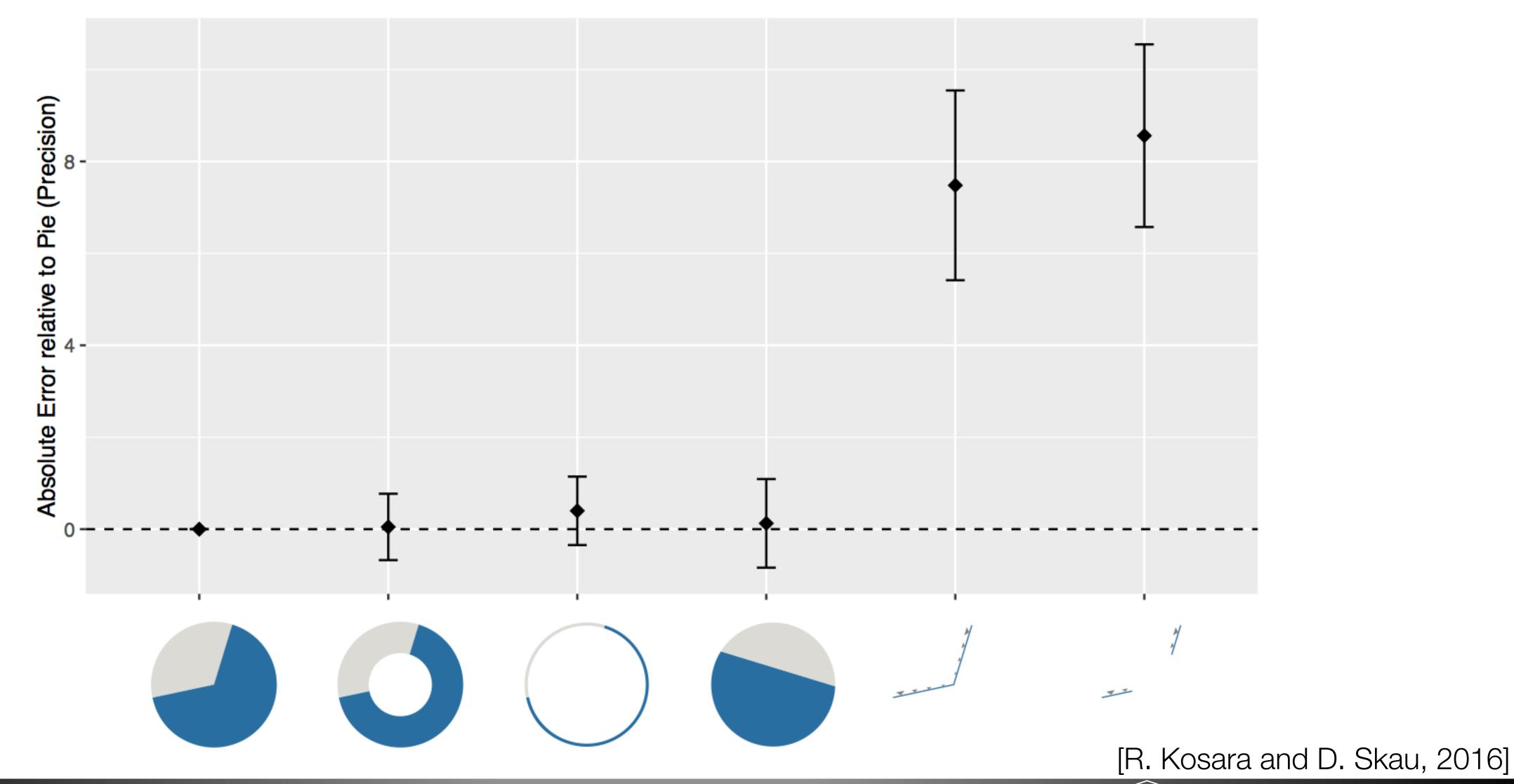
Signed Error



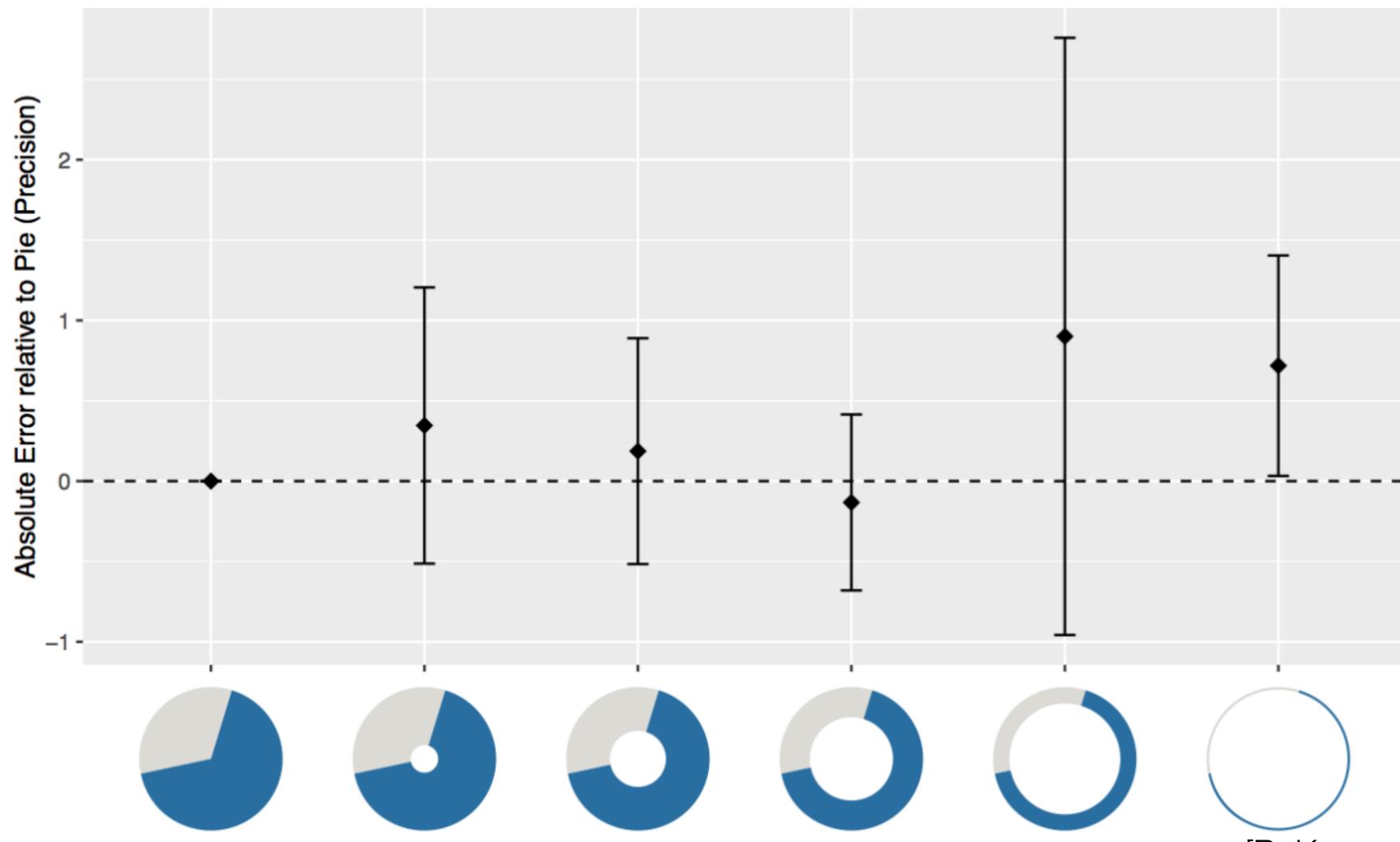
Absolute Error



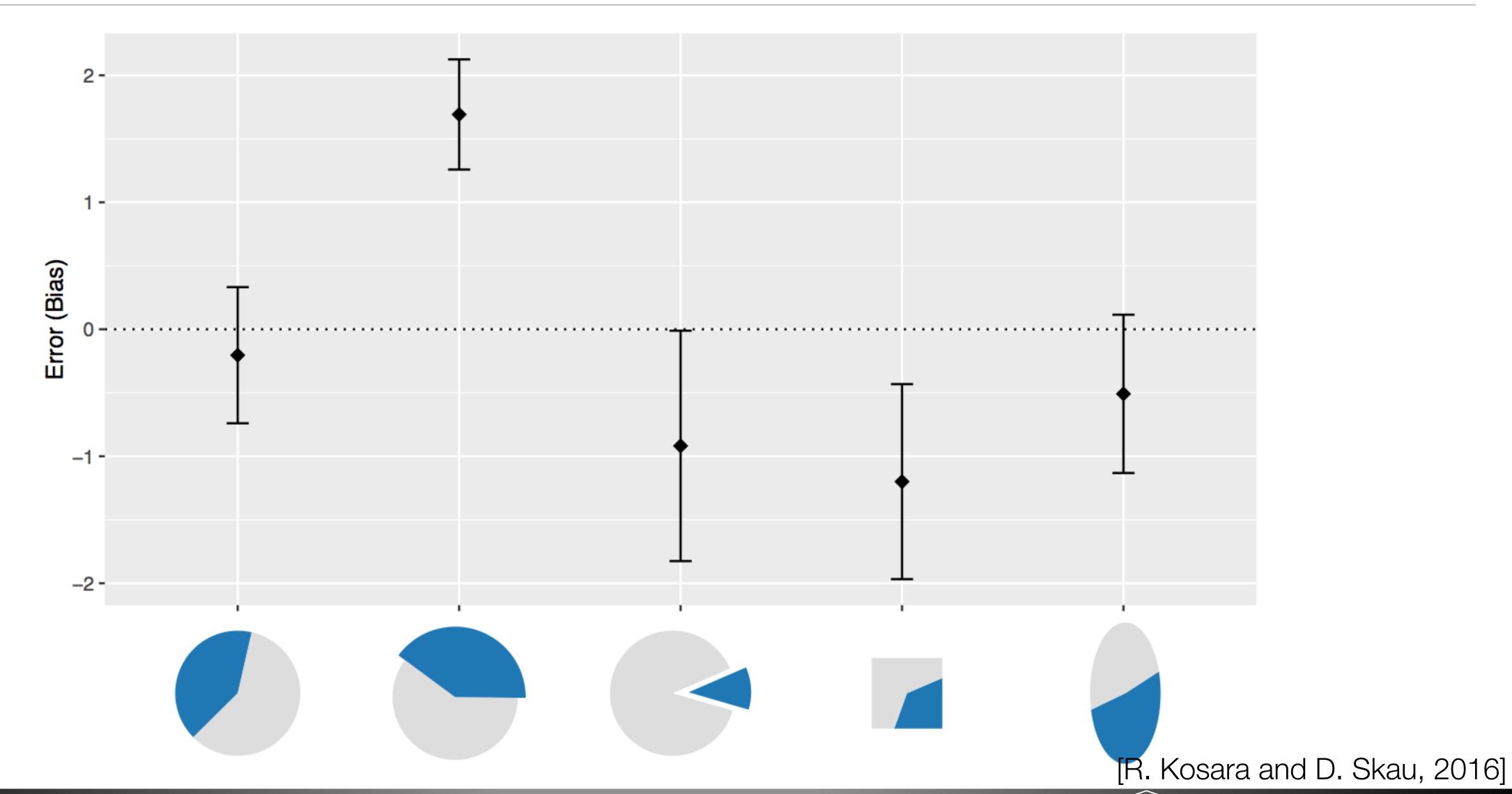
Absolute Error Relative to Pie Chart



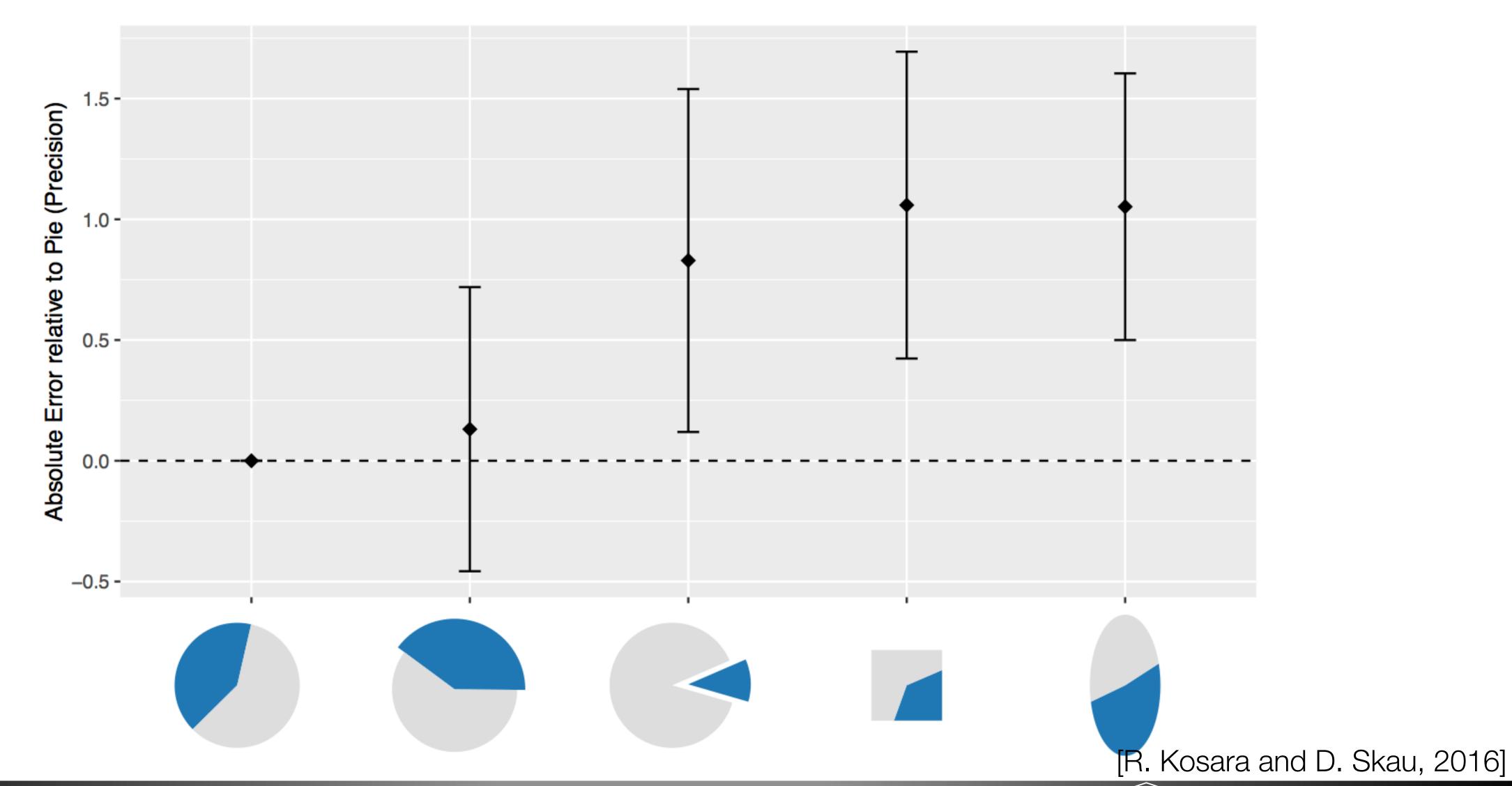
Donut Charts Width



Pie Chart Variations



Pie Chart Variations



Conclusion: We do not read pie charts by angle

[R. Kosara and D. Skau, 2016]



Pies vs. Bars

- ...but area is still harder to judge than position
- Screens are usually not round

Color



Color



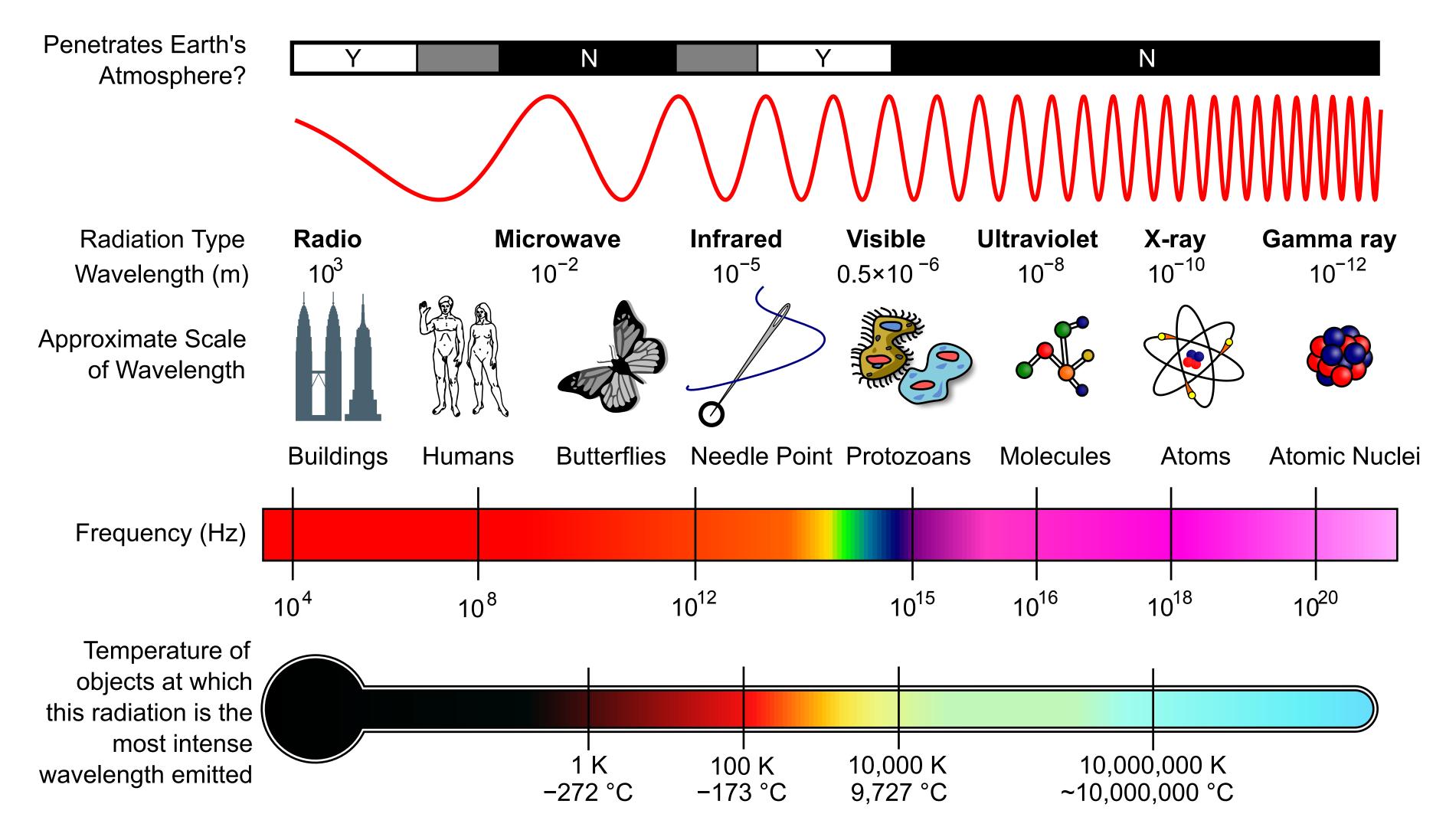
Color



Color and Light

- Color is a perceptive property: color depends on the eyes and brain
- Visible light is a small portion of the **electromagnetic spectrum** which is composed of waves that at various frequencies (wavelengths), all traveling at the speed of light

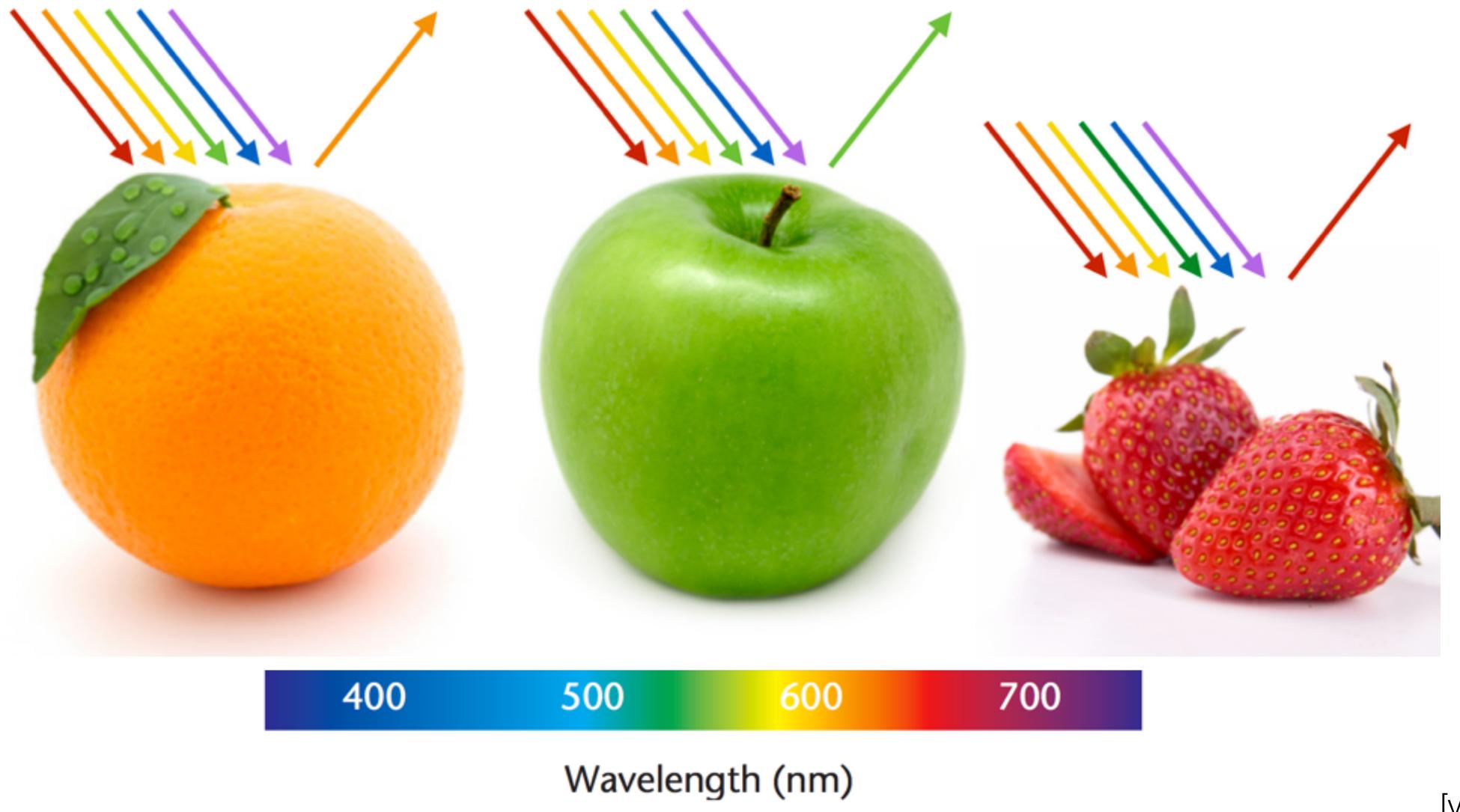
Electromagnetic Spectrum



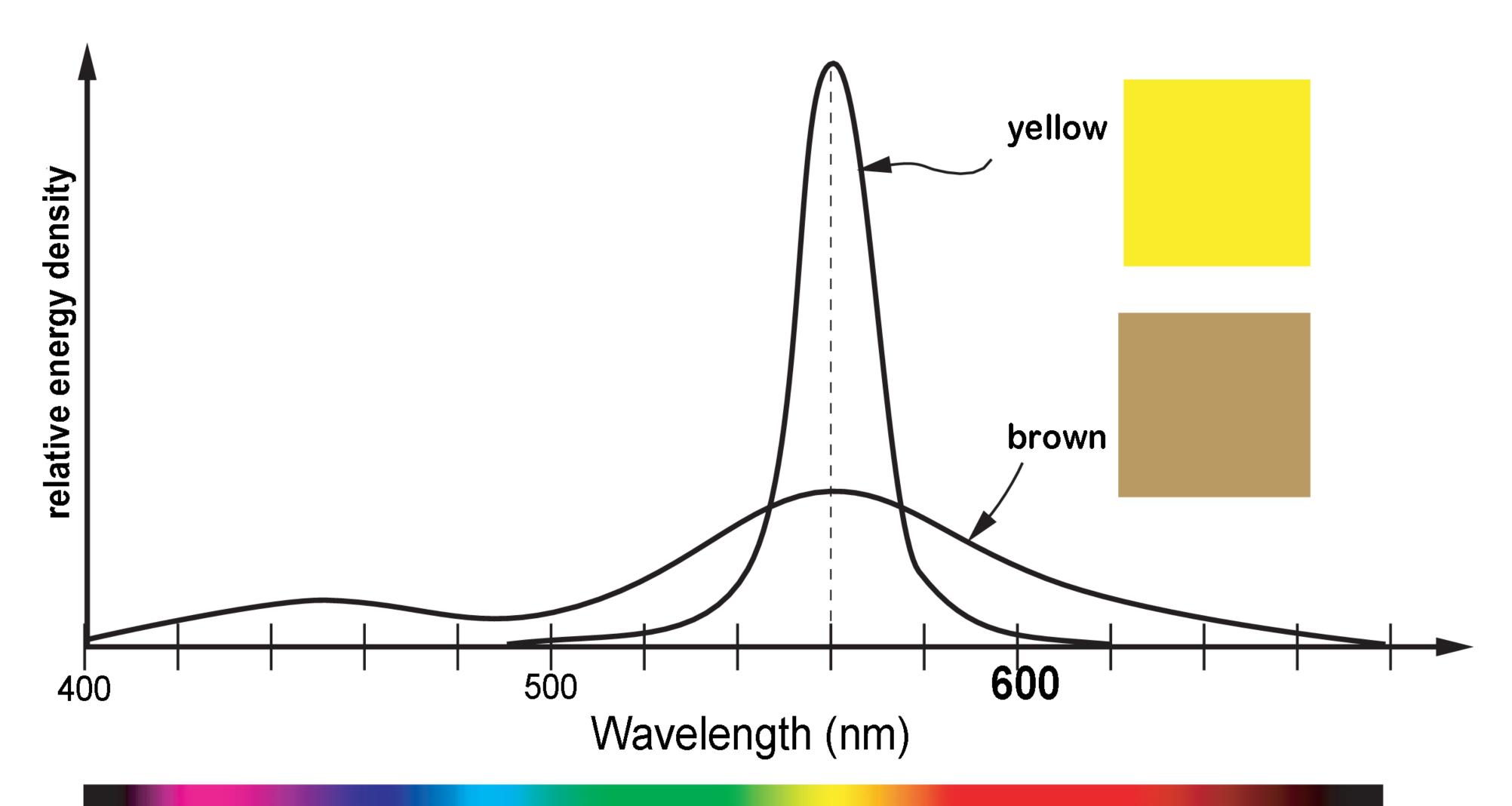
[Wikimedia, NASA]



Light Reflection & Absorption



Color!= Wavelength



[via M. Meyer]