Data Visualization (CSCI 627/490)

Tabular Data

Dr. David Koop





Expressiveness and Effectiveness

- Expressiveness Principle: all data from the dataset and nothing more should be shown
 - Do encode ordered data in an ordered fashion
 - Don't encode categorical data in a way that implies an ordering
- Effectiveness Principle: the most important attributes should be the most salient
 - Saliency: how noticeable something is
 - How do the channels we have discussed measure up?

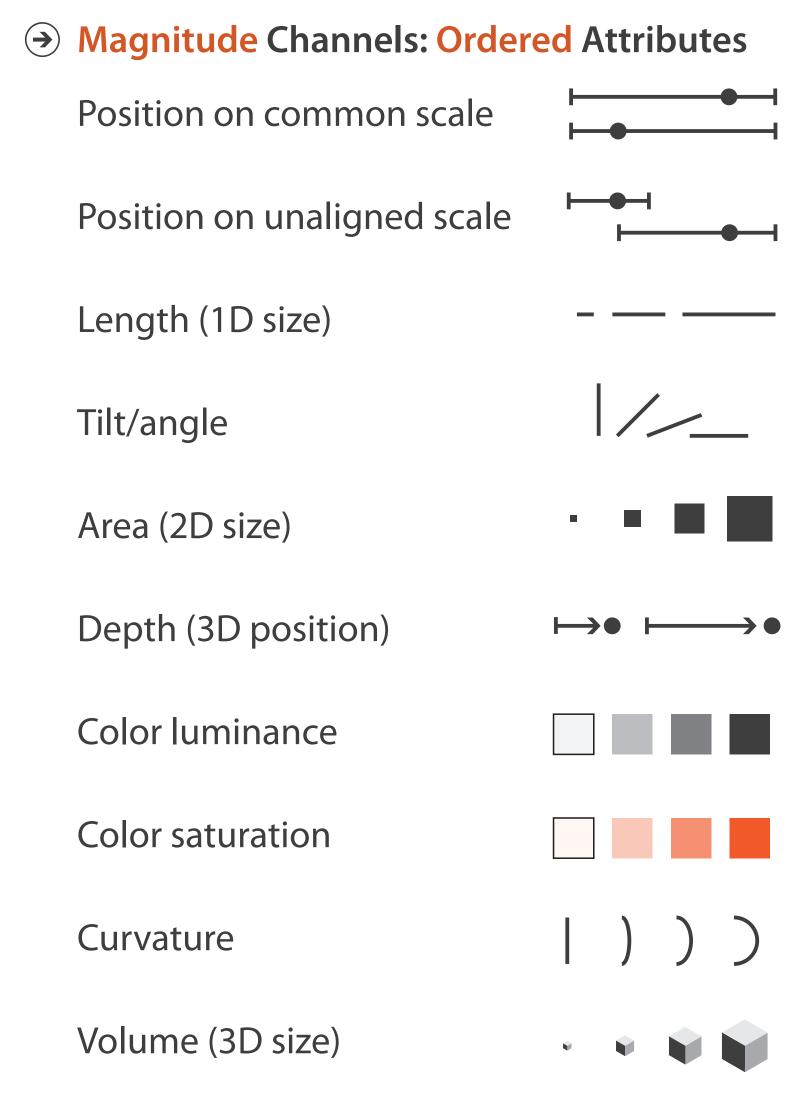
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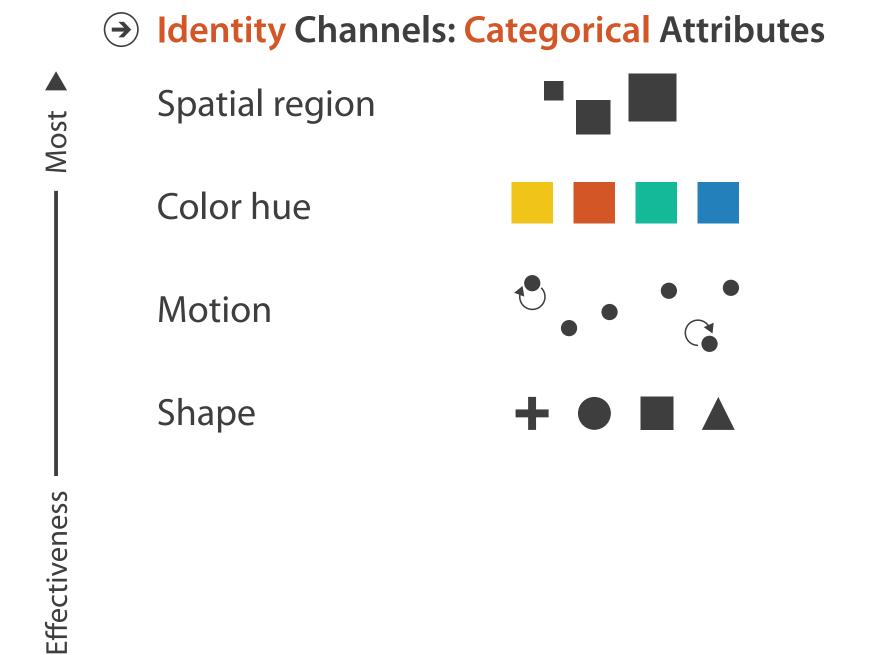
2



Ranking Channels by Effectiveness



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Least





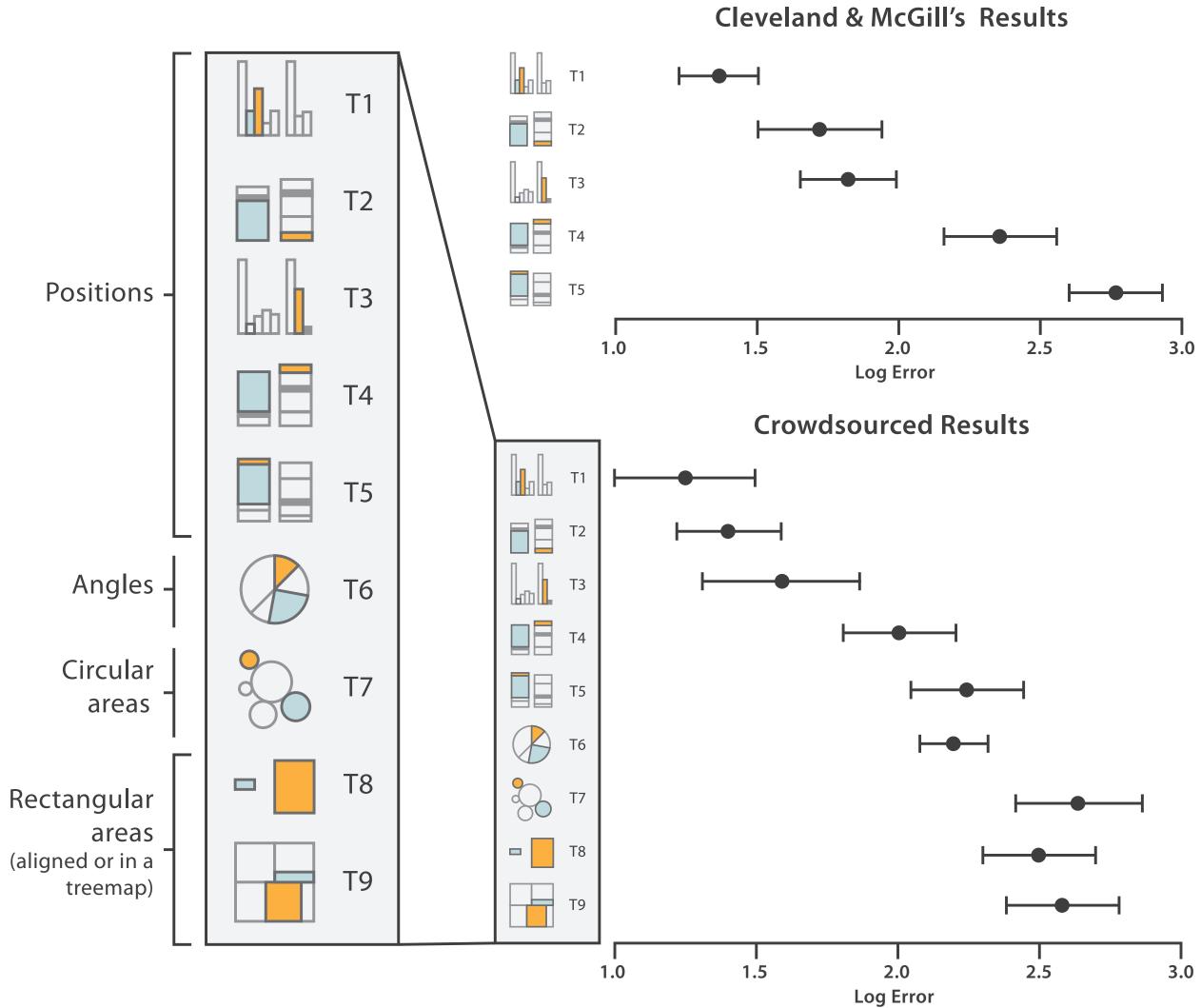


How was this determined?





Perception Studies Summary



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[Munzner (ill. Maguire) based on Heer & Bostock, 2014]



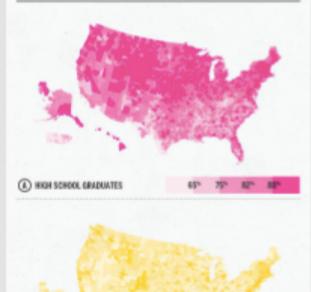


5

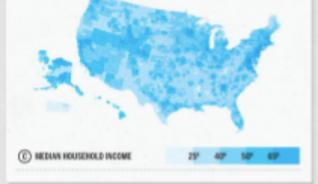
Separable or Integral?

READING, EARNING MONEY **ND**

The latest data from the U.S. Census's American Community Survey paints a fascinating picture of the United States at the county level. We've looked at the educational achievement and the median income of the entire nation, to see where people are going to school, where they're earning money, and if there is any correlation.



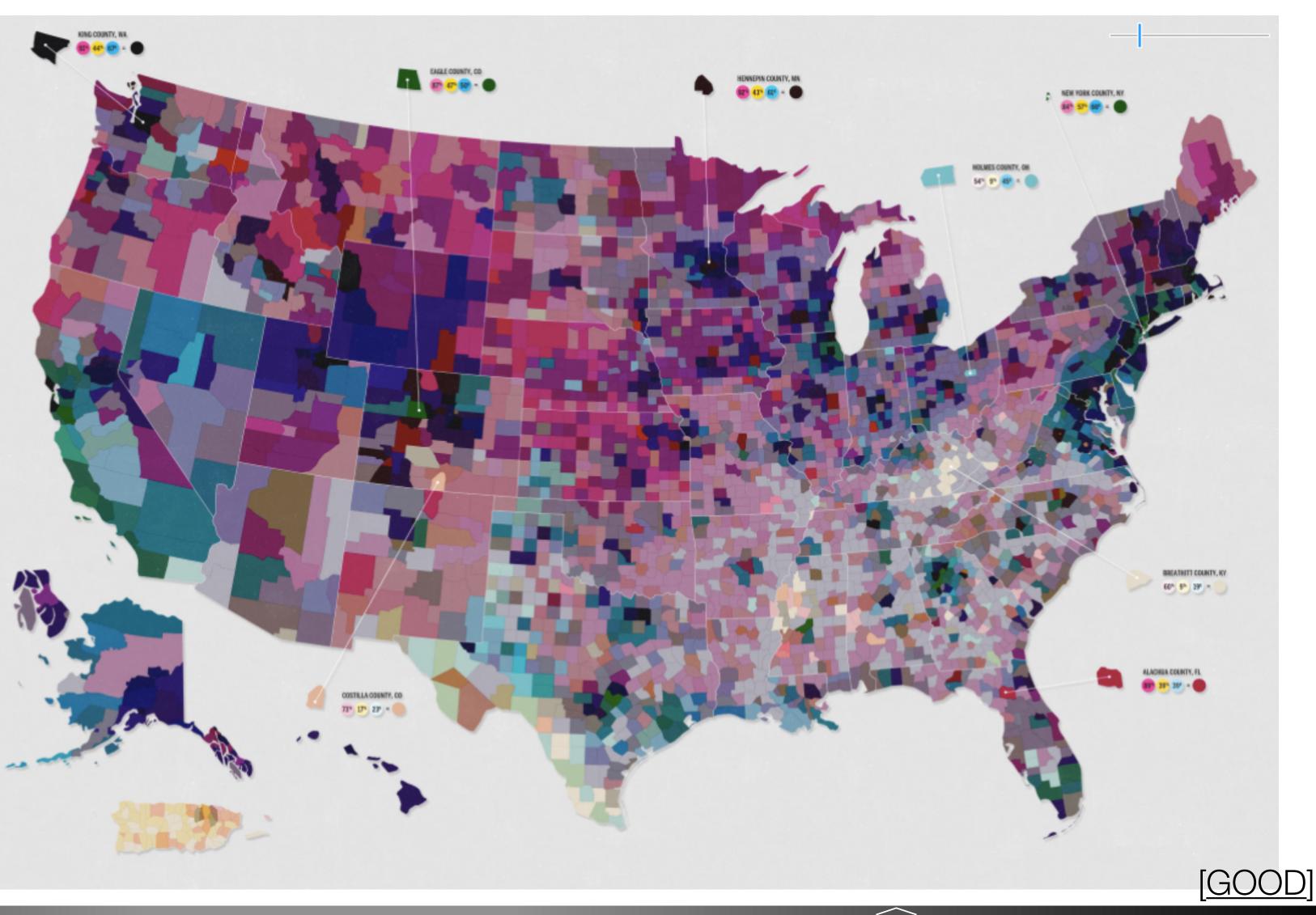




The map at right is a product of overlaying the three sets of data. The variation in hue and value has been produced from the data shown above. In general, darker counties represent a more educated, better paid population while lighter areas represent communities with fewer graduates and lower incomes.



A collaboration between GDGD and Gregory Hubacel SQUBCE US Census

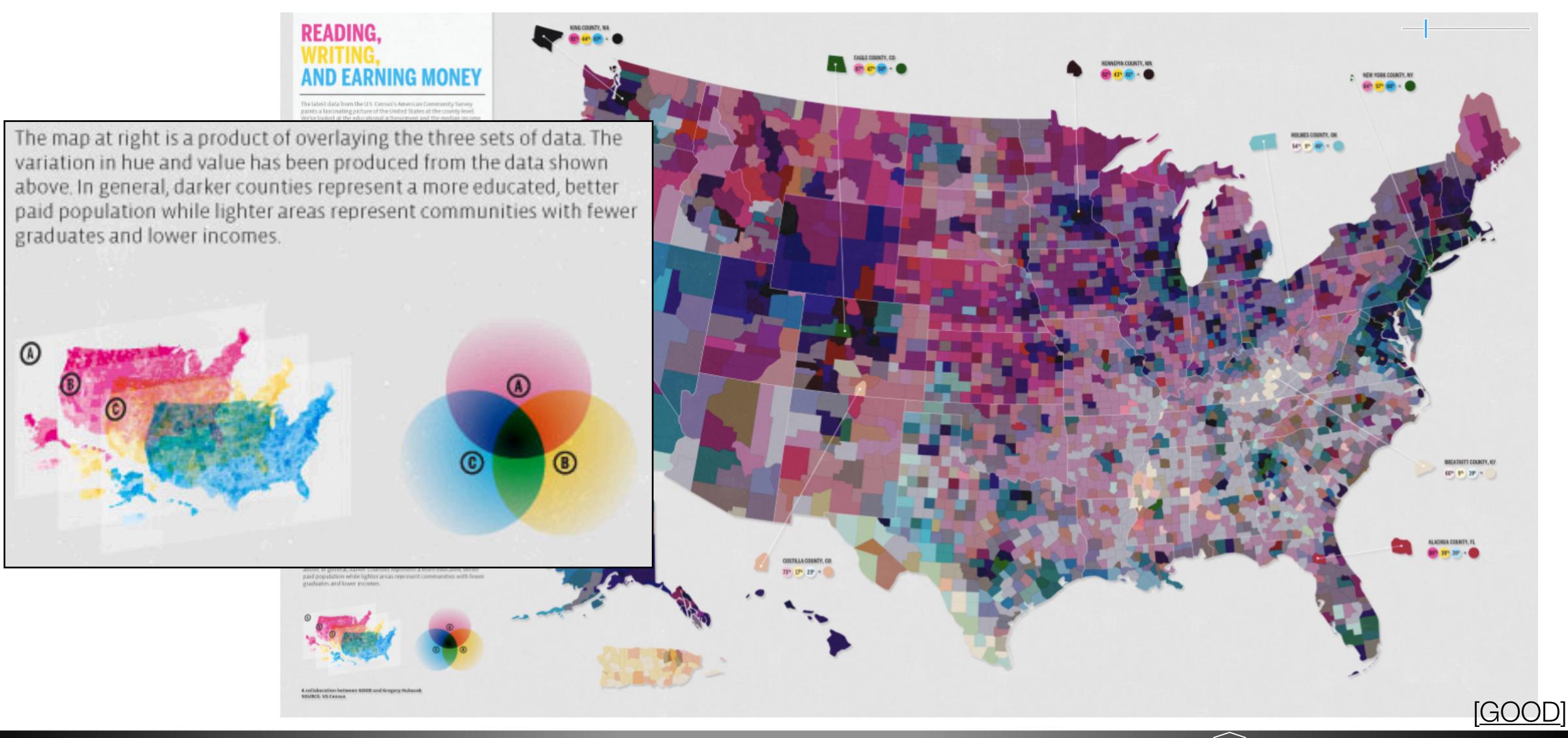








Separable or Integral?



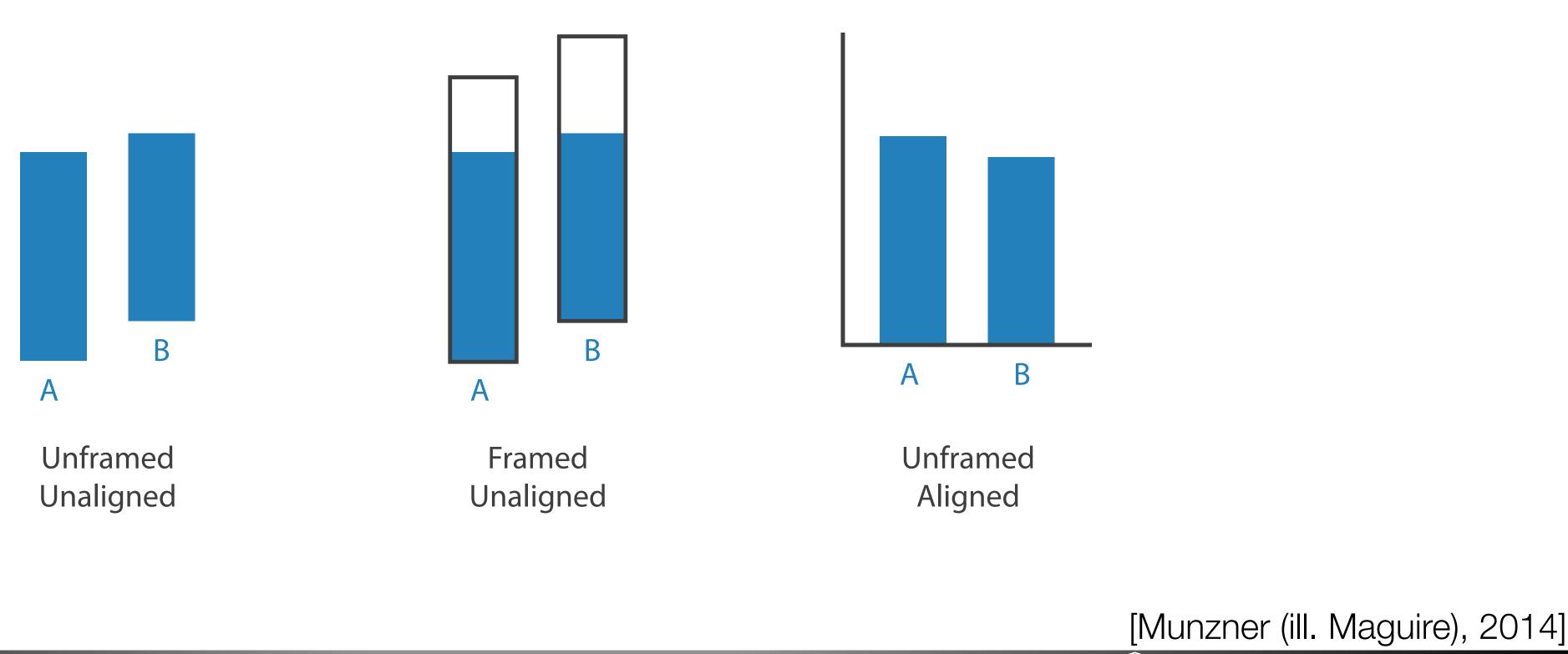




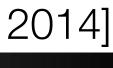


Relative vs. Absolute Judgments

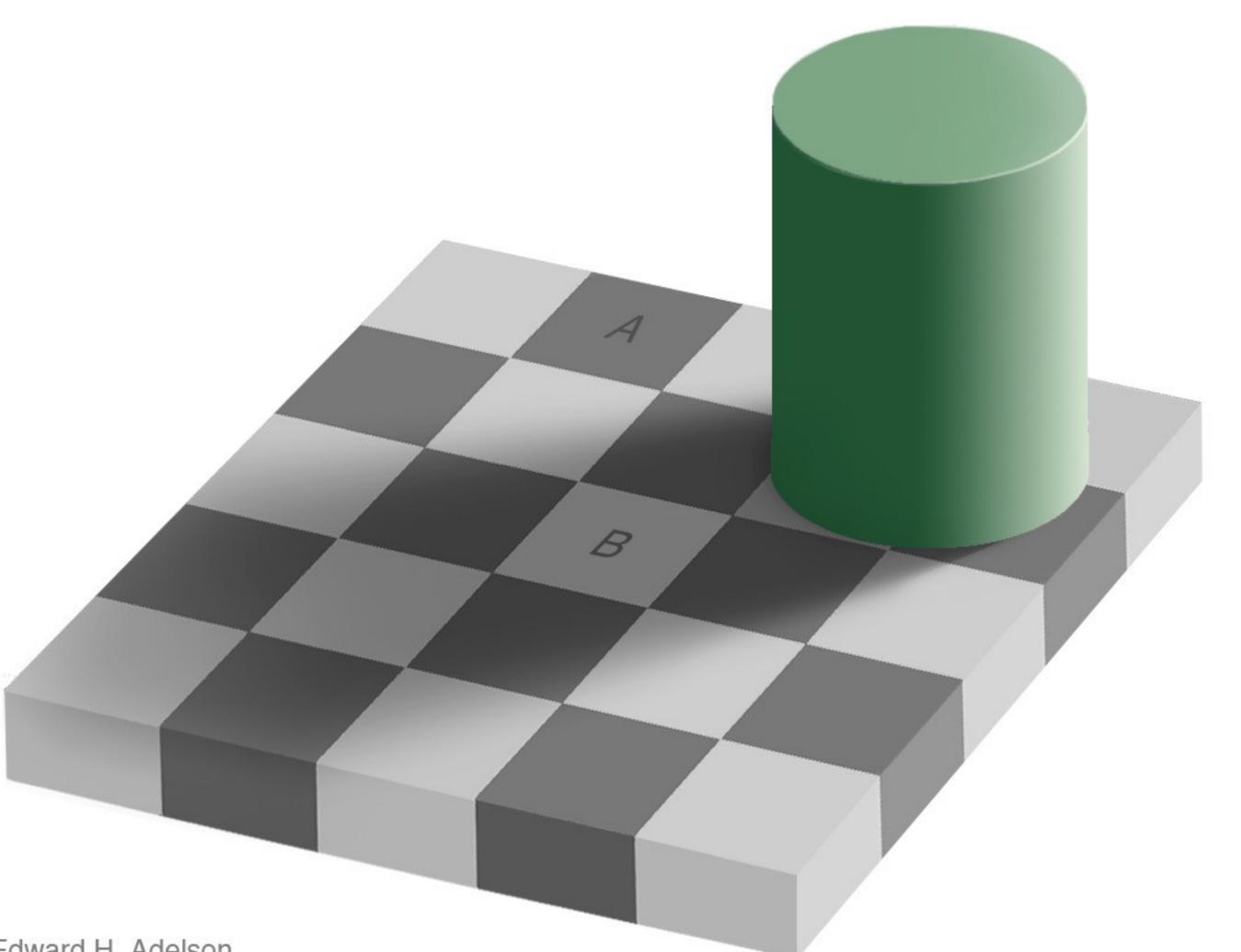
- Weber's Law:
 - We judge based on relative not absolute differences
 - The amount of perceived difference is relative to the object's magnitude!







Luminance Perception



Edward H. Adelson



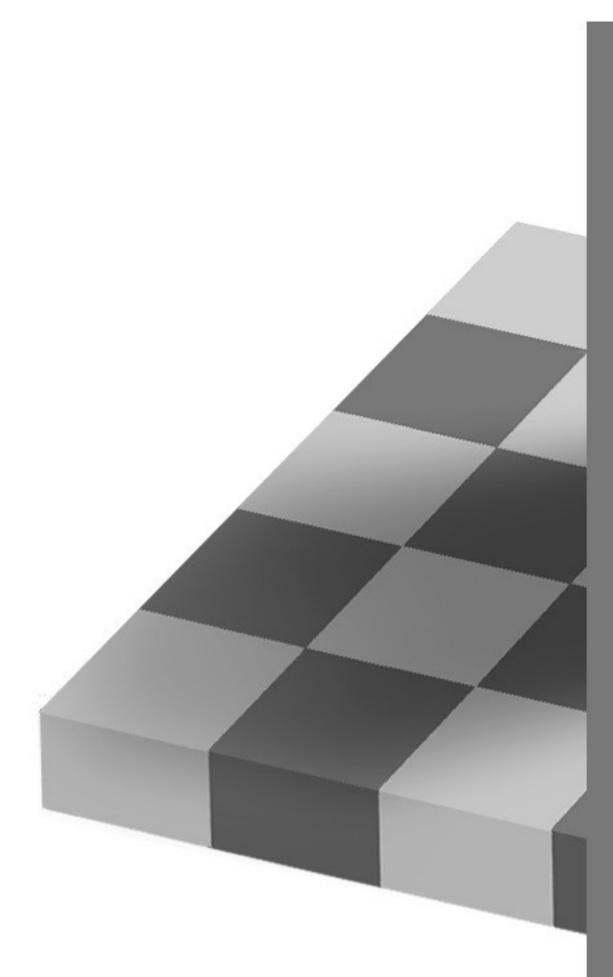




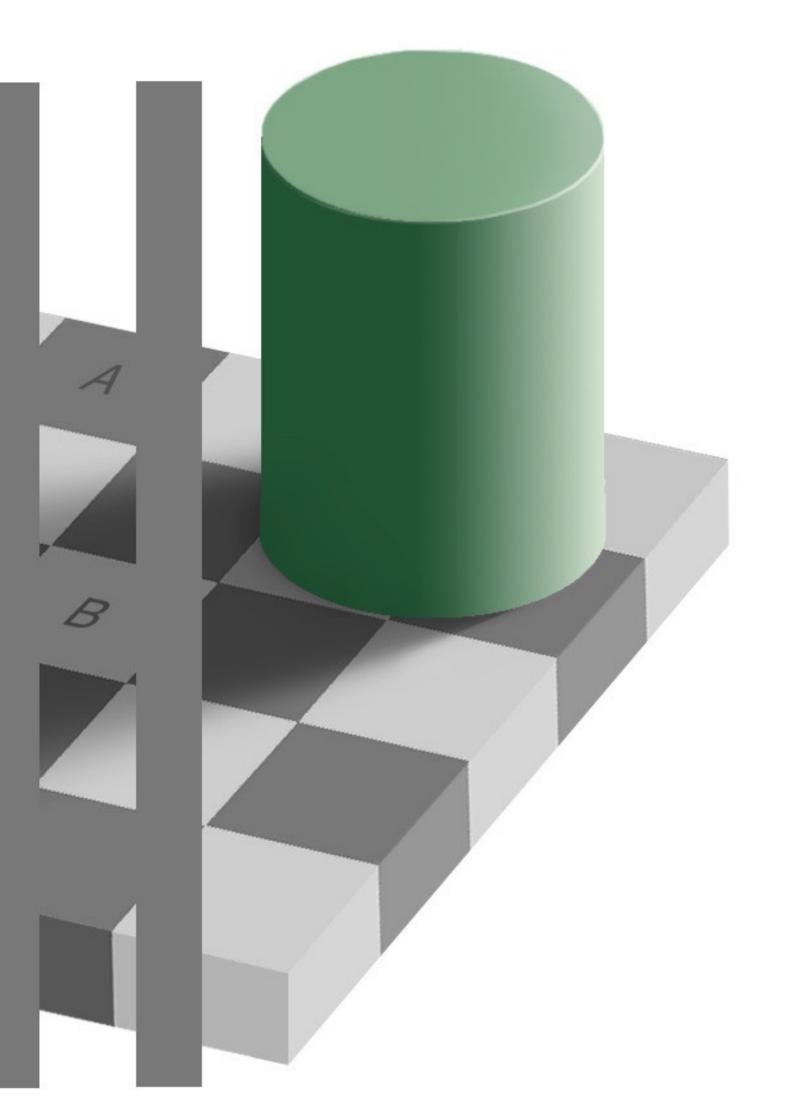




Luminance Perception



Edward H. Adelson













<u>Assignment 3</u>

- Same visualization
- Different tools
 - Tableau (Public or Desktop)
 - Observable Plot
 - D3

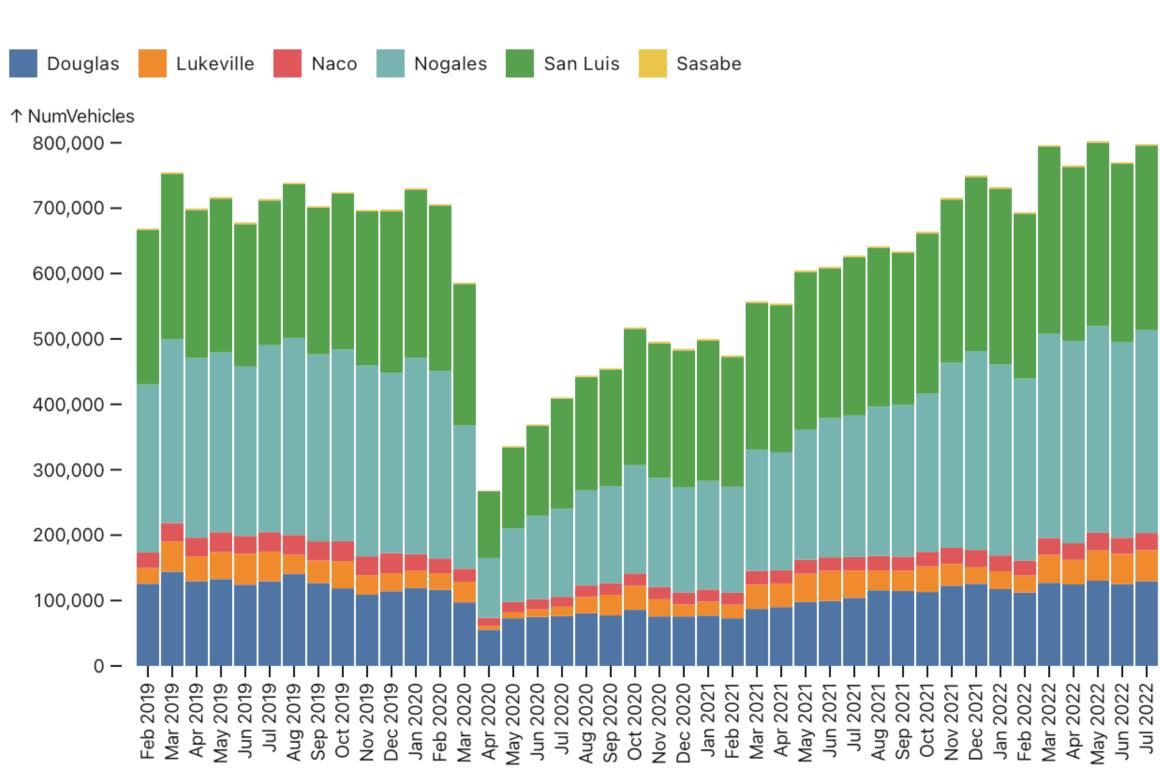
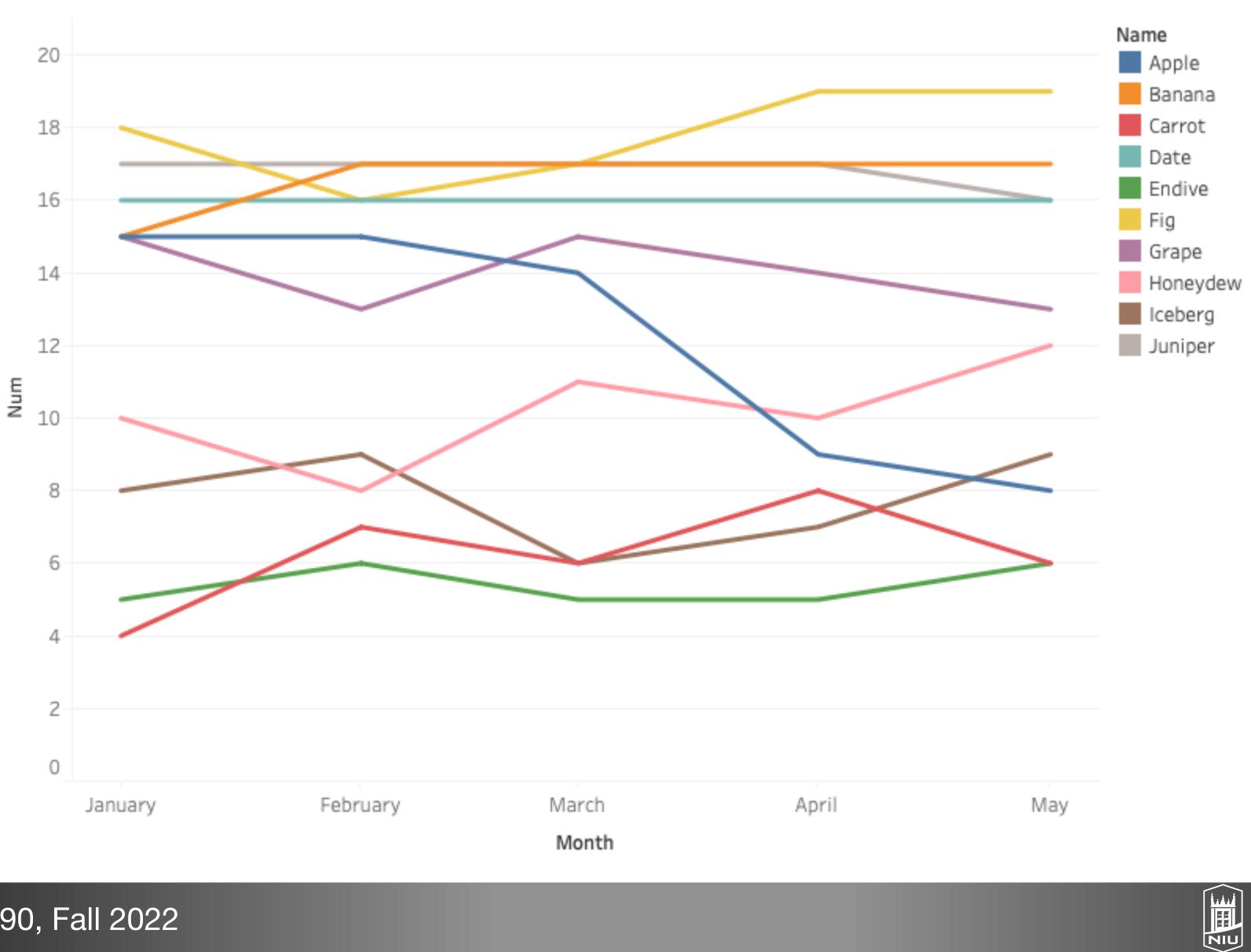






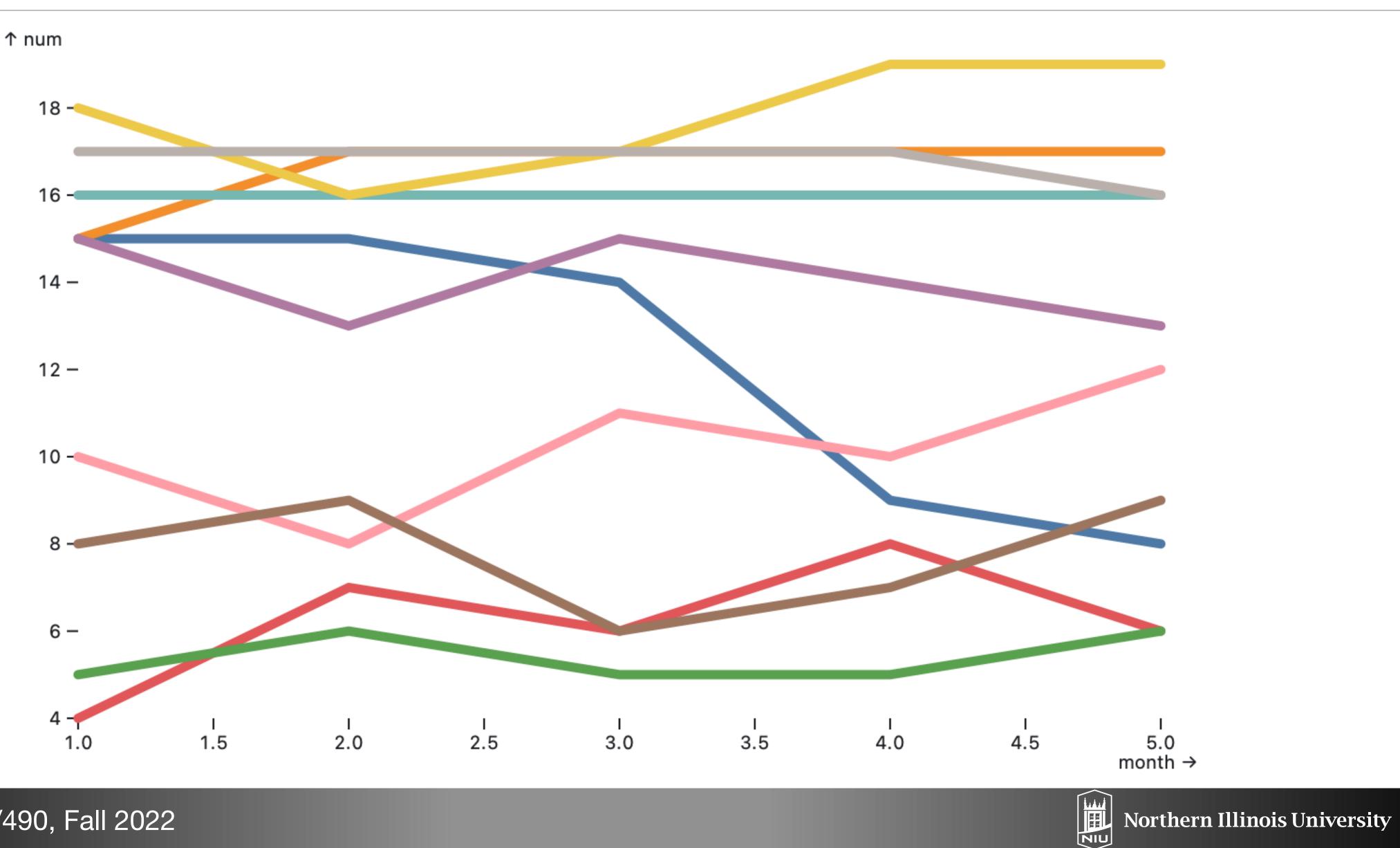


Tableau Example





<u>Observable Plot Example</u>





Tables

1		STATION	FF V	SEN/DIS	7-D AFAS UNL	D AFAS/RMF (JOINT RR TKT	7-D UNL	30-D UNL
1	R011	42ND STREET & 8TH AVENUE	00228985	00008471	00000441	00001455	00000134	00033341	00071255
2	R170	14TH STREET-UNION SQUARE	00224603	00011051	00000827	00003026	00000660	00089367	00199841
3	R046	42ND STREET & GRAND CENTRAL	00207758	00007908	00000323	00001183	00003001	00040759	00096613
4	R012	34TH STREET & 8TH AVENUE	00188311	00006490	00000498	00001279	00003622	00035527	00067483
5	R293	34TH STREET – PENN STATION	00168768	00006155	00000523	00001065	00005031	00030645	00054376
6	R033	42ND STREET/TIMES SQUARE	00159382	00005945	00000378	00001205	00000690	00058931	00078644
7	R022	34TH STREET & 6TH AVENUE	00156008	00006276	00000487	00001543	00000712	00058910	00110466
8	R084	59TH STREET/COLUMBUS CIRCLE	00155262	00009484	00000589	00002071	00000542	00053397	00113966
9	R020	47-50 STREETS/ROCKEFELLER	00143500	00006402	00000384	00001159	00000723	00037978	00090745
10	R179	86TH STREET-LEXINGTON AVE	00142169	00010367	00000470	00001839	00000271	00050328	00125250
11	R023	34TH STREET & 6TH AVENUE	00134052	00005005	00000348	00001112	00000649	00031531	00075040
12	R029	PARK PLACE	00121614	00004311	00000287	00000931	00000792	00025404	00065362
13	R047	42ND STREET & GRAND CENTRAL	00100742	00004273	00000185	00000704	00001241	00022808	00068216



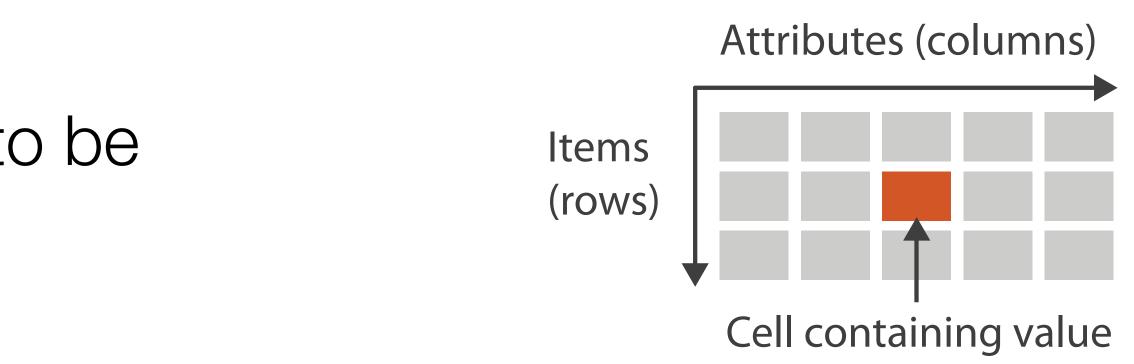




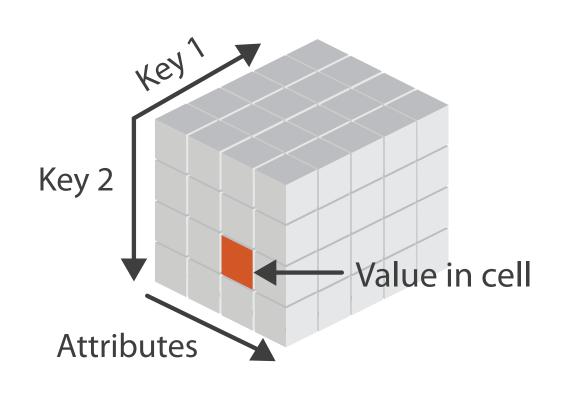
Visualization of Tables

- Items and attributes
- For now, attributes are not known to be positions
- Keys and values
 - key is an independent attribute that is unique and identifies item
 - value tells some aspect of an item
- Keys: categorical/ordinal
- Values: categorical/ordinal/quantitative
- Levels: unique values of categorical or ordered attributes

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 \rightarrow Multidimensional Table



[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]



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Arrange Tables **Express Values** (\rightarrow) Separate, Order, Align Regions → Order → Align → Separate → 1 Key List **Axis Orientation** (\rightarrow) → Rectilinear → Parallel → Radial

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→ Dense

→ Space-Filling



 \rightarrow 2 Keys Matrix





 \rightarrow Many Keys **Recursive Subdivision**

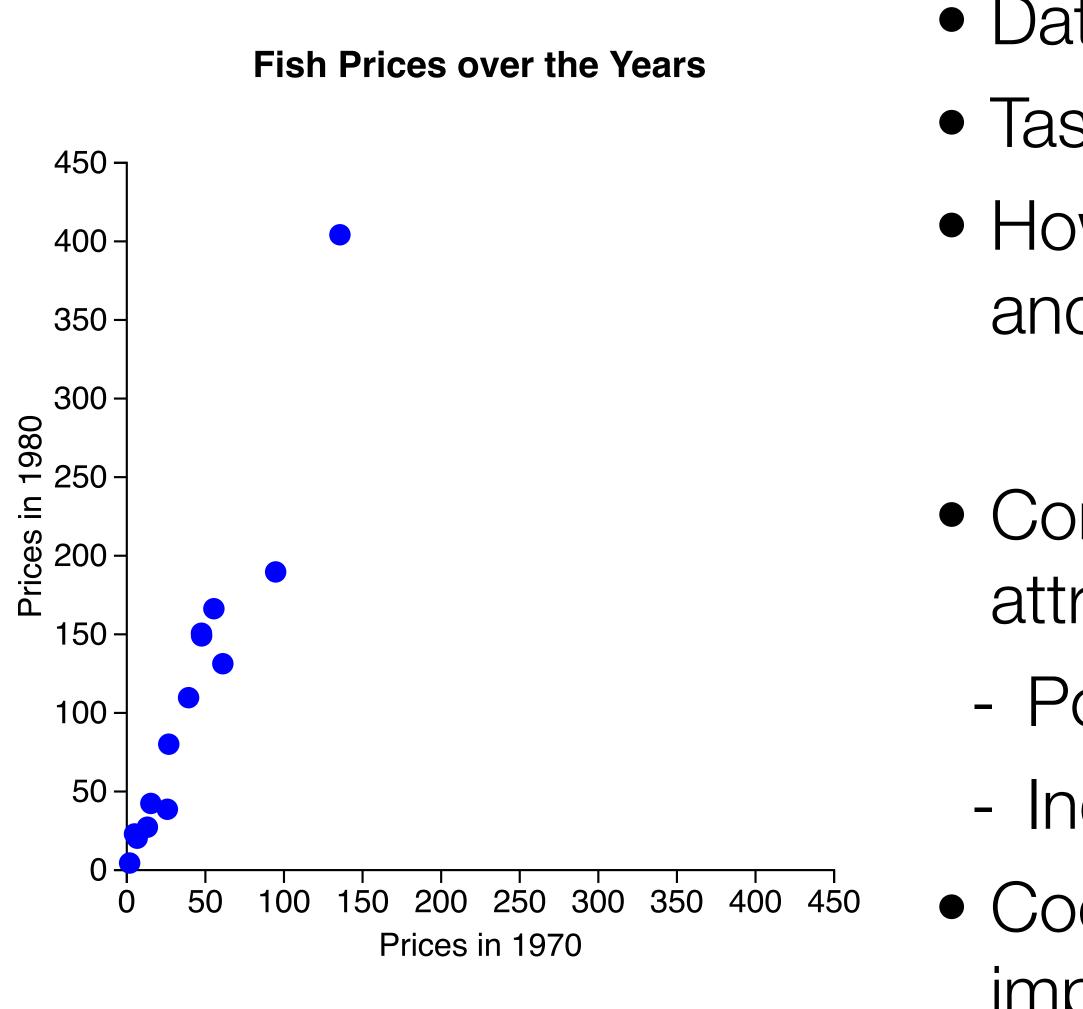








Express Values: Scatterplots

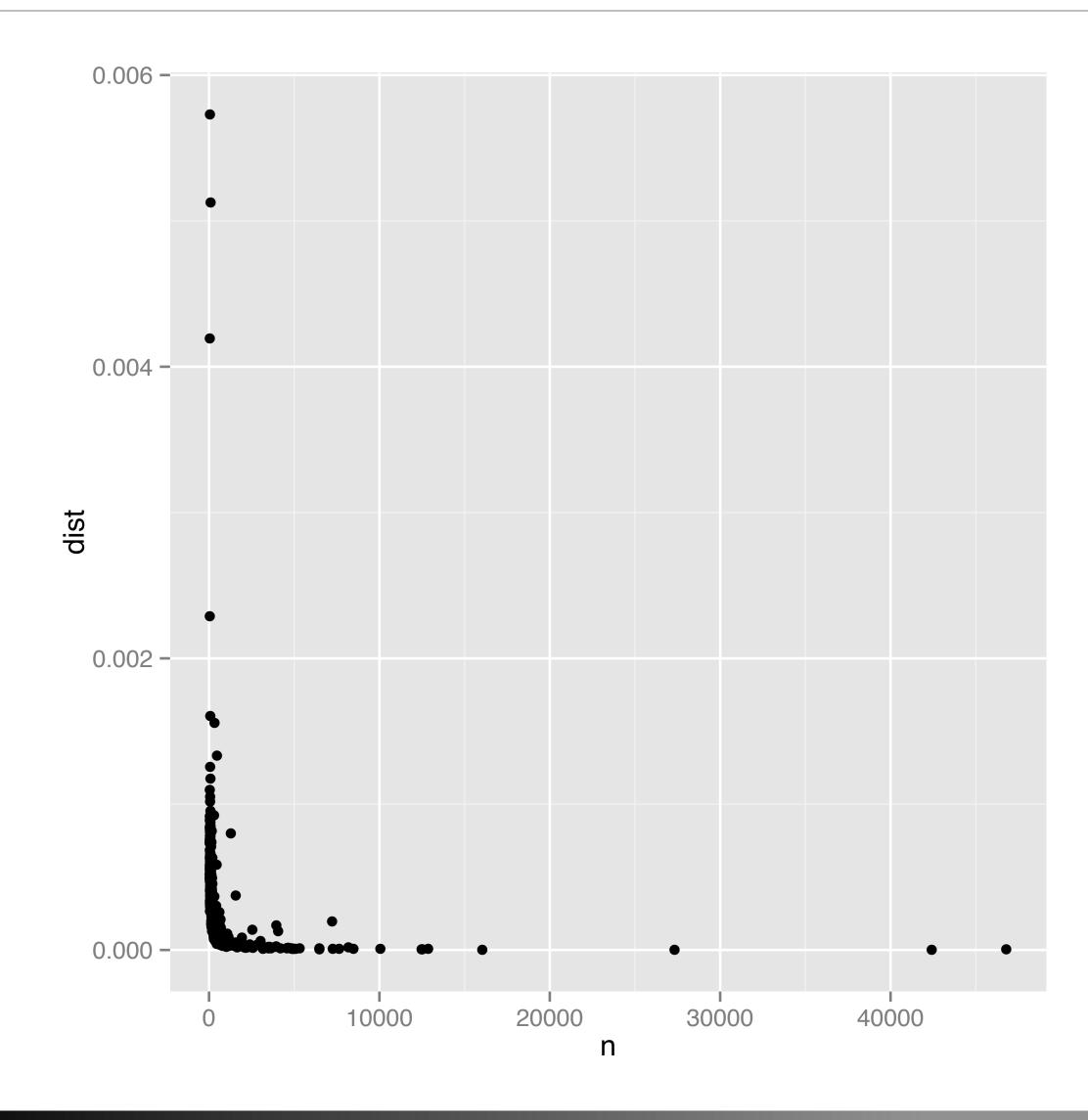


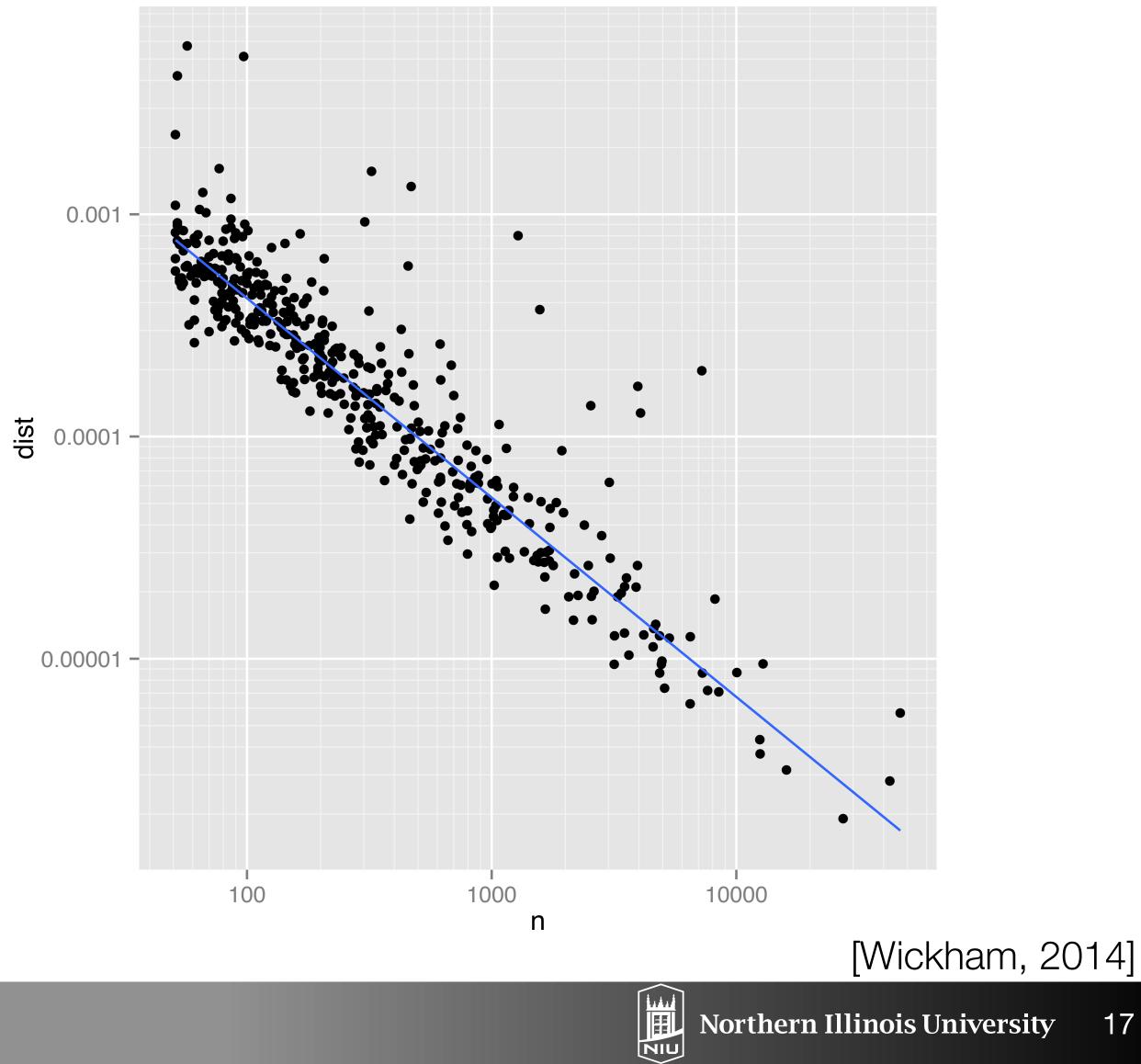
- Data: two quantitative values
- Task: find trends, clusters, outliers
- How: marks at spatial position in horizontal and vertical directions
- Correlation: dependence between two attributes
 - Positive and negative correlation
 - Indicated by lines
 - Coordinate system (axes) and labels are important!





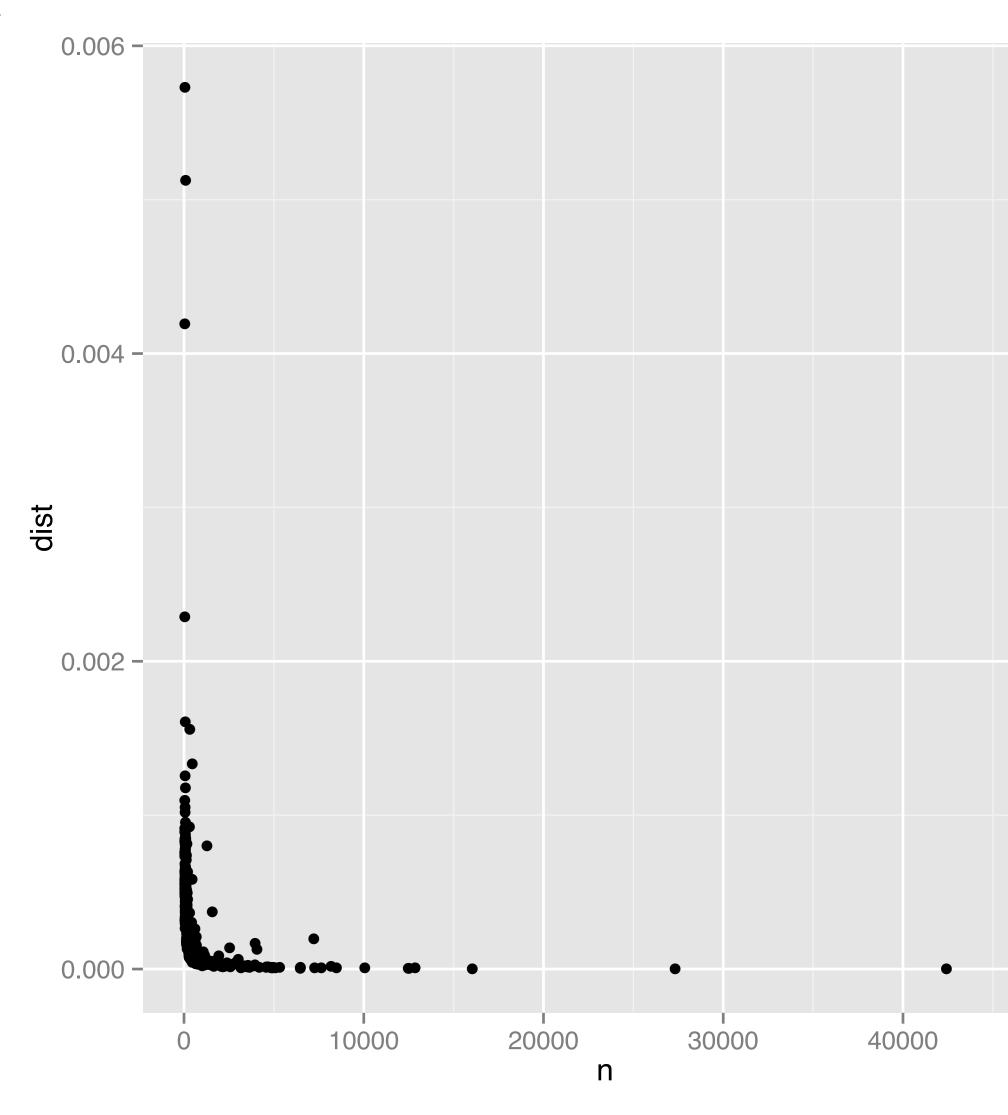
Coordinate Systems

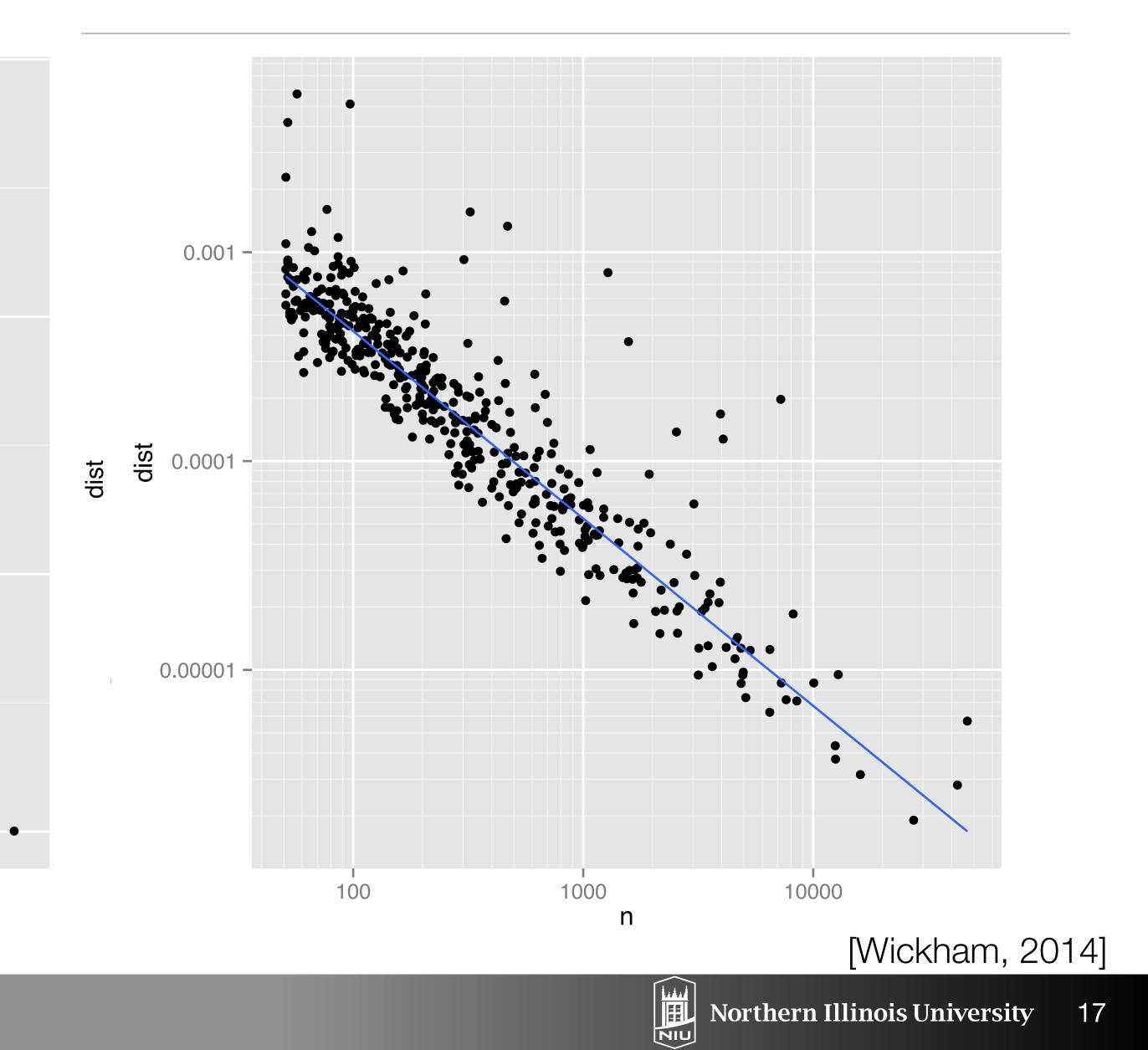




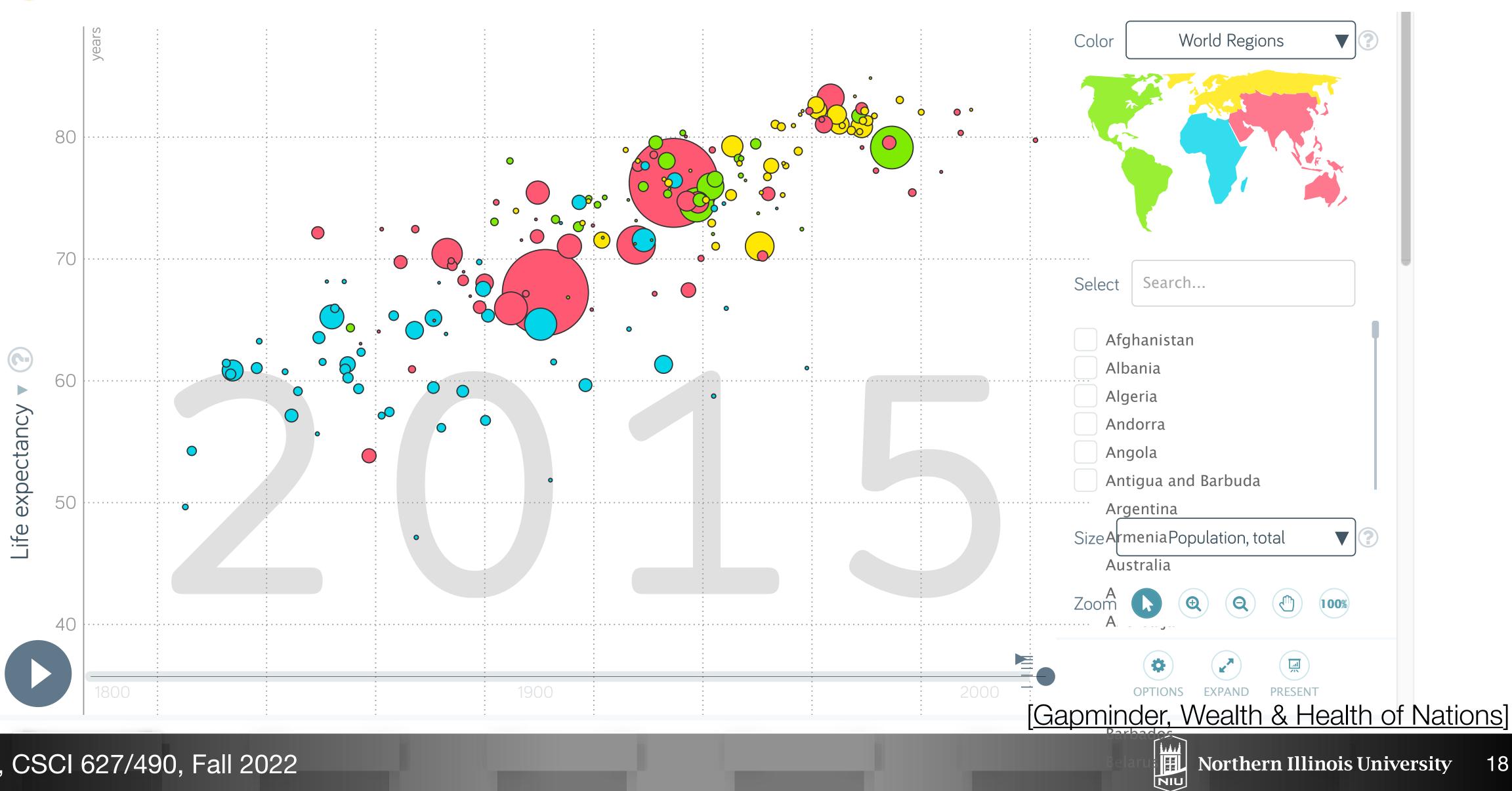


Coordinate Systems





Bubble Plot







Scatterplot

- Data: two quantitative values
- Task: find trends, clusters, outliers
- How: marks at spatial position in horizontal and vertical directions
- Scalability: hundreds of items
- "<u>Ranking Visualizations of Correlation Using Weber's Law</u>", 2014:
 - Correlation perception can be modeled via Weber's Law
 - Scatterplots are one of the best visualizations for both positive and negative correlation
 - Further analysis: M. Kay and J. Heer, "Beyond Weber's Law", 2015







Separate, Order, and Align: Categorical Regions

- Categorical: =, !=
- Spatial position can be used for categorical attributes
- Use **regions**, distinct contiguous bounded areas, to encode categorical attributes
- Three operations on the regions:
 - Separate (use categorical attribute)
 - Align (use some other ordered attribute)
 - Order
- Alignment and order can use same or different attribute

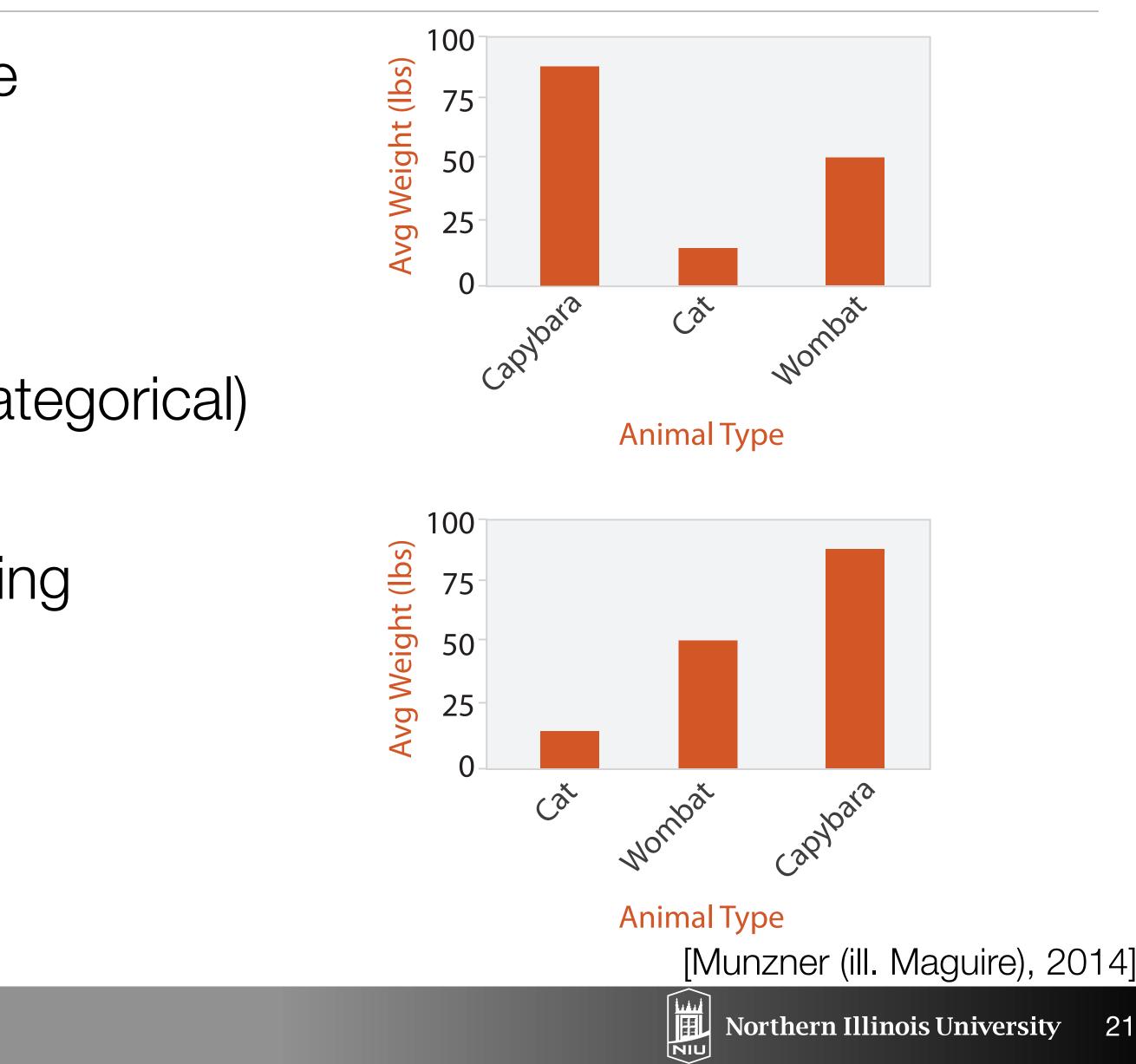


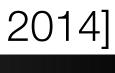




List Alignment: Bar Charts

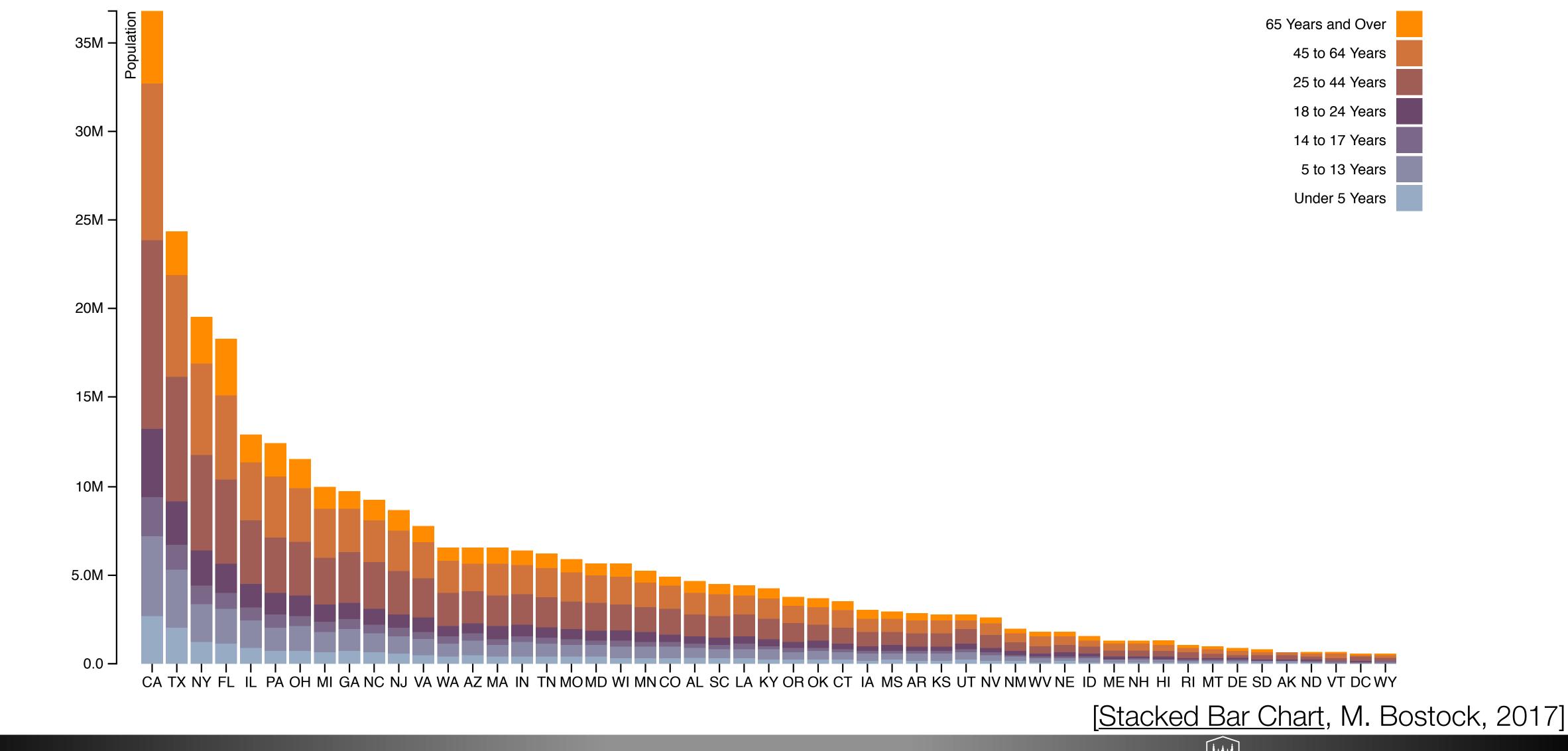
- Data: one quantitative attribute, one categorical attribute
- Task: lookup & compare values
- How: line marks, vertical position (quantitative), horizontal position (categorical)
- What about **length**?
- Ordering criteria: alphabetical or using quantitative attribute
- Scalability: distinguishability
 - bars at least one pixel wide
 - hundreds







Stacked Bar Charts



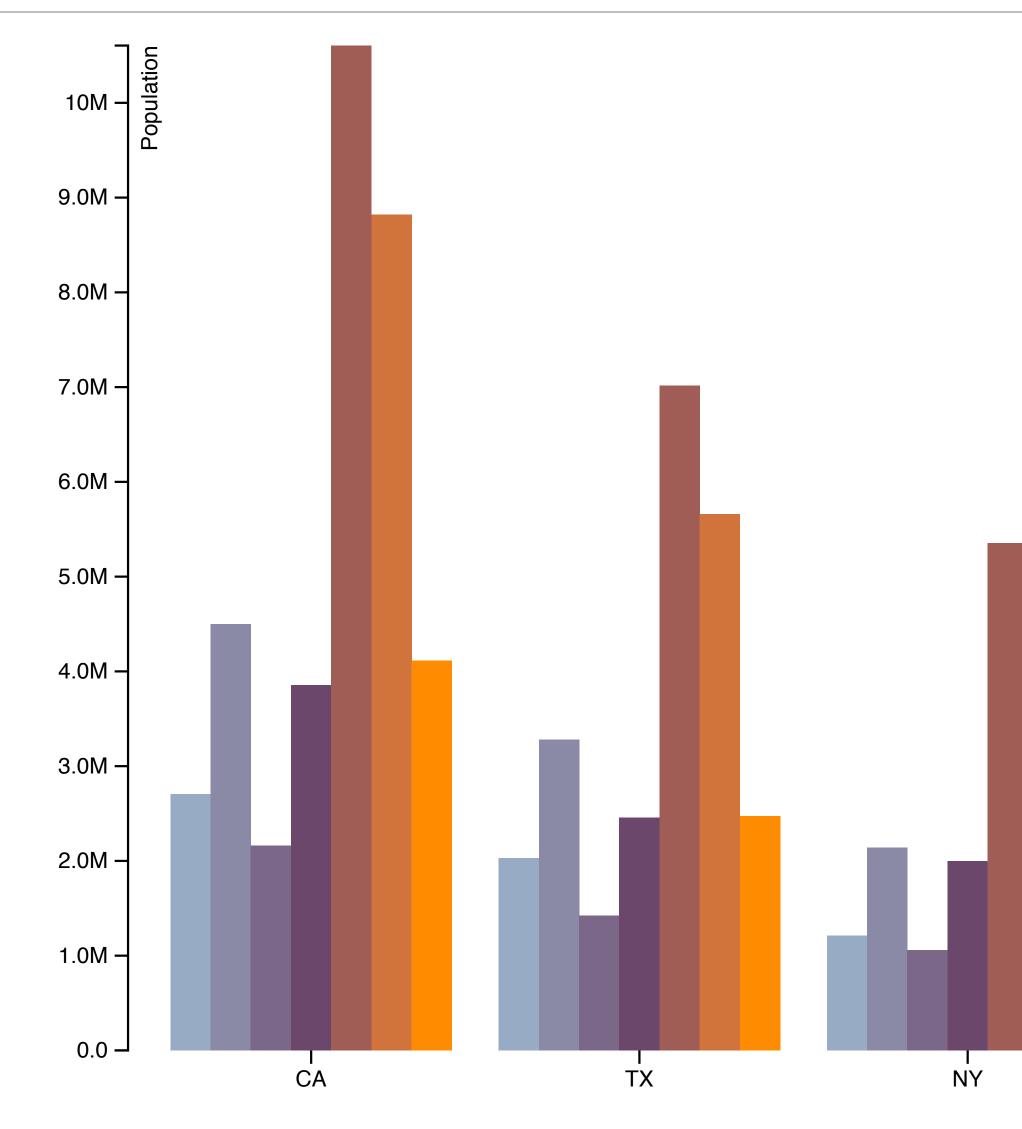
5 Years and Over	
45 to 64 Years	
25 to 44 Years	
18 to 24 Years	
14 to 17 Years	
5 to 13 Years	
Under 5 Years	



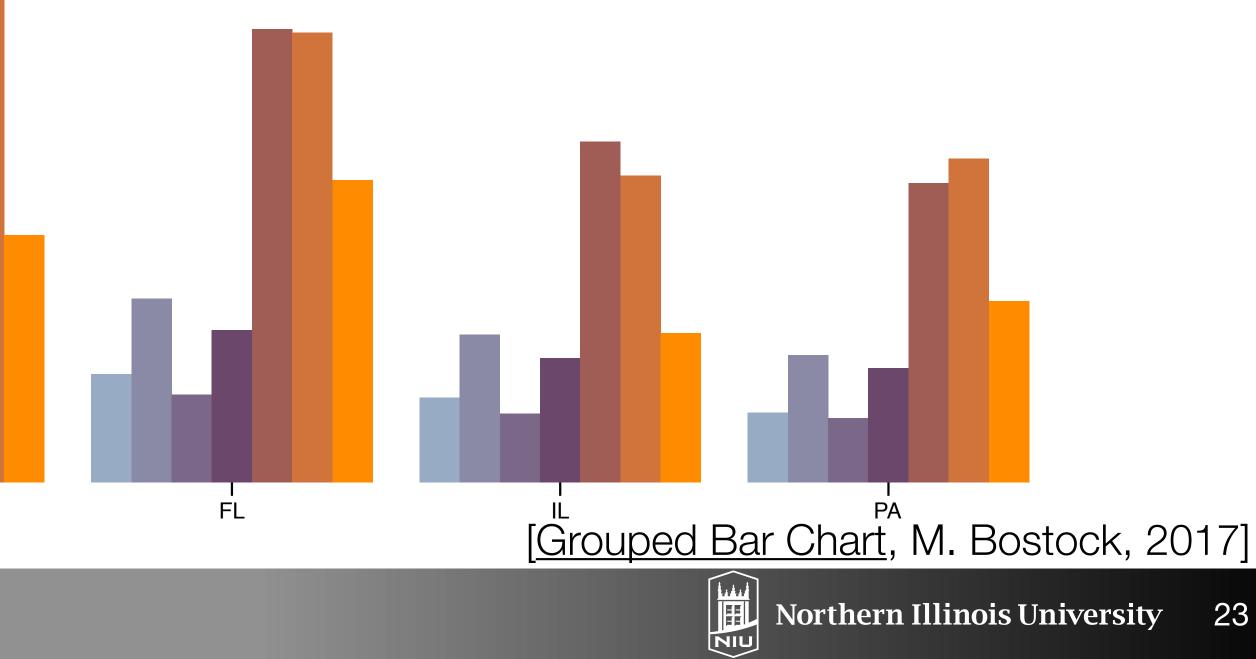




Grouped Bar Chart



65 Years and Over	
45 to 64 Years	
25 to 44 Years	
18 to 24 Years	
14 to 17 Years	
5 to 13 Years	
Under 5 Years	







Stacked Bar Charts

- Data: multidimensional table: one quantitative, two categorical Task: lookup values, part-to-whole relationship, trends How: line marks: position (both horizontal & vertical), subcomponent line
- marks: length, color
- Scalability: main axis (hundreds like bar chart), bar classes (<12)
- Orientation: vertical or horizontal (swap how horizontal and vertical position) are used.

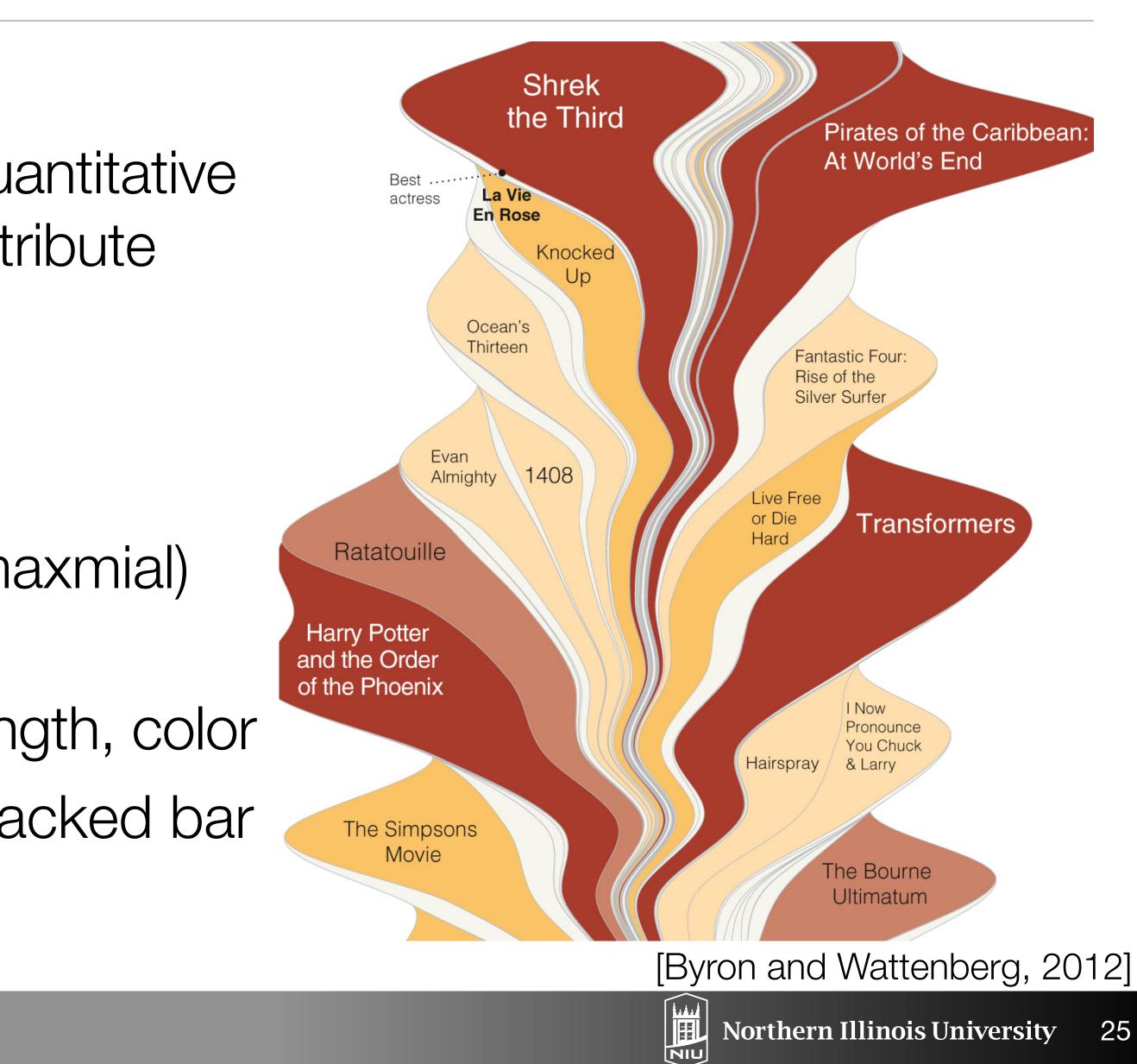




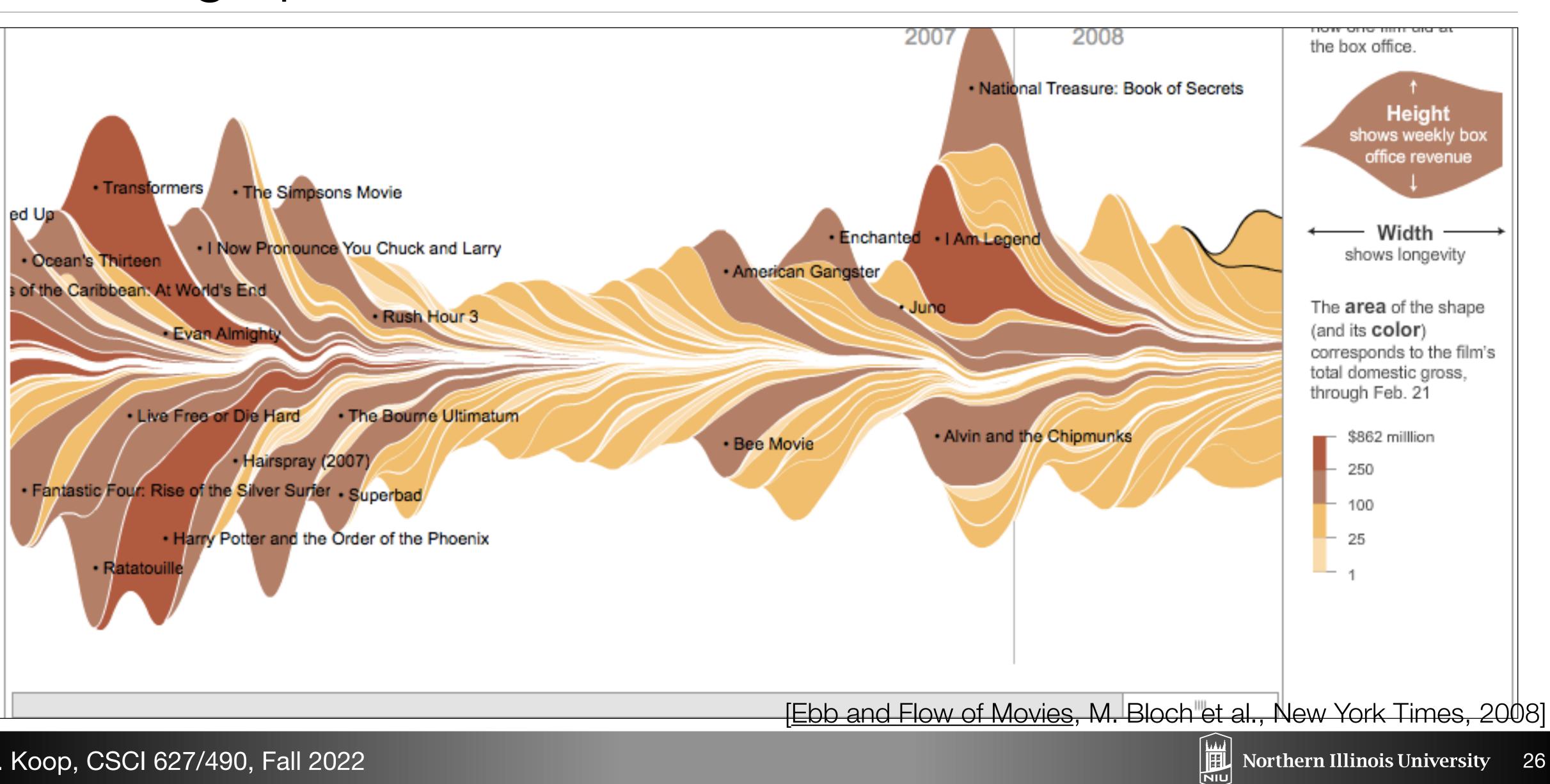


Streamgraphs

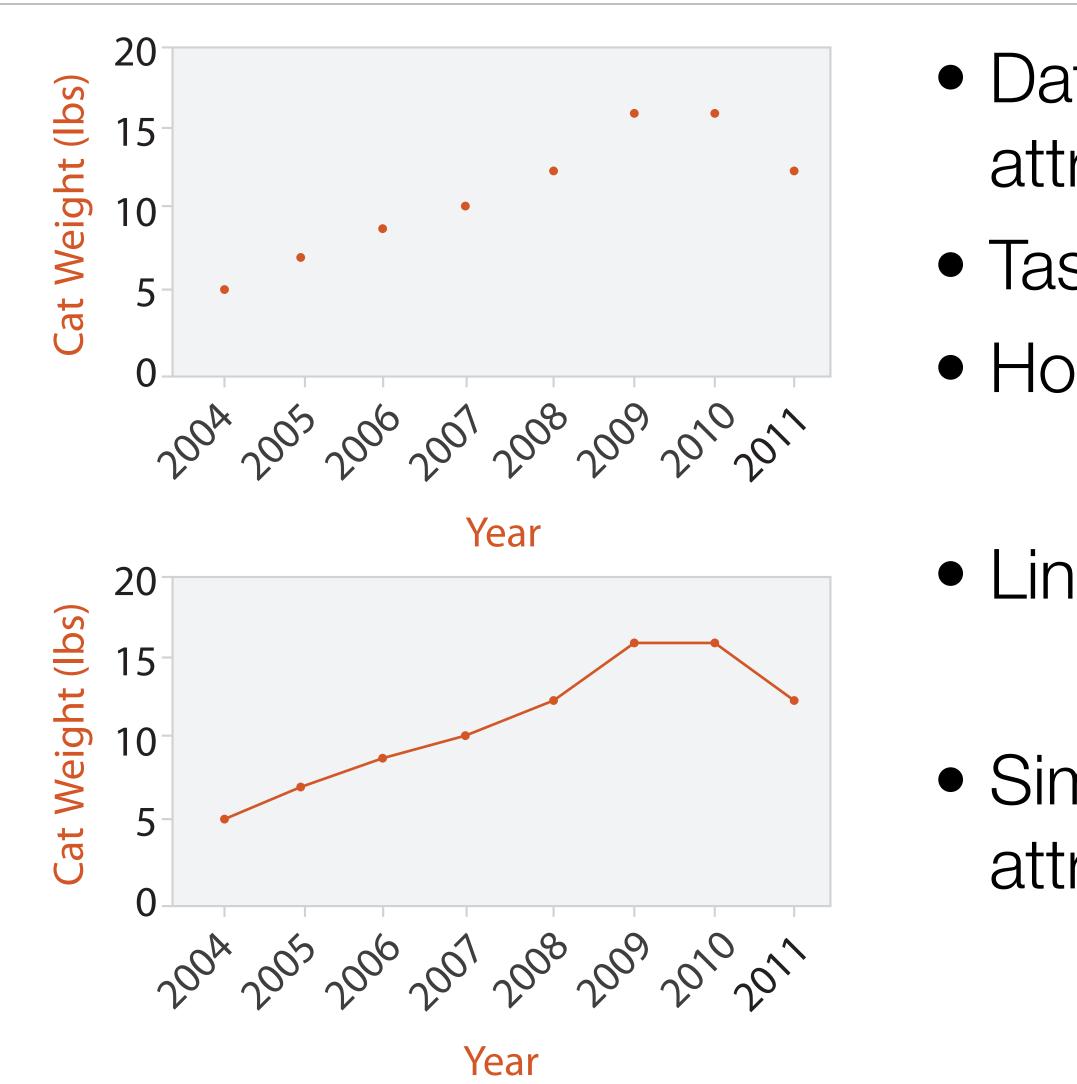
- Include a time attribute
- Data: multidimensional table, one quantitative attribute (count), one ordered key attribute (time), one categorical key attribute
- + derived attribute: layer ordering (quantitative)
- Task: analyze trends in time, find (maxmial) outliers
- How: derived position+geometry, length, color
- Scalability: more categories than stacked bar charts



Streamgraphs



Dot and Line Charts



- Data: one quantitative attribute, one ordered attribute
- Task: lookup values, find outliers and trends
- How: point mark and positions
- Line Charts: add connection mark (line)
- Similar to scatterplots but allow ordered attribute





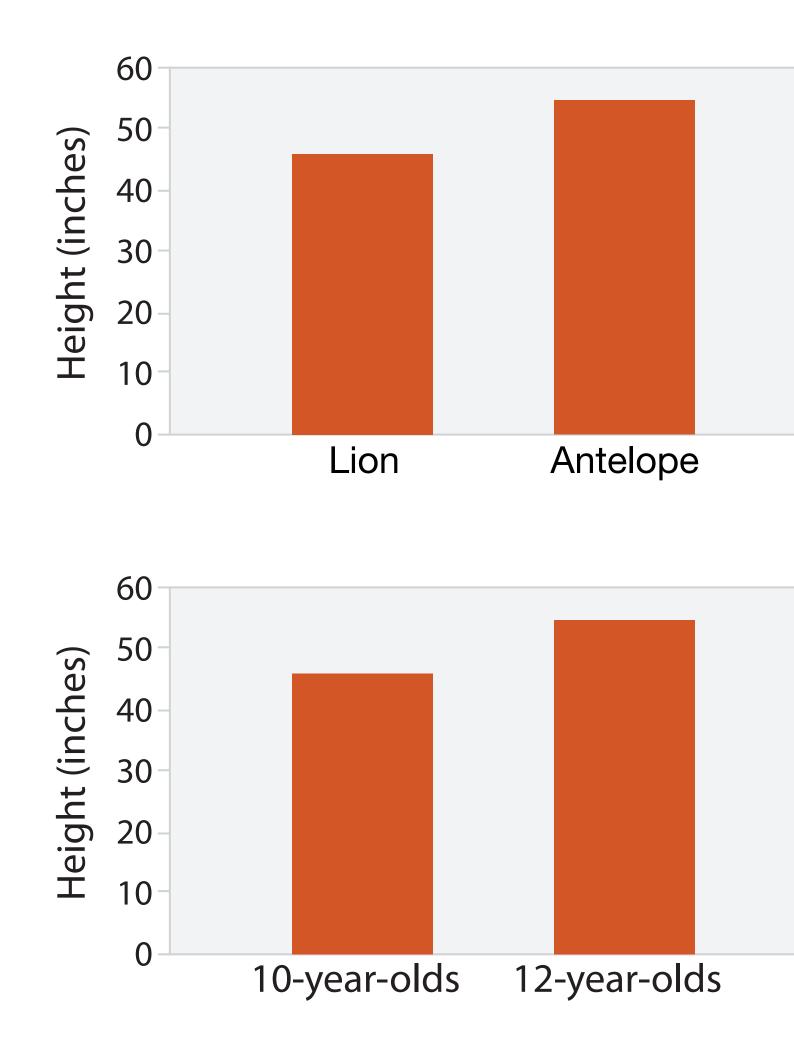




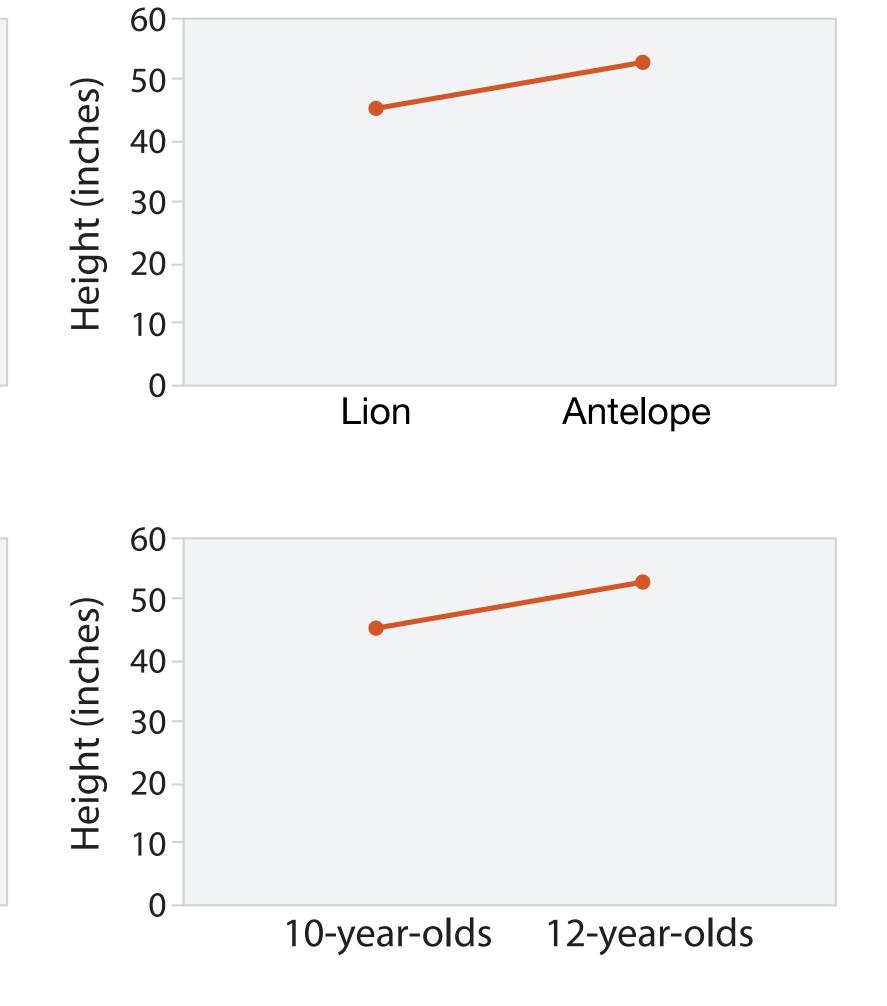




Proper Use of Line and Bar Charts



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[Adapted from Zacks and Tversky, 1999, Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

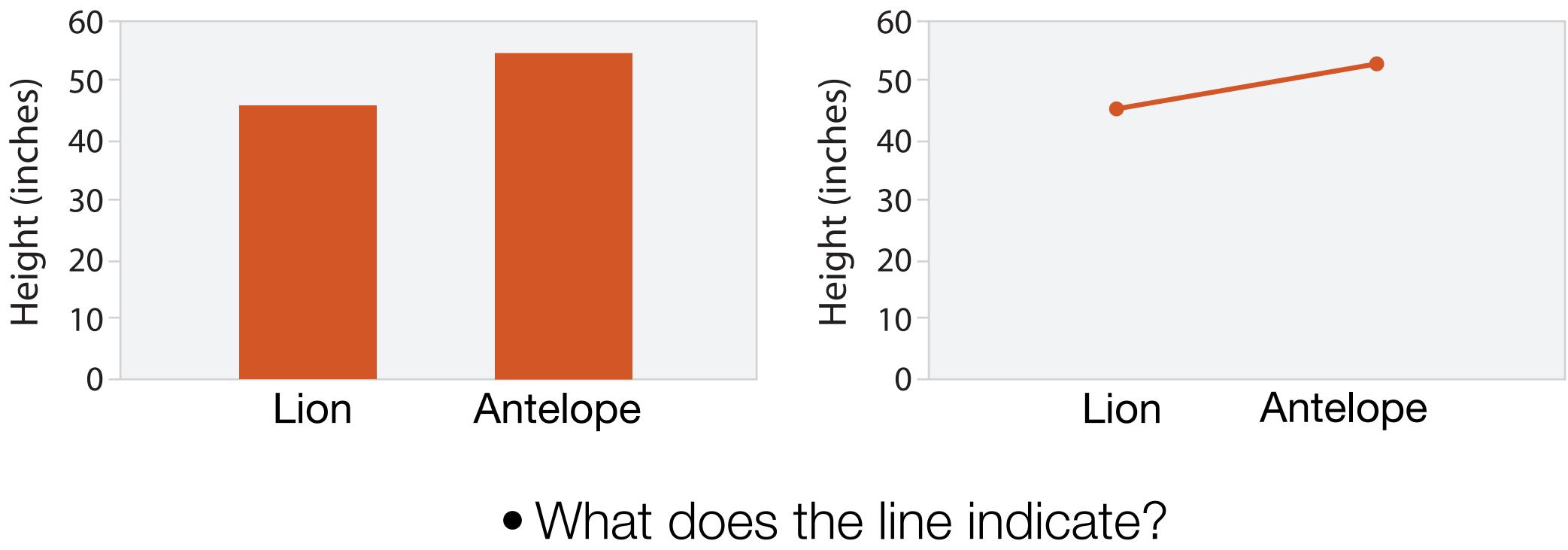








Proper Use of Line and Bar Charts



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• Does this make sense?

[Adapted from Zacks and Tversky, 1999, Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]



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