Programming Principles in Python (CSCI 503/490)

Data

Dr. David Koop
Arrays

- Usually a fixed size—lists are meant to change size
- Are mutable—tuples are not
- Store only one type of data—lists and tuples can store anything
- Are faster to access and manipulate than lists or tuples
- Can be multidimensional:
  - Can have list of lists or tuple of tuples but no guarantee on shape
  - Multidimensional arrays are rectangles, cubes, etc.
NumPy Arrays

• import numpy as np

• Creating:
  - data1 = [6, 7, 8, 0, 1]
  - arr1 = np.array(data1)
  - arr1_float = np.array(data1, dtype='float64')
  - np.ones((4,2)) # 2d array of ones
  - arr1_ones = np.ones_like(arr1) # [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

• Type and Shape Information:
  - arr1.dtype # int64 # type of values stored in array
  - arr1.ndim # 1 # number of dimensions
  - arr1.shape # (5,) # shape of the array
Array Operations

- ```
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
b = np.array([6, 4, 3])
```

- (Array, Array) Operations (**Element-wise**)
  - Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication
  - ```a + b # array([7, 6, 6])```

- (Scalar, Array) Operations (**Broadcasting**):
  - Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Exponentiation
  - ```a ** 2 # array([1, 4, 9])```
  - ```b + 3 # array([9, 7, 6])```
Indexing

• Same as with lists plus shorthand for 2D+
  - arr1 = np.array([6, 7, 8, 0, 1])
  - arr1[1]
  - arr1[-1]

• What about two dimensions?
  - arr2 = np.array([[1.5, 2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7, 8]])
  - arr[1][1]
  - arr[1,1] # shorthand
Assignment 7

- Coming Soon…
- Downloading and finding files
- Processing data
Teaching Evaluations

- Wednesday, April 19
Slicing

• 1D: Similar to lists
  - arr1 = np.array([6, 7, 8, 0, 1])
  - arr1[2:5] # np.array([8, 0, 1]), sort of

• Can **mutate** original array:
  - arr1[2:5] = 3 # supports assignment
  - arr1 # the original array changed

• Slicing returns **views** (copy the array if original array shouldn't change)
  - arr1[2:5] # a view
  - arr1[2:5].copy() # a new array
Slicing

• 2D+: comma separated indices as shorthand:
  - arr2 = np.array([[1.5, 2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7, 8]])
  - a[1:3, 1:3]
  - a[1:3, :] # works like in single-dimensional lists
• Can combine index and slice in different dimensions
  - a[1, :] # gives a row
  - a[ :, 1] # gives a column
2D Array Slicing

How to obtain the blue slice from array arr?

Suppose each name corresponds to a row in the data array and we wanted to select all the rows with corresponding name 'Bob'. Like arithmetic operations, comparisons (such as ==) with arrays are also vectorized. Thus, comparing names with the string 'Bob' yields a boolean array:

```
In [87]: names == 'Bob'
Out[87]: array([ True, False, False, True, False, False, False], dtype=bool)
```

This boolean array can be passed when indexing the array:

```
In [88]: data[names == 'Bob']
Out[88]:
array([[ 0.1913,  0.4544,  0.4519,  0.5535],
       [ 0.5994,  0.8174, -0.9297, -1.2564]])
```

The boolean array must be of the same length as the axis it's indexing. You can even mix and match boolean arrays with slices or integers (or sequences of integers, more on this later):

```
In [89]: data[names == 'Bob', 2:]
Out[89]:
array([[-0.2349,  1.2792],
       [ 2.1452,  0.8799, -0.0523,  0.0672]])
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How to obtain the blue slice from array `arr`?

```python
arr[:2,1:]
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Figure 4-2. Two-dimensional array slicing

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2D Array Slicing

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**2D Array Slicing**

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[W. McKinney, *Python for Data Analysis*]
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[W. McKinney, Python for Data Analysis]
More Reshaping

- **reshape:**
  - arr2.reshape(4,2) # returns new view

- **resize:**
  - arr2.resize(4,2) # no return, modifies arr2 in place

- **flatten:**
  - arr2.flatten() # array([1.5, 2., 3., 4., 5., 6., 7., 8.])

- **ravel:**
  - arr2.ravel() # array([1.5, 2., 3., 4., 5., 6., 7., 8.])

- flatten and ravel look the same, but ravel is a **view**
Array Transformations

• Transpose
  - arr2.T # flip rows and columns

• Stacking: take iterable of arrays and stack them horizontally/vertically
  - arrh1 = np.arange(3)
  - arrh2 = np.arange(3, 6)
  - np.vstack([arrh1, arrh2])
  - np.hstack([arr1.T, arr2.T]) # ???
Boolean Indexing

• names == 'Bob' gives back booleans that represent the element-wise comparison with the array names

• Boolean arrays can be used to index into another array:
  - data[names == 'Bob']

• Can even mix and match with integer slicing
• Can do boolean operations (&, |) between arrays (just like addition, subtraction)
  - data[(names == 'Bob') | (names == 'Will')]

• Note: or and and do not work with arrays
• We can set values too! data[data < 0] = 0
pandas

- Contains high-level data structures and manipulation tools designed to make data analysis fast and easy in Python
- Built on top of NumPy
- Built with the following requirements:
  - Data structures with labeled axes (aligning data)
  - Support time series data
  - Do arithmetic operations that include metadata (labels)
  - Handle missing data
  - Add merge and relational operations
Pandas Code Conventions

- Universal:
  - import pandas as pd

- Also used:
  - from pandas import Series, DataFrame
Series

• A one-dimensional array (with a type) with an **index**
• Index defaults to numbers but can also be text (like a dictionary)
• Allows easier reference to specific items
• `obj = pd.Series([7,14,-2,1])`
• Basically two arrays: `obj.values` and `obj.index`
• Can specify the index explicitly and use strings
• `obj2 = pd.Series([4, 7, -5, 3],
   index=['d', 'b', 'a', 'c'])`
• Kind of like fixed-length, ordered dictionary + can create from a dictionary
• `obj3 = pd.Series({'Ohio': 35000, 'Texas': 71000, 'Oregon': 16000, 'Utah': 5000})`
Series

- **Indexing:** `s[1]` or `s['Oregon']`
- **Can check for missing data:** `pd.isnull(s)` or `pd.notnull(s)`
- **Both index and values can have an associated name:**
  - `s.name = 'population'; s.index.name = 'state'`
- **Addition and NumPy ops work as expected and preserve the index-value link**
- **Arithmetic operations align:**

```python
In [28]: obj3
Out[28]:
Ohio   35000
Oregon 16000
Texas  71000
Utah   5000
dtype: int64

In [29]: obj4
Out[29]:
California   NaN
Ohio         35000
Oregon       16000
Texas        71000
dtype: float64

In [30]: obj3 + obj4
Out[30]:
California   NaN
Ohio         70000
Oregon       32000
Texas        142000
Utah         NaN
dtype: float64
```

[W. McKinney, Python for Data Analysis]
Data Frame

- A dictionary of Series (labels for each series)
- A spreadsheet with row keys (the index) and column headers
- Has an index shared with each series
- Allows easy reference to any cell
- `df = DataFrame({'state': ['Ohio', 'Ohio', 'Ohio', 'Nevada'],
                  'pop': [1.5, 1.7, 3.6, 2.4]})`

- Index is automatically assigned just as with a series but can be passed in as well via index kwarg
- Can reassign column names by passing columns kwarg
### DataFrame Constructor Inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2D ndarray</td>
<td>A matrix of data, passing optional row and column labels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dict of arrays, lists, or tuples</td>
<td>Each sequence becomes a column in the DataFrame. All sequences must be the same length.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NumPy structured/record array</td>
<td>Treated as the “dict of arrays” case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dict of Series</td>
<td>Each value becomes a column. Indexes from each Series are unioned together to form the result’s row index if no explicit index is passed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dict of dicts</td>
<td>Each inner dict becomes a column. Keys are unioned to form the row index as in the “dict of Series” case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list of dicts or Series</td>
<td>Each item becomes a row in the DataFrame. Union of dict keys or Series indexes become the DataFrame’s column labels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>List of lists or tuples</td>
<td>Treated as the “2D ndarray” case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Another DataFrame</td>
<td>The DataFrame’s indexes are used unless different ones are passed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NumPy MaskedArray</td>
<td>Like the “2D ndarray” case except masked values become NA/missing in the DataFrame result</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DataFrame Access and Manipulation

• `df.values` → 2D NumPy array

• Accessing a column:
  - `df['<column>']`
  - `df.<column>`

  - Both return Series

  - Dot syntax only works when the column is a valid identifier

• Assigning to a column:
  - `df['<column>'] = <scalar>` # all cells set to same value
  - `df['<column>'] = <array>` # values set in order
  - `df['<column>'] = <series>` # values set according to match
    # between df and series indexes
```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('penguins_lter.csv')
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>studyName</th>
<th>Sample Number</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Island</th>
<th>Stage</th>
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<th>Clutch Completion</th>
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<th>Culmen Length (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAL0708</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Adelie Penguin (Pygoscelis adeliae)</td>
<td>Anvers</td>
<td>Torgersen</td>
<td>Adult, 1 Egg Stage</td>
<td>N1A1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>11/11/07</td>
<td>39.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>PAL0708</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>40.3</td>
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<tr>
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344 rows x 17 columns
## Data Frame

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344 rows x 17 columns
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344 rows x 17 columns

Column: `df['Island']`
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344 rows x 17 columns

Column: df['Island']

Row: df.loc[2]

Column Names

Index
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import pandas as pd
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#### Cell: `df.loc[341,'Species']`

Gentoo penguin (Pygoscelis papua)

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# Data Frame

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- **Row:** `df.loc[2]`
- **Index:** `...`
- **Cell:** `df.loc[341,'Species']`
- **Column:** `df['Island']`

344 rows x 17 columns

D. Koop, CSCI 503/490, Spring 2023

Northern Illinois University