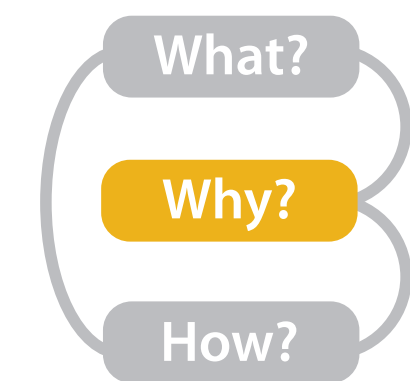
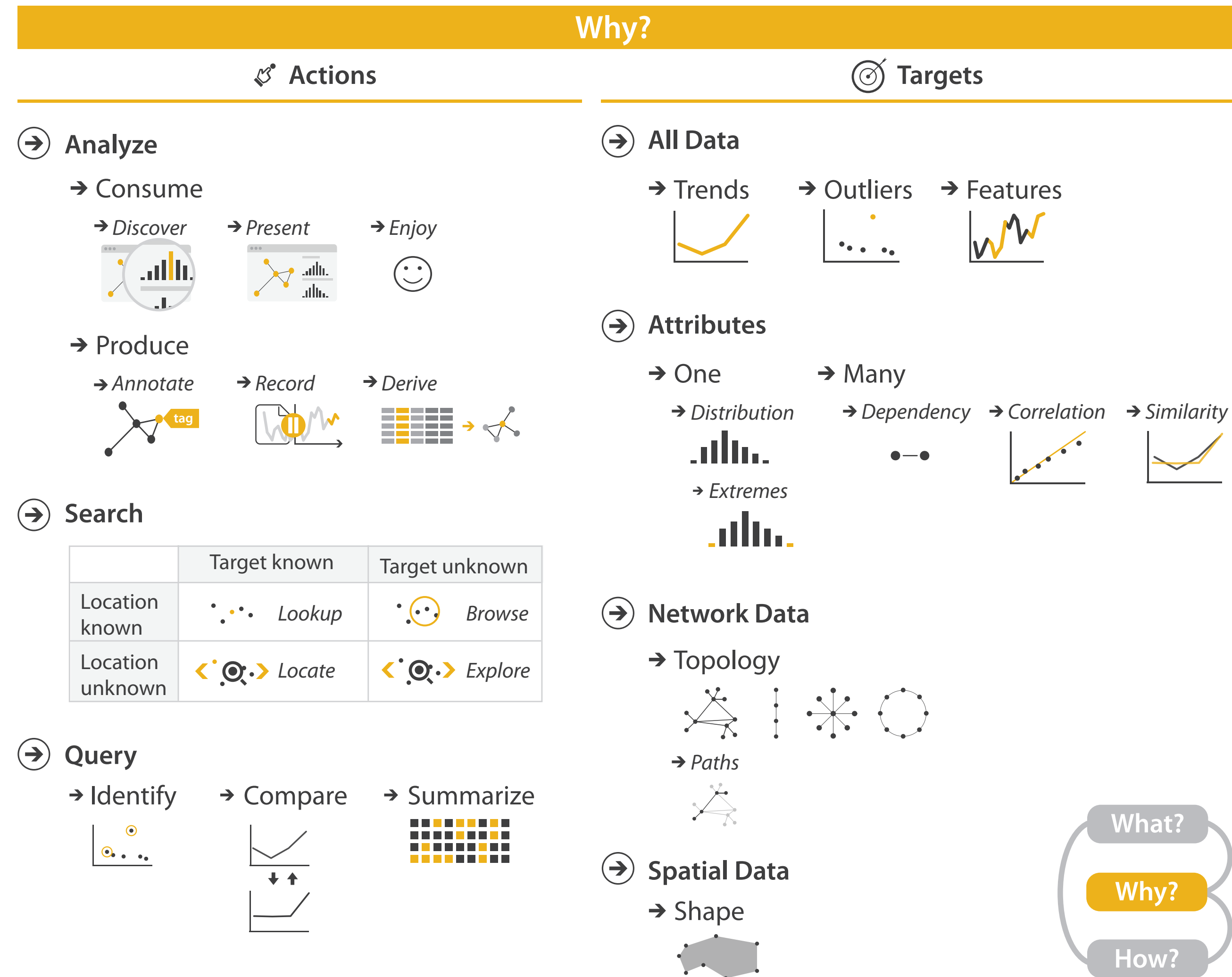
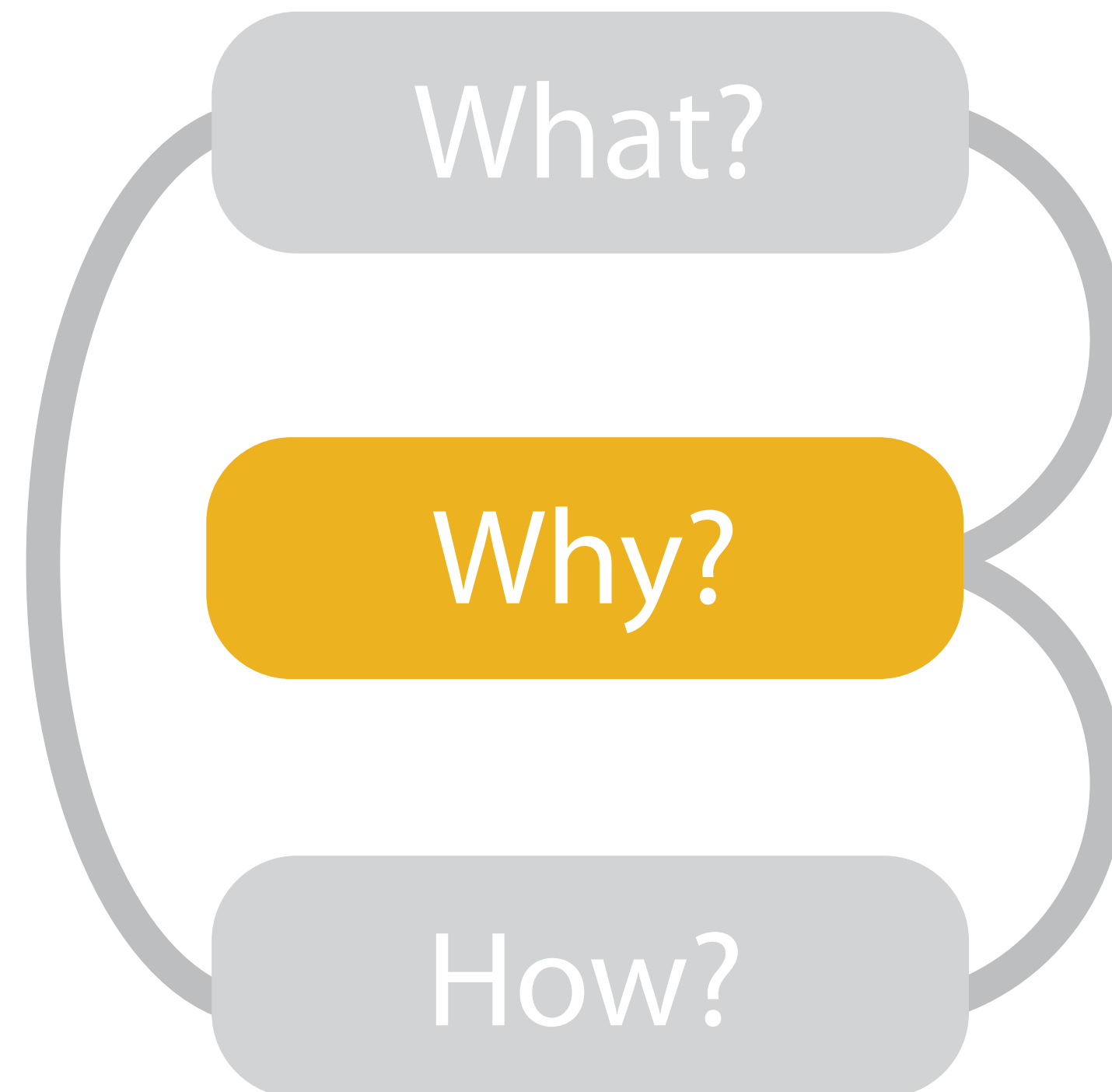


Data Visualization (CSCI 627/490)

D3

Dr. David Koop

Tasks



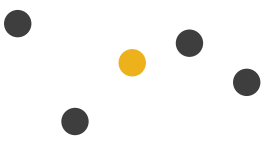
[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

Visualization for Production

- Generate new material
- Annotate:
 - Add more to a visualization
 - Usually associated with text, but can be graphical
- Record:
 - Persist visualizations for historical record
 - Provenance (graphical histories): how did I get here?
- Derive (Transform):
 - Create new data
 - Create derived attributes (e.g. mathematical operations, aggregation)

Actions: Search

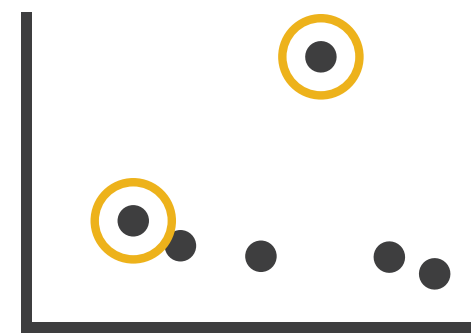
- What does a user know?
 - Lookup: check bearings
 - Locate: find on a map
 - Browse: what's nearby
 - Explore: where to go
 - Patterns

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	 <i>Lookup</i>	 <i>Browse</i>
Location unknown	 <i>Locate</i>	 <i>Explore</i>

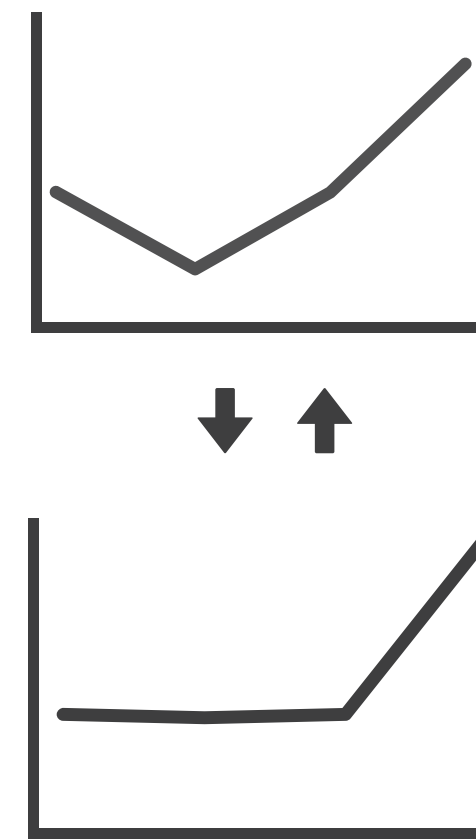
[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

Query

→ Identify



→ Compare



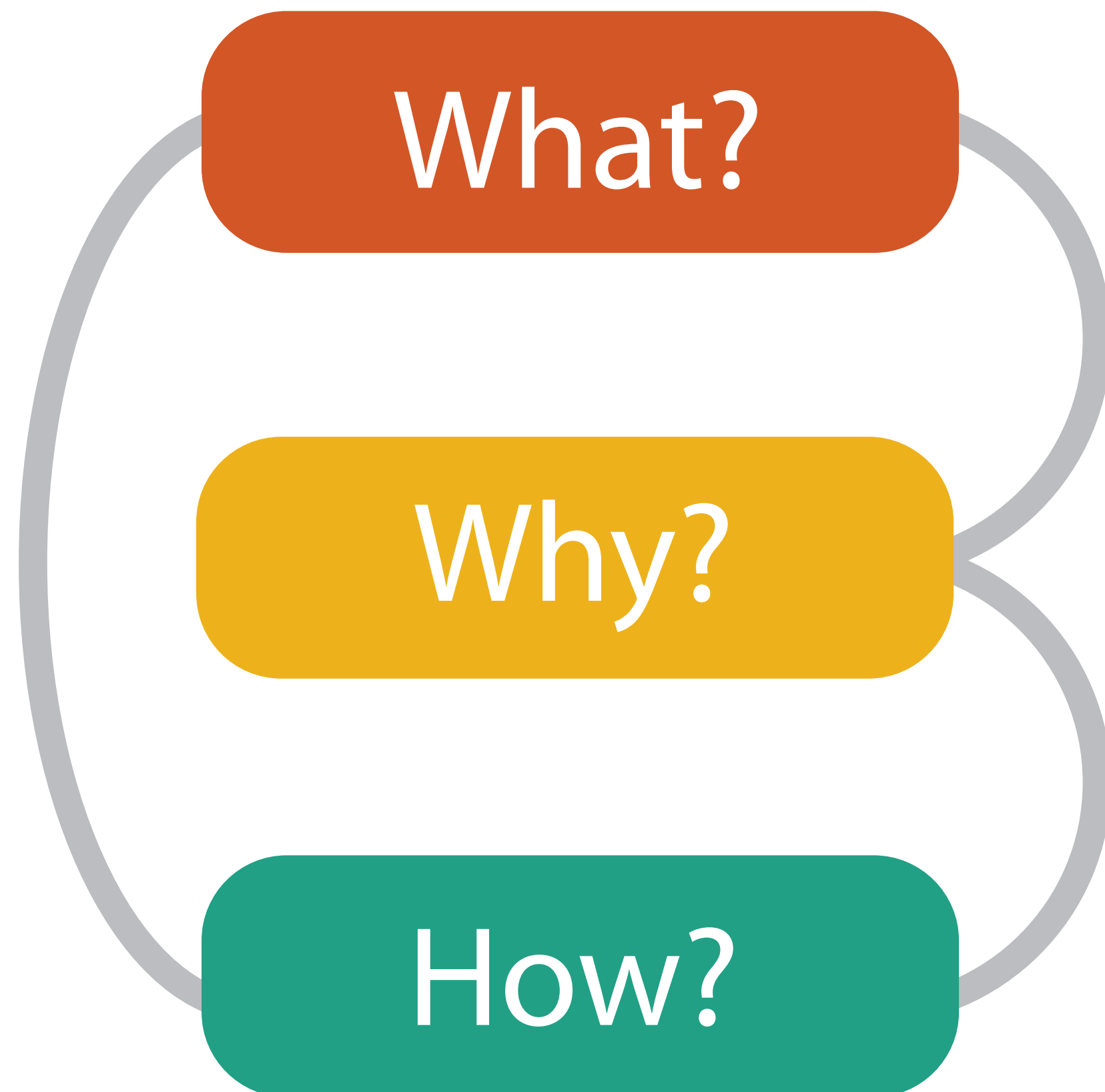
→ Summarize



- Number of targets: One, Some (Often 2), or All
- Identify: characteristics or references
- Compare: similarities and differences
- Summarize: overview of everything

[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

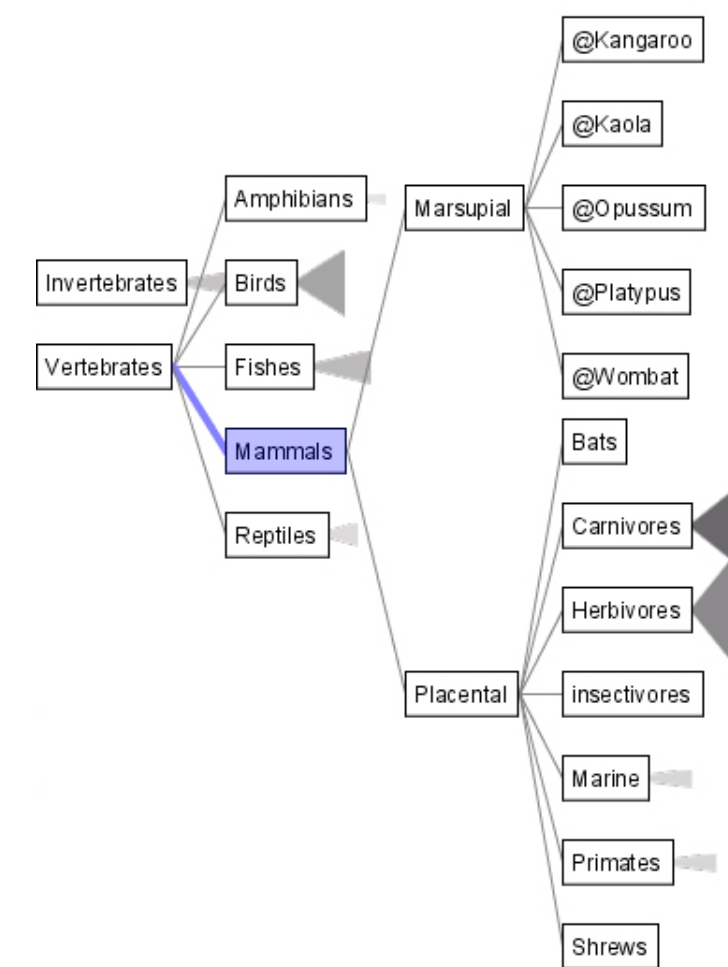
Roadmap



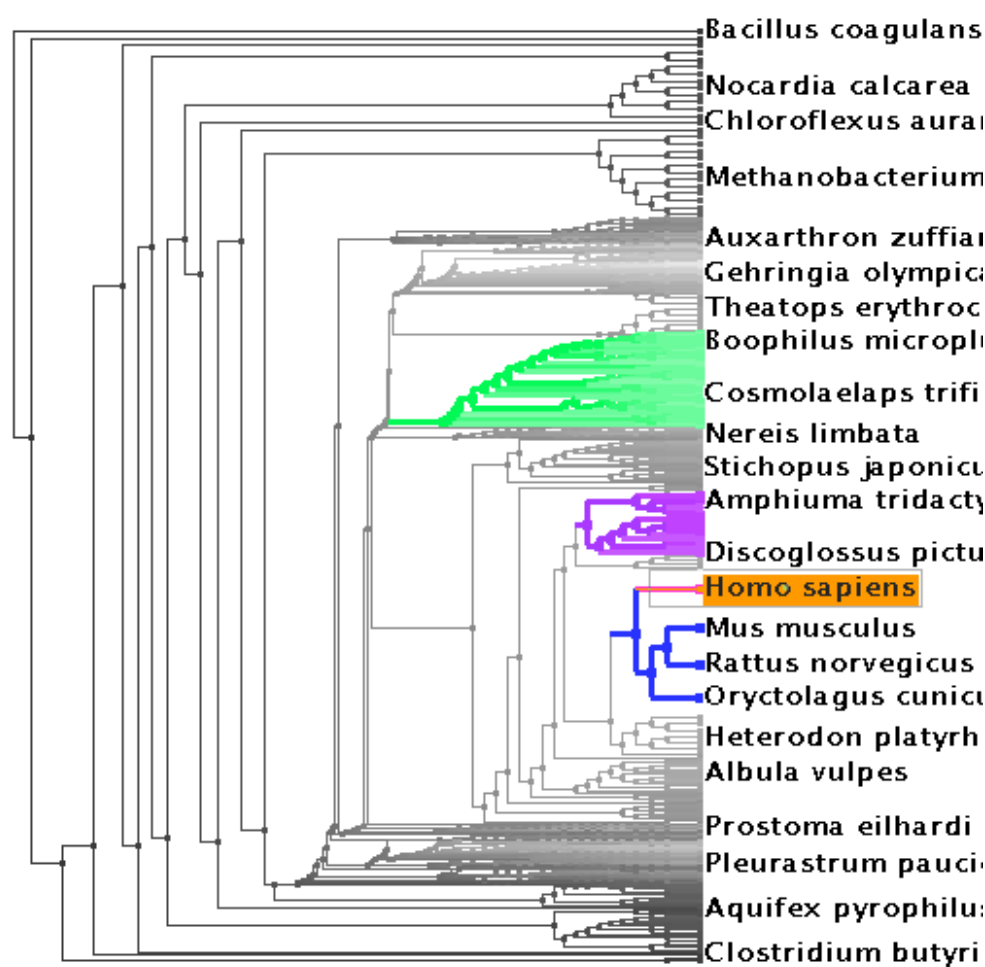
- What? → Data
 - Types
 - Semantics
- Why? → Tasks
 - Actions
 - Targets
- How → Vis Idioms/Techniques
 - Data Representation
 - Visual Encoding
 - Interaction Encoding

“Idiom” Comparison

SpaceTree



TreeJuxtaposer



[SpaceTree: Supporting Exploration in Large Node Link Tree, Design Evolution and Empirical Evaluation. Grosjean, Plaisant, and Bederson. Proc. InfoVis 2002, p 57–64.]

[TreeJuxtaposer: Scalable Tree Comparison Using Focus+Context With Guaranteed Visibility. ACM Trans. on Graphics (Proc. SIGGRAPH) 22:453– 462, 2003.]

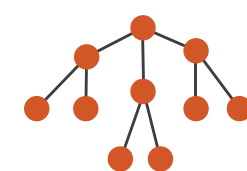
What?

Why?

How?

What?

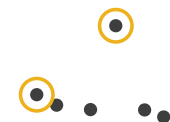
→ Tree



Why?

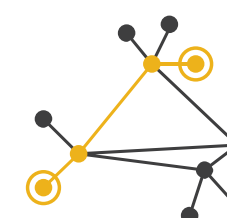
→ Actions

→ Present → Locate → Identify



→ Targets

→ Path between two nodes



How?

→ SpaceTree

→ Encode → Navigate → Select → Filter → Aggregate



→ TreeJuxtaposer

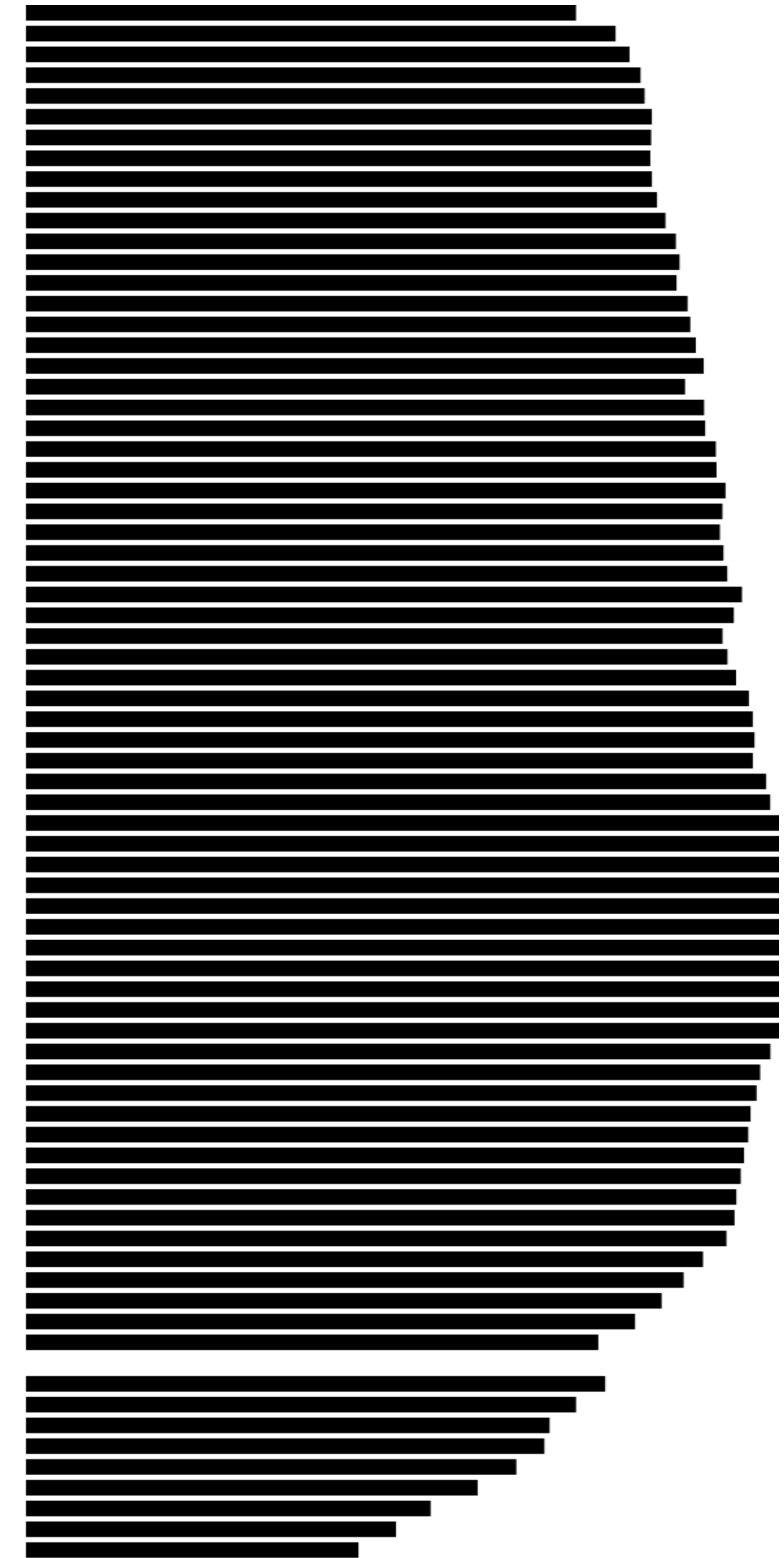
→ Encode → Navigate → Select → Arrange



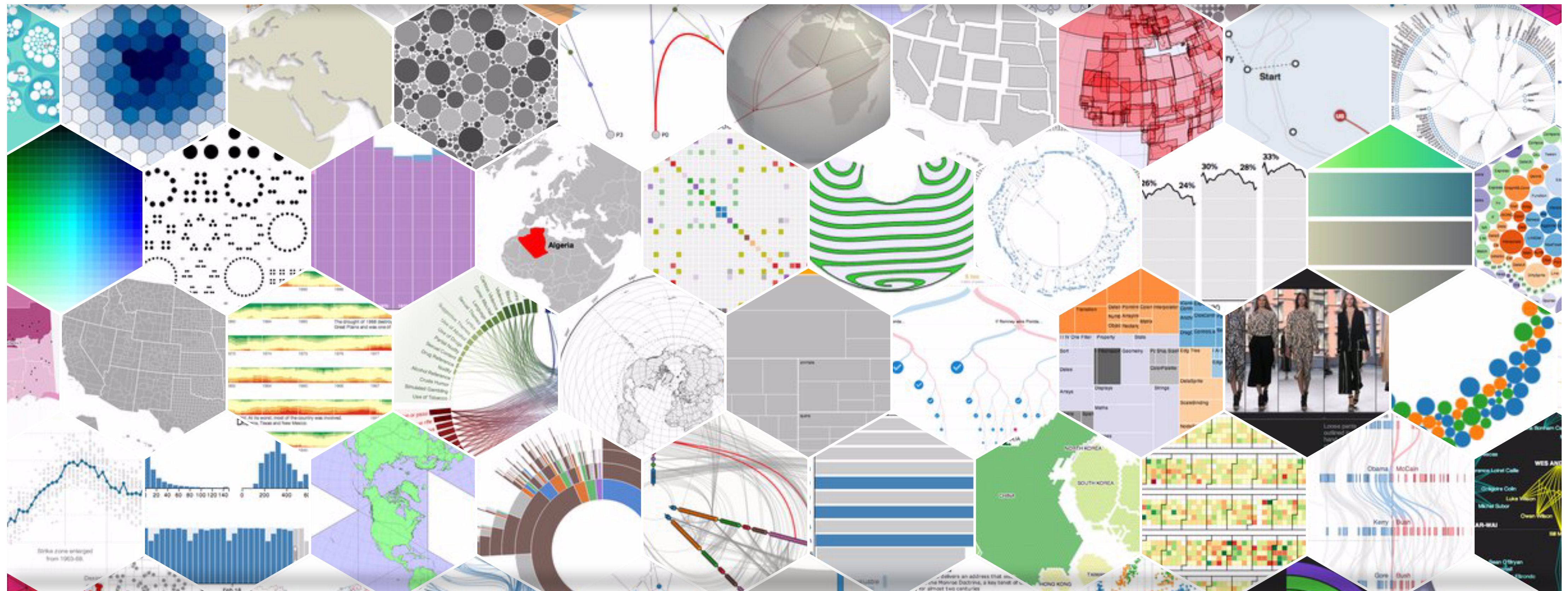
[Munzner (ill. Maguire), 2014]

Assignment 2

- Due Monday
- Process Data
- Create Bar Charts using SVGs and JavaScript
- Interaction: Select by Decade
- Wording Updates
- Skipping 2010?



d3.js



Data-Driven Documents (D3)

- Open-Source JavaScript Library
- <http://d3js.org/>
- Original Authors: Mike Bostock, Vadim Ogievestky, and Jeff Heer
- Focus on Web standards, customization, and usability
- Grew from work on Protovis: more standard, more interactive
- By nature, a **low-level** library; you have control over all elements and styles
- A top project on GitHub (over 93,000 stars as of Sept. 2020)
- Lots of impressive examples
 - Bostock was a New York Times Graphics Editor
 - <https://bost.ocks.org/mike/> and <https://observablehq.com/@mbostock>

D3 Key Features

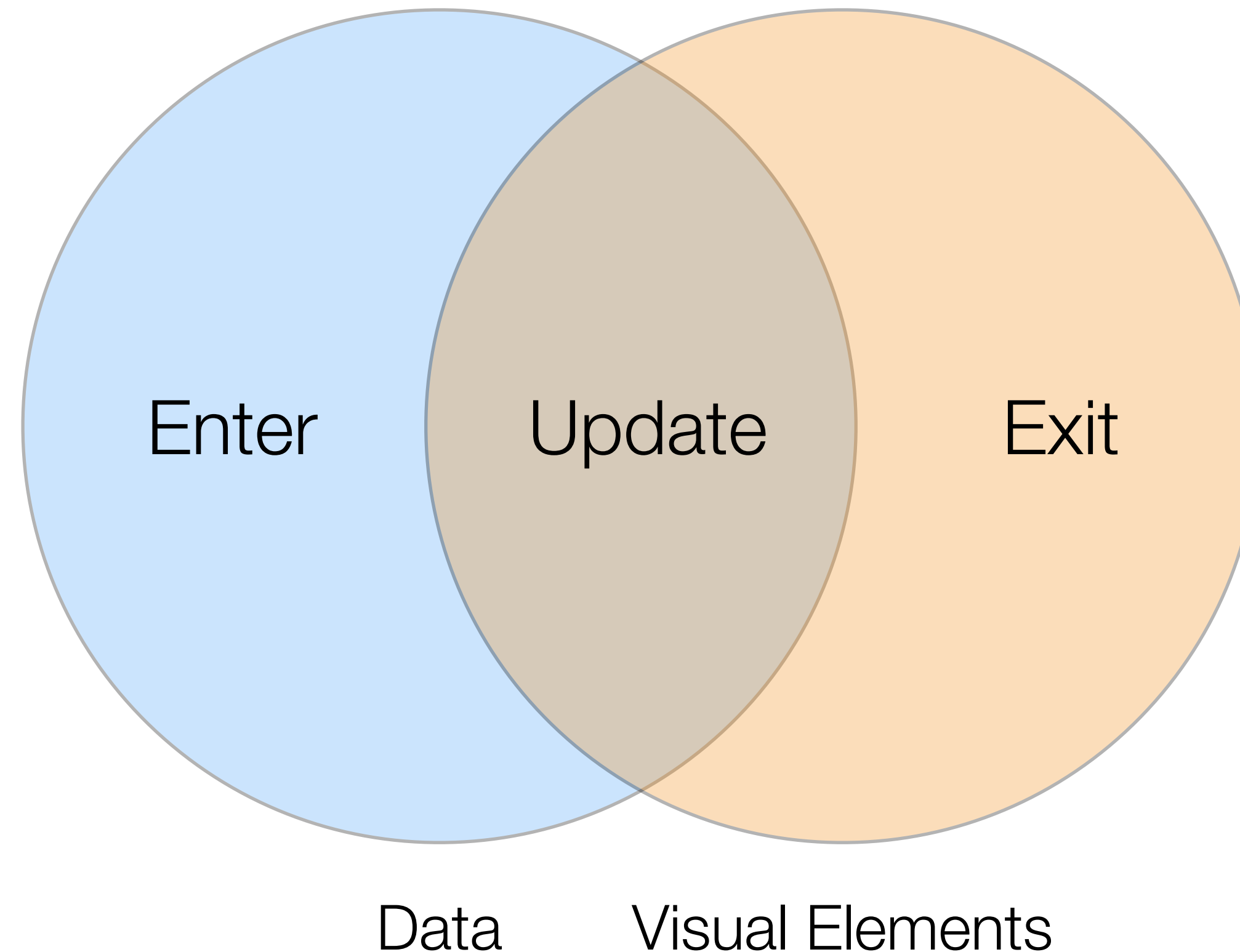
- Supports data as a core piece of Web elements
 - Loading data
 - Dealing with changing data (joins, enter/update/exit)
 - **Correspondence** between data and DOM elements
- Selections (similar to CSS) that allow greater manipulation
- Method Chaining
- Integrated layout algorithms, axes calculations, etc.
- Focus on interaction support
 - Straightforward support for transitions
 - Event handling support for user-initiated changes

D3 Introduction

- Ogievetsky has put together a nice set of interactive examples that show off the major features of D3
- <https://observablehq.com/@dakoop/d3-intro>
- Standalone version: <http://dakoop.github.io/IntroD3/>
 - (Updated from original)
- Other references:
 - <https://observablehq.com/@d3/learn-d3>
 - <https://observablehq.com/@d3/gallery>
 - Murrar's book on Interactive Data Visualization for the Web
 - The D3 website: d3js.org

D3 Data Joins

- Two groups: data and visual elements
- Three parts of the join between them: enter, update, and exit
- enter: `s.enter()`, update: `s`, exit: `s.exit()`



Merge vs. Join

- Merge creates a new selection that includes the items from **both** selections
 - If you want to update all elements (including those just added via enter), use merge!
 - Useful when enter+update have similar transitions
- Join allows you to modify different parts of the selection in a single statement
 - Also will create the final selection
 - Does enter+append and exit+remove automatically
 - Pass functions to modify the enter, update, and exit parts of the selection
 - Examples: <https://observablehq.com/@d3/selection-join>

Transitions

- Nested transitions (those that "hang off" of a parent transition) follow immediately after the parent transition